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Oakland Tribune.

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VOL. XXXXVI 12 PAGES—PART I OAKLAND, CALIFORNIA, SATURDAY EVENING, SEPTEMBER 10, 1898. PAGES 1 TO 8 NO. 211

AUSTRIA'S EMPRESS STABBED TO DEATH BY AN ANARCHIST.

The Royal Victim Is Struck Down With a Stiletto and Expires in a Few Minutes

The Murderer Born in Paris of Italian Parents and the Tragedy Occurs at Geneva in Switzerland.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 10.—The following message has just been received at the State Department:

"GENEVA, Sept, 10, 10:50 A. M.—Empress of Austria just been assassinated here by Italian anarchist.

"RIGLEY, Consul."

GENEVA, Switzerland, Sept. 10.—The Empress of Austria was assassinated at the Hotel Beurivage this afternoon by an anarchist, who was arrested. He stabbed her majesty with a stiletto.

It appears that she was walking from her hotel to the landing place of the steamer at about 1 o'clock, when an Italian anarchist suddenly approached and stabbed her to the heart.

The Empress fell, got up again and was carried to the steamer unconscious.

The boat started, but seeing that she had not recovered consciousness, the captain returned and the Empress was carried to the Hotel Beurivage, where she expired.

The murderer is a man named Luccheni. He was born in Paris of Italian parents.

The Empress had been stopping at the Hotel Beurivage for several days. It was at first thought the wound was not serious, but she died in a few minutes.

EMBASSADOR OVERCOME.

NEWARK, Conn., Sept. 10.—The news of the assassination of the Empress of Austria has just reached Embassador Hengelmuller, who, with his suite, has been spending the summer here.

The Embassador was seen at his cottage at Pequot, and when told of the tragedy was completely overcome. He declined to be interviewed at present.

FEARS FOR THE EMPEROR.

LONDON, Sept. 10.—Grave fears are expressed here regarding the effect which the assassination of the Empress of Austria may have upon the Emperor, whose health has never recovered from the blow of Crown Prince Rudolph's tragic death, and it is known that his majesty has been very feeble of late.

ANOTHER ACCOUNT.

BERNE, Switzerland, Sept. 10.—Another account of the assassination of the Empress of Austria says

"After having been stabbed from behind, the Empress rose and walked on board the steamer, where she fell fainting. The captain did not wish to put off from the quay, but did so at the request of the Empress and her suite, there being no apprehension that she was seriously hurt. The steamer was turned back before it reached the open lake and the Empress, unconscious, was carried to the hotel on a stretcher."

MCKINLEY CABLES SYMPATHY.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 10.—Upon receipt of Consul Ridgley's notification of the death of the Empress, President McKinley sent the following message of condolence:

"Executive Mansion, Washington, D. C., Sept. 10, 1898.—To His Majesty, the Emperor of Austria, Vienna: I have heard with profound regret of the assassination of her majesty, the Empress of Austria, while at Geneva, and tender to your Majesty the deep sympathy of the Government of the people of the United States.

"WILLIAM M'KINLEY."

(The Empress of Austria was born December 24, 1837. She was a daughter of Duke Maximillian of Bavaria, and was married to Francis Joseph, Emperor of Austria and King of Hungary, April 24, 1854. They had three children, the Archduchess Gisola, who is married to Prince Leopold of Bavaria; the Archduke Rudolph, who married Princess Stephanie of Belgium, and who was (seemingly) assassinated in 1889, and the Archduchess Maria Valeria, who married the Archduke Franz Salvator of Austria-Tuscany. The late Empress was an enthusiastic horsewoman.)

DISASTER DOGS THE DERVISHES.

The Khalifa's Favorite Wife and a Steamer Captured by the British.

The Vessel Fired on by French Troops and Many of the Crew Killed.

OBDURMAN, Sept. 7 (delayed in transmission).—An important incident occurred this morning. It appears that the Khalifa Obdulah, a few days before the arrival here of the Anglo-Egyptian forces, learned that a force of white men had occupied Fashoda, a town on the west bank of the Nile, about 400 miles south of Khartoum, and the capital of a very fertile and densely populated district. The Khalifa immediately sent two steamers to investigate the report, and one of them returned here this morning and surrendered to General Sir Herbert Kitchener.

The commander of the steamer reported that on his arrival at Fashoda he found that place occupied by a force of whites. The latter opened a heavy fire on the steamer, which narrowly escaped annihilation, the crew losing many men in killed and wounded. From the bullets found in the hull of the steamer it seems to be certain that the whites at Fashoda are a force of French troops. The British commander will send a flotilla of gunboats up the White Nile as soon as possible to investigate the situation at Fashoda.

The English-Egyptian cavalry has captured the principal wife of the Khalifa, the mother of Osman Digna and Sheik Eddin. They were found in extreme destitution on the left bank of the Nile.

LAUMEISTER FOR RAILROAD COMMISSIONER.

Associated Press Dispatches by The Tribune's Special Leased Wire.

SAN FRANCISCO, Sept. 10.—This morning the Second Railroad District Convention met and nominated Charles F. Laumeister, ex-Sheriff of this county, for the office of Railroad Commissioner on the Republican ticket, and the First Equalization District Convention of the same party put the name of F. G. Edwards on the ticket for the Board of Equalization for that district.

BLANCHE ROOSEVELT DIES IN LONDON.

Associated Press Dispatches by The Tribune's Special Leased Wire.

NEW YORK, Sept. 10.—A private cablegram received here today from London announces the death of Marches d'Alligrili, singer and author, best known by her professional name, Blanche Roosevelt. Her patronymic was Tucker and she was a native of Chicago.

Steep

your tea; don't boil it.

Directions in every package of *Schilling's Best*.

LAKE MERRITT CAN BE CLEANED IN SIX MONTHS.

Expert Opinion Shows the Needlessness of Delay.

Prominent Citizens Urge the Immediate Abating of the Nuisance.

The seeming opposition to putting the assessment for the improvements which the city is crying for in the pending tax levy has met with an outburst of indignation from the largest tax-payers of Oakland, who now desire to see the good work which has been started by the City Council carried on, and at once, to completion. The dredging of Lake Merritt is acknowledged to be a necessity, as is also the extension of the east side sewer into the estuary, where the drainage can be carried away with the tide and not remain in front of the homes of residents who live in the vicinity of the lake.

As a sanitary measure the residents all over the city are united, but it seems now that some question as to the advisability of levying the tax this year has arisen, as it is argued the work cannot be completed within the time that the money will be lying idle. The interest, or rather loss of interest, appears to be the only motive for not putting the full amount of the improvement in the levy. This is a fallacy, according to experts who know whereof they speak.

No one denies the real need of prompt action, but the argument presented is that the work cannot be completed within the fiscal year, and therefore there should only be provided at this time a portion of the money necessary. To controvert these offhand ideas, competent engineers declare the work can be completed from four to six months after it is actually started. Therefore there is no room for argument on this score.

As to the necessity of having the work done immediately, the expressions of opinion of some of those who have closely studied the situation is convincing proof.

A. SCHILLING'S IDEAS.

Among those who have given this matter attention is Mr. A. Schilling. From experience he knows of the great need for prompt action, and in his deductions as to the length of time required for the work he speaks with the advice of engineers who have given the matter attention.

"Any effort to delay this work," said Mr. Schilling today, "might almost be termed criminal, for we must remedy these unsanitary conditions for the sake of our families, as well as for the general welfare of the city. Oakland too long has been hampered by the cry that it is unhealthy. Now, for instance, when we were looking about the bay for a suitable place for our home, I considered San Rafael, Sausalito and other places. I liked Oakland, but friends of mine said, 'Don't go there, it is unhealthy.' This is a very bad advertisement for any place.

"We located here and I am satisfied that the residents of the city join with our club in desiring to eradicate these blots from the city's fair name. In order to do this we must strike while the iron is hot. A united effort has been made to purify the city, therefore it would be folly to hold back now that we have our path cleared in front of us.

"This talk of the impossibility of the work being done within the year is all wrong. It can be completed within six months easily and maybe sooner. Would any business man make a contract to have his important work done inserting a clause that it could be completed whenever the contractor was ready? No, indeed, he would insist on carrying matters to the finish as early as possible.

"This work is to be done some time and why hold back now? I say, go ahead by all means, and do it at once. Let us make a clean breast of the matter and remove from Oakland these black spots. We will save money, too, by having the work all done at once. If, for instance, the dredging contract is let, with the understanding that a certain portion of the work is to be done this year and the rest the next, the contractor will be obliged to add a sum to his figures for the idleness of his dredger, or its removal, whereas, if he kept his crew at work continuously, he could well afford to take a little less. This idea of inaction is what is hurting the progress and prosperity of Oakland.

"The members of the Lake Side Improvement Club are not working from any selfish motives. They want Oakland elevated to the station Nature intended it to be, and they want the health of their families protected. There is nothing unreasonable demanded—this every one will admit. Now, as long as it is proven that this work can all be done within this fiscal year, in fact, within half of it, let us take the bull by the horns and face the issue. Throttle this disease-breeding monster with firmness and don't let us wait any longer."

EXPERT OPINIONS.

Expert engineers have figured upon the length of time necessary to complete the work of dredging the lake. Their opinions are absolute contradictions of the statements that it will require more than a year to make the improvement. The San Francisco Bridge and Tool Company, which has done as much of this character of work as any individual corporation, expresses its views officially through one of its head officers, as follows:

"We have and are dredging 5,000 cubic yards of deposit every twenty-four hours. This is nothing extraordinary. It is a daily fact. In my opinion, based on experience, the dredging of Lake Merritt can be completed inside of four months. Oakland can do all of the work this year and very much more cheaply than if the contract was divided up into two years' time. By all means, from a disinterested standpoint, I say finish the work now. This is the sentiment of our company."

John D. Isaacs, one of the heads of the Engineering Corps of the Southern Pacific Company, replied to an inquiry as to the length of time necessary to be consumed in the dredging of the lake, as follows:

"Off hand I will say the work could be done within four months, but as an engineer, I will place the limit at six months. It can easily be done in half a year. This is certain."

CAPTAIN GOODALL'S VIEWS.

Captain Goodall, who has just returned from Alaska, was very emphatic in wanting the work completed at once.

"Oakland ought to buy for cash," he said. "Too long have we suffered this condition of affairs to exist. Now it must be abated. Our Council realizes this and has put itself on record for the needed work. Why, then should anyone delay it? By all means let us be treated with justice. Finish it up now and take the black eye from Oakland. Of course the work can be done within the year. We have to pay for it sometime and as I said before, Oakland ought to pay cash."

WORK FOR THE POOR.

Ira Bishop, who has done so much for the success of the needed improvement, strongly supports the others in their statements. Said he:

"This work can and will be done within six months, if the money is ready. Now I will not go over the ground from an engineering standpoint for it is sufficient to say that some of the best engineers and men who are connected with the dredging business say that six months is an outside limit.

"There is another feature in connection with the extension of the sewer, which is of great importance. Our laboring men will be given an opportunity of working. The pipe will be made in Oakland from Oakland clay. In fact all the money will be expended here. It will come from the rich, who pay the greatest proportion of taxes and go to the poor. On all sides it will be a benefit to the city and her citizens.

"Don't let us at this time hinder the good work that has been started by crying 'manana' when now is the time to act. It is needless to bring any more arguments to bear now that the engineers show that the work can be done within this coming year. Let us pull together and do for the city and its residents that which we would do for ourselves were the need so crying as this one is. It is time to stop and think. Our club has considered this matter, and the decision reached is for the good of every one. This end we are all working for and will continue to do so until Oakland is healthful, and I might say beautiful. It is not right at this time to put stumbling blocks in front of the proposed improvement. I say with the others, let us go ahead and make our actions speak as loud as words—for the best interests of the city and the health of our children."

E. A. HERON'S SENTIMENTS.

E. A. Heron, president of the Board of Trade, voiced his sentiments as follows:

"That improvement of Lake Merritt is a necessity and should be done at once. If it can be done this year the people should not be made to wait until next year for it. I believe that when this work is begun and gets under way the people of Oakland will vote a great deal more money for the continuance of the work. When this once gets started nothing will be able to stop it. The work should be done out of this year's tax levy, so as to be sure and get it done. I do not think that a tax levy, no matter how high, if the money is to be used for this purpose, will displease the people of Oakland."

Many others have spoken, all in the same strain. It is shown by some that the city paid $60,000 one year for attorneys' fees in the water front suits, and that the assessment was not felt, when the valuation of assessable property was much less than at present, making the rate higher.

In fact, it is practically the universal opinion that now is the accepted hour, and under the circumstances there is little question but that the abating of the lake's present condition will soon be a reality.

CAPT. HIGGINSON A COMMODORE.

Associated Press Dispatches by The Tribune's Special Leased Wire.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 10.—Among the naval orders today were the following promotions

Captain Higginson of the Massachusetts, to be Commodore from August 10th; Assistant Naval Constructor R. P. Hobson, to be full Naval Constructor, to date from June 23d, the delay in making the last promotion being caused by the impossibility of having an earlier examination.

CLAIMED SHE WAS DRUGGED BY HER LOVER.

Remarkable Story Told by a Divorced Young Woman.

Mrs. Thompson Taken to Jail Charged With the Theft of a Ring.

The police are investigating the remarkable story of Mrs. Charles Thompson, formerly Miss Jane Dille, who was arrested and charged with stealing a diamond ring from Ed Park, conductor of car No. 71 on the California-street Railway, San Francisco.

The girl claims that she was drugged by her lover and then thrown into prison on a false charge.

In an interview this morning, Mrs. Thompson said: "Park and I used to go together, but as my mother never approved of our engagement it was broken off. I have been married and divorced since then and had lost track of Ed.

"He learned my address from some one recently, and called on me when I was out. As he left his address I wrote him a note saying I was sorry he had missed me. By return mail a note came saying he would be over Thursday evening. I wish now he had not come. He arrived about 9 o'clock at the house of my friend where I am stopping and while we were talking over old times I said: 'You have a pretty ring,' and started to take it off. He said, 'Don't take it off, Flo, it will cut our friendship.' He then took it off his finger and put it on mine. After some further conversation he asked me to go with him to a restaurant for something to eat. I refused, telling him to go and bring back a couple of bottles of beer.

"He insisted, and so we went to the Market-street Resaurant, where we took a private room. Ed ordered oysters for two and asked me what I would have to drink.

"After the first drink he twitted me with not being game, and said if I wanted to be a sport I would have to drink whiskey.

"I wanted to be smart and drank whiskey, after which we went to Seventh and Clay street, and there I telephoned for a friend and then we had two drinks. I took whiskey, and everything is a perfect blank from that time till I awoke in jail. I am sure I was drugged."

Park had the woman arrested at the Clarendon House early yesterday morning, claiming she had taken the diamond ring from his finger. The ring was found in the woman's clothing and is now in the custody of Chief Fletcher.

Park called at the office of Chief Fletcher this morning after his ring, but was informed that it would be necessary for him to get an order from Mrs. Thompson before he could get the ring.

Park called on Mrs. Thompson and tried to get her to write an order for the ring, but as none has been presented as yet, the supposition is she refused to give it to him.

No complaint was filed against the girl and she was released from custody.

MAY BOMBARD CANDIA AGAIN.

Powers Order the Turkish Commander to Disarm the Fanatics.

Warships Ready to Enforce the Demand if Not Promptly Complied With.

VIENNA, Sept 10.—According to a dispatch received here from Canea, island of Crete, the troops of the various Powers have hoisted their flags over the town walls of Candia, and the Admirals have sent an ultimatum to the Deputy Governor and the Turkish commander, demanding that all arms be laid down by 5 o'clock this evening. The warships, it is added, are in readiness to resume the bombardment of the place.

One of the foreign warships has gone to Retimo, where disturbances have broken out.

Dr. E. R. Tait

Announces to his friends and patrons the establishment of his dental offices at 1003½ Broadway, corner Tenth, tel. red 3835, with increased facilities for all kinds of dental work.

Girard Piano Company.

Const agents for the celebrated Wheelock pianos. Over 500 used on the coast. For durability and sweetness of tone they cannot be surpassed. The largest stock of pianos to select from. Sold on easy terms. Pianos to rent, tuned and repaired. Girard Piano Co., 1112 Broadway.

THE AGE OF ECONOMY.

The person who gets a "fit of economy" sometimes tries to take it out of his optician. That's a mistake—he takes it out of his own pocket—cuts down his ability to see.

Because, cheap is of necessity poor, and there is only one kind of optical work that is worth what it costs. It must be of the best, be correct and the frames well fitted.

I. A. BERETTA, Optician

1151 BROADWAY. 456-13TH ST.

At A. Stellanoni's Jewelry Store. (2)

M. S. SMITH & SONS.

Books Reduced

25c Books now 10c.

The great Seaside Library about 3000 numbers, consisting of late and popular works as well as standard works of many years back formerly sold at 25 cents we now sell at 10 cents. Neat attractive covers—good type.

Everyone can now have their own books and not give a thought to the cost of the books—nor fear contagion from borrowed novels.

CALIFORNIA VIEWS.

We have now on exhibition 200 specimens of Beautiful Platinum Prints of local scenery—Berkeley, San Francisco, Monterey, Yosemite in colored and plain photos. These pictures are as fine as ever produced by Eastern Experts. Prices are 25c, 40c, 50c, 75c and $1.00.

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TROUBLE FEARED AT PANA MONDAY.

Associated Press Dispatches by The Tribune's Special Leased Wire.

PANA, Ill., Sept. 10.—Serious trouble is feared Monday, when the Penwell coal shaft is started with non-union labor. Both whites and blacks will be employed, and the latter will be housed in a large building on the mine property, heated by steam and surrounded by a stockade. The non-union men will be guarded by deputy sheriffs, the same as are the negroes at the Springside shaft.

Nine negroes from Springside paraded through the streets today. They were not molested by the strikers. Mayor Penwell fears the strikers may attempt to burn the mine buildings, it is said, and has placed men at the volunteer fire department, with instructions to clang the bell and arouse the town should a blaze be seen.

ALONG THE WATER FRONT.

The steam schooner President is undergoing repairs at Hay & Wright's shipyard.

The steam schooner Ginnie is also being overhauled.

The scow schooner Lillian is being repainted and calked at Hay & Wright's wharf.

The schooners Scotia and Point Arena are unloading lumber at the Puget Sound Lumber Company docks.

The schooners Mary C. and Etta B. are at Hunt, Hatch & Company's warehouse with fruit from the Sacramento river.

The coast schooner Urcata is unloading coal at Franklin street wharf.

The lumber schooner Lorenz and Anna is discharging a cargo at Adams' wharf.

DEATHS FROM MILK SICKNESS.

Associated Press Dispatches by The Tribune's Special Leased Wire.

PANA, Ill., Sept. 10.—Last Thursday, Miss Lucy Smith died of milk sickness. Both Commissioner Smith and wife are now at the point of death with the same disease.

FOLDED THEIR TENTS AND THEN MARCHED AWAY

Two Battalions of the Eighth Move to New Posts.

Only Four Companies Remain on the Old Camp Ground.

THESE WILL GO NEXT WEEK.

The Girl Who is Left Behind Disconsolate Over Her Bereavement.

By the time the Tribune reaches the larger number of its readers this evening, two-thirds of the men who have heretofore been in Camp Barrett, Fruitvale, will have established themselves in the various posts around the bay where, unless sent to Manila, they will serve out the remainder of the two years, the term of their enlistment.

Eight companies, with their officers, camp equipage and mascots left the camp to-day before noon. They were carried away in two special trains which deposited them at the broad-gauge mole. They were followed by a long freight train which had been loaded with all the camp outfit.

At the mole, those who were going to Alcatraz, Fort Point and other places took the steamer General McDowell and were conveyed to their destination. Those who were going to Benicia took special trains awaiting them.

Those who have gone to Benicia comprise: Colonel Park Henshaw, headquarters, field, staff, and band; Major E. A. Forbes, Major F. W. Dudley, Surgeon, and Companies A, F, K, and L.

Major A. K. Whitton, First Lieutenant C. D. McGettigan, Assistant Surgeon, and Companies B, C, and E go to Fort Point.

Company M goes to Alcatraz.

The companies remaining in Camp Barrett are: D, Captain Elliot; I, Captain Riley; G, Captain Simpson; and H, Captain Lyon. These will proceed to Vancouver Barracks early next week.

While the soldiers were loading the cars, the camp was overrun with female relatives and friends, all of whom were loath to part from the boys in blue. The separation, in some instances, was demonstrative and tearful.

HUNTING BEAR IN ALASKA.

Bear hunting in Alaska is quite an exciting sport, but still it has its dangers. H. Stetson recently arrived from Alaska, and is at the Galindo Hotel. He has a monster bear skin. He killed him while prospecting in the gold regions. The skin is fully eight feet in length and measures five feet around.

Mr. Stetson says that in some parts of Alaska one meets these ugly looking customers almost daily, and a ready rifle is necessary for the protection of life and property.

Treasury Balance.

Associated Press Dispatches by The Tribune's Special Leased Wire.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 10.—Today's statement of the condition of the treasury shows: Available cash balance, $309,785,101; gold reserve, $235,715,227.

Legal Notes.

The appointment of J. S. McCully as Deputy Sheriff of Alameda county has been revoked.

MURDER MAY BE FOLLOWED BY LYNCHING.

A Minnesota Bartender Kills a Thresher in a Brawl.

Saloon is Surrounded by a Maddened Mob Bent on Vengeance.

SHERIFF'S DEPUTIES POWERLESS

Posse From a Neighboring Town on the Way to the Scene of the Tragedy.

Associated Press Dispatches by The Tribune's Special Leased Wire

BRECKENRIDGE, Miss., Sept. 10.—A party of threshing hands had a dispute with a bartender at Kent, Minn., twenty miles west of here. The bartender, named Barton, ejected the threshers from the building, but several hours later they returned and one endeavored to force open the saloon door, which was guarded by Barton from within. As the door was pushed open, Barton fired with a shotgun loaded with buckshot. A thresher, whose name is not known, fell mortally wounded, and soon expired.

Sheriff Bureau of Breckenridge was immediately telegraphed to come and take the prisoner, and sent Deputy Sheriff Strachan. On arriving at Kent, he found a determined mob surrounding the saloon with the avowed purpose of lynching the prisoner. The mob refused to disperse, and Sheriff Bureau was telegraphed for assistance. The Sheriff, with a posse, left at once for the scene of the tragedy.

ALGER TURNS VICIOUSLY ON HIS ACCUSERS.

Says the Attacks Are For Political Purposes.

Declares He Courts a Rigid Inquiry Into the War Department.

Associated Press Dispatches by The Tribune's Special Leased Wire.

DETROIT, Mich., Sept. 10.—Secretary Alger arrived at the Michigan Central station from the East at 9:45 A. M. to-day. Accompanying him were Mrs. Alger and their son, Captain Fred Alger, who is gradually recovering from fever contracted in Cuba; also Colonel Hecker and Major Hopkins, the Secretary's war aides, both Detroiters. The General, upon alighting, warmly greeted Governor Pingree.

To the reporters, General Alger remarked that all he would say now was that he was glad to get home and especially to breathe Michigan air again. The Secretary was then driven to his residence, accompanied by Governor Pingree.

After arriving home, General Alger said he expected to remain until a week to-morrow. Being asked to make a statement for publication relative to the charges against his administration of the War Department, the Secretary replied:

"Now, what do you want me to do? Get down in the sewer with these sensational people? They are not worrying me. There is nothing to the charges excepting somebody's desire to make political capital.

"The work the department has had to do in so short a time has been a very great tax. The commissary and quartermaster's departments have had the distribution of more than 200 tons of provisions—rations and forage—daily, a part of which has involved transportation more than half around the world. It is not surprising that some few slips have been made.

"I have asked the President to appoint the strongest commission possible to secure, to conduct an inquiry into the conduct of the war. It will be made up of some of the ablest army officers, and its work will be of the greatest importance, as applied to the past and as affecting the future. Its greatest value will be in perfecting the entire organization of the army and applying in this provision the lessons of the past."

STEAMSHIP SINKS IN OHIO RIVER.

Associated Press Dispatches by The Tribune's Special Leased Wire.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., Sept. 10.—The steamer Big Kanawa, plying between this city and Carrolton, Ind., struck a waterlogged log last night at 10 o'clock at Grassy Flat, eighteen miles above this city, and sank in fifteen feet of water.

The passengers were sent ashore without loss of life and it is thought the greater part of the cargo will be saved. The boat was worth about $15,000.

M. M. SAMSON'S STATEMENT OF THE MEAT CASE

Declares That the Food Supplied Soldiers Was Wholesome.

He Requests That Judgment Be Suspended Pending the Investigation.

The following signed statement has been received from M. M. Samson:

"To the Public—In view of certain stories which have appeared in the newspapers regarding objectionable meat which it is alleged I furnished to the soldiers at Camp Barrett, which have done me great injustice, I desire to make this statement:

"I deal only in first-class meat, a fact which is well known to all my friends and customers. I sent nothing but good first-class meat to Camp Barrett. It was as good and wholesome as far as my eye could detect it. The soldiers have been supplied with meat by me right along. They have been satisfied with it. They have told me that they liked it and there is proof of this in the fact that while I had a contract to supply them only at Camp Barrett, they asked me to supply them at Benicia, Fort Point and Alcatraz, when they should be ordered away.

"As a consequence I have already shipped meat to the soldiers at those places, and I shall continue to serve the companies now in Camp Barrett so long as they remain there. The soldiers never stopped taking meat from me.

"I have had injustice done to me and to my business in this matter. I have been in business in Oakland for years. I am known to the mercantile world and to thousands of people in this city. In deference to my good name I propose to have this matter investigated and I shall insist upon a thorough inquiry. Until that can be done, I shall ask and am satisfied that the request will be granted, that the people suspend their judgment until a definite decision can be reached in the case.

"M. M. SAMSON."

Samson was arrested this morning and gave bonds in the sum of $200.

CHICAGO CELEBRATION OF ADMISSION DAY.

California Pioneers Honor the Birthday of the Golden State.

Associated Press Dispatches by The Tribune's Special Leased Wire.

CHICAGO, Sept. 10.—The German building at Jackson Park was the scene yesterday of a notable reunion and celebration of men now living in Chicago and vicinity who were among the early settlers on the Pacific slope following the discovery of gold. The occasion was the eighth annual reunion and picnic of the Western Association of California Pioneers, and the celebration was in commemoration of the forty-eighth anniversary of the admission of California into the Union.

LEGISLATION FOR LETTER CARRIERS.

Will Ask Congress to Create a Pension Fund From Their Wages.

Associated Press Dispatches by The Tribune's Special Leased Wire.

TOLEDO, Ohio, Sept. 10.—The morning session of the National Letter Carriers' Convention was chiefly devoted to the discussion of the proposed Congressional legislation.

The first measure was a retiring bill, providing for mail carriers retiring on a pension after thirty-five continuous years of service, and the second a proposition to create a pension fund by the Government's retaining a certain percentage of each carrier's pay each month. It was decided to press them both before Congress before winter.

The representatives of the various cities anxious to entertain next year's convention were then given time to state their claims.

This afternoon the election of officers will be held.

MORE OF THE SICK TROOPS.

Associated Press Dispatches by The Tribune's Special Leased Wire.

NEW YORK, Sept. 10.—The hospital steamer the Red Cross arrived this morning from Montauk with fifteen patients for Roosevelt Hospital. Among them were John Belcher, Thirty-third Michigan, malaria; Henry Hochman, First Illinois, malaria; Carroll Dodd, Eighth Ohio, malaria.

Blueing

that the ladies would ask us to make for them if they knew the facts is, "Windsor Liquid Blueing." It is stronger than ball blueing, contains no sediment, does not stain clothes, nor soil hands.

Merriman Man'fg Co.

OAKLAND.

ASK YOUR GROCER

GEN. SHAFTER TALKS WITH THE PRESIDENT

Will Have His Report Ready by Next Monday.

Does Not Expect to Command the Department of California.

Associated Press Dispatches by The Tribune's Special Leased Wire.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 10.—General Shafter had nearly an hour's conference with the President today. He came over to the White House from the War Department with Colonel Miley of his staff and Adjutant General Corbin.

The General went over the Santiago campaign with the President, going into details as far as possible in the time at the President's disposal.

On leaving the White House, the General said he had about completed his report and would have it ready for delivery to the Secretary of War by next Monday. He would then leave to take command at Camp Wikoff.

The General did not seem to credit the report that later on he would be put in command of the Department of California.

He expressed himself as strongly in favor of a rigid investigation of the conduct of the Santiago campaign.

General Egan of the Commissary Department also called at the White House and had a talk with the President. Later the General said he had insisted upon a most searching investigation of the Commissary Department, and felt sure that when the truth became known it would be seen that very many of the published reports concerning the food supplied to the army were absolutely without foundation.

LAWRENCE IS STIL ALIVE.

Victim of Denver Tragedy Is in a Critical Condition.

Associated Press Dispatches by The Tribune's Special Leased Wire.

DENVER, Sept. 10.—W. H. Lawrence of Cleveland, Ohio, who was shot yesterday in the Oxford Hotel in this city by Florence Richardson, alias Florence Montague, is still alive, but the physicians in attendance regard his condition as critical. He had told the woman that he was going to leave her.

HIS BROTHER'S STATEMENT.

CLEVELAND, Ohio, Sept. 10.—M. J. Lawrence, president of the Farmers' Publishing Company, said today that his brother, W. H. Lawrence, who was shot in Denver yesterday by a woman who afterwards killed herself, has not been connected with the Ohio Farmer for the past four years. His health has been poor and he spent the summers in Denver and the winters in Texas. He is a wealthy man, with a large income, and has a wife and five children in Cleveland.

Col Dick For Congress From Ohio.

Associated Press Dispatches by The Tribune's Special Leased Wire.

AKRON, Ohio, Sept. 10.—It is stated by friends of Colonel Charles F. Dick, chairman of the National Republican Committee, that he will be a candidate for Congress from the Nineteenth Ohio district to succeed Hon. S. A. Northway, whose death occurred Thursday.

Colonel Dick refused to talk on the matter, saying that to do so at this time would be unseemly, while Mr. Northway's remains are lying unburied. It is regarded as certain, however, that the Colonel will seek the nomination.

THE SMITH HARDWARE CO.

Big Bargains Offered in Granite-Ware of All Kinds.

John G. Smith, proprietor of the Smith Hardware Company of 1011 Broadway, has just received a full line of granite and tinware. The stock includes boiling-pots, kettles, stew-pans, sauce-pans, coffee, and tea-pots, and all the other kitchen convolutions which pacify raw meat, and induce the bean and the potato to be cooked hygienically.

The prices are much lower than those charged by any other store in the city, when the quality of the ware is considered.

Mr. Smith also carries a full line of hardware. He is building up a substantial business, and the public is invited to examine his new stock of granite and tin-ware.

Winnie Davis' Condition.

Associated Press Dispatches by The Tribune's Special Leased Wire.

NARRAGANSETT PIER, R. I., Sept. 10.—No improvement was reported in the condition of Miss Winnie Davis this morning. Dr. Cleveland of New York has been summoned from Newport to hold a consultation with Dr. John Wilcox regarding the case.

LICENSED TO MARRY.

Edward S. Howard, San Francisco	22
Mamie Lynch, San Francisco	22
John White, Oakland	47
Agnes Murray, Oakland	47
Seymour Jacobs, Elko, Nevada	28
Rosa Alexander, Elko, Nevada	23

Death of Harry De Witt.

Harry De Witt, son of Rev. H. G. De Witt, died yesterday at the home of his parents, 1324 K street, Fresno. The deceased was well known in this city. The funeral will take place in Oakland tomorrow.

The estate of Martin M. Bridges has been appraised at $10,866.09. A petition for distribution has been filed.

OAKLAND MADE A BIG SHOWING AT SAN JOSE.

How the Home Parlors Appeared Among Strangers.

Magnificent Appearance in Admission Day Procession.

FESTIVITIES AT THE VENDOME.

A Courtly Reception in Which Youth and Beauty Took Part.

The Native Sons Parlors of the Golden West of Oakland and vicinity in the celebration of Admission Day in San Jose yesterday attracted an amount of attention and were given consideration by the representatives of the San Francisco dailies. On this subject, the Chronicle has the following:

"Alameda county had the honors of the fourth division. Blanchard's Band heralded Oakland Parlor, No. 50, in whose ranks a hundred men in black coats and white vests marched. Before them two swarthy negroes, dressed in outlandish rig, carried gorgeous banners. Four other black men, old attaches of the parlor, also carried emblems and wore startling red and yellow garments.

Marshal J. S. Williams and Aids G. E. de Golia and T. W. Hobson had charge of the third division and the Oakland Junior Band furnished music for its head. Two parlors from Piedmont, No. 120, of the Native Sons, and the other Piedmont, No. 87, of the Native Daughters. The men were in white duck suits with straw hats and green parasols and the young women in similar costumes."

NOVELTIES.

Stanford Parlor, No. 76, and Alameda Parlor, No. 47, followed. The Alamedans had Uncle Sam in his usual panoply, and by him a real Digger Indian in aboriginal costume, whose blood-curdling whoops caused him to be surrounded by little boys who yearned to see him take the warpath. Five boys bore legends as follows: "The Philippines," "Cuba," "Porto Rico," "Hawaii," "The Ladrones," and were led by Uncle Sam by a string of red, white and blue.

Twenty ladies of Alameda Parlor of the Native Daughters were dressed in white dimity, with hat bands of the national colors and Japanese parasols. Athens Parlor No. 195 followed.

BROOKLYN BOYS.

Brooklyn Parlor No. 151 of this city, resplendent in white duck trousers, white duck hats with blue bands, carrying gorgeous parasols tastefully made of red, white and blue bunting, next occupied the attention of the thousands along the line of march.

AT THE VENDOME.

The Vendome Hotel has been the home of the Oakland organization, the Stanford and Oakland parlors taking the lead. These bodies always celebrate together and they engaged the rooms at the hotel in advance, so that there were none of their members who had any trouble about stopping places. This was a blessing, for their friends, too, for many who would not have had a bed last night occupied part of that of his friend from Oakland.

THE BALL.

The ball last night was in charge of the following committees:

Reception committee—H. S. Martin, W. A. Deane, D. C. Martin, E. L. Head, W. H. H. Gentry, R. M. Clement, H. N. Gard, C. A. Bon.

Floor managers—Phil H. Remillard, John J. McCarthy.

Floor committee—D. A. Curtin, L. Q. Haven, A. F. Schleicher, P. J. Wenger, J. J. Allen, A. F. Breiling, R. M. Fitzgerald, J. E. McElroy.

Committee of arrangements—W. H. H. Gentry, H. D. Cushing, J. E. McElroy, R. M. Clement, H. N. Gard, Joseph Greenberg, W. A. Deane, J. J. Cerman, A. F. Schleicher.

It was the swell affair of the evening, and among the Oakland people present were: George C. Pardee and wife, C. A. Bon and wife, Leon Thomas and wife, W. H. Gentry and wife, H. D. Cushing, J. E. McElroy, H. P. Dalton, Frank Dalton, H. N. Gard, R. M. Clement, R. M. Fitzgerald, W. B. Standeford, H. G. Williams, C. Boeck, E. P. Cook, L. C. Burnham, Everett Williams, W. H. Rabe, H. Elfin, J. Cal Ewing, J. Pedrini, J. J. Allen, S. P. Hall and wife, Phil Remillard, W. N. Pearce and wife, F. C. Clift and wife, Percy Hazleton, Miss Cassie Welsh, Miss Marie Nealon, Mrs. O. D. Hamlin.

CYCLERS MUST BEWARE OF THE POLICE.

A bicycle party consisting of Miss Mabel White and Messrs. J. P. Blanchard, H. R. Blanchard, and B. Paxton Wright was arrested yesterday evening at Fourteenth street and Twenty-fourth avenue for violating the bicycle ordinance, their lamps having gone out. Officer Woods, who made the arrest, refused to accept $7.90 (all the money there was in the party) for bail, and Mr. Wright pawned his watch in a near-by drug store to get the required amount.

When the case was called in the Police Court this morning Mr. Wright told his story which was to the effect that their lamps had jarred out while riding over the rough roads. On motion of the Prosecuting Attorney the cases were dismissed.

Order your coal from Davie & Williams, Thirteenth and Webster streets; telephone main 54.

James E. Pepper, a celebrated whisky, on sale by E. F. Thayer, 464 Eighth street.

The Comstock Exchange.

A quiet place for gentlemen. Best wines, liquors and cigars. Fourteen years established. T. E. Finch, prop'r, S. W. cor. Broadway and Sixth.

Ellason, 1163 Broadway. Notice the fine display in windows. 25c Seasides for 10c.

C. W. Kinsey, Dealer in Fine New Style, Household Furniture, Carpets, Ranges, Etc.

"Modern" furniture bought, exchanged or sold on installment payments. We give "green trading stamps." 462-466 Thirteenth street.

The Ora Fino Saloon; best goods. 422 Twelfth street.

Old Bedsteads.

Chairs, tables, dishes, at 405 Eleventh st.

BULBS.

Just received—a large stock of hyacinth, tulip, daffodil and other spring flowering bulbs. An immense stock. Plant early for early flowers.

H. M. SANBORN, 517 Fourteenth street.

Tel. Main 576.

Ellason, 1163 Broadway. Notice the fine display in windows. 25c Seasides for 10c.

Telephone 852 Blue.

Chairs, tables and dishes for rent or sale at H. Schellhaas, 493 Eleventh st.

DIED

HINES—In East Oakland, September 10, 1898, Polly R., daughter of Wiley and Lucy Hines of Visalia, a native of California, aged 18 years.

COHEN—In North Oakland, September 9, 1898, Carrie, beloved wife of Abram Cohen, a native of Pizer, Rush Poler, aged 46 years, 1 month and 6 days.

GERMEA

FOR BREAKFAST.

Dr. AMBROSE SANDER,

The Reliable Specialist.

908 Washington St. Between 8th & 9th

Office Hours: 10 to 12 a. m. 9 to 4 7 to 8 p. m. Sundays, 10 to 12 a. m.

Diseases of Women peculiar to her delicate organization successfully and confidentially treated.

Private Diseases of both sexes a specialty.

Consultation Free.

Medicine by treatment furnished free of charge.

Milk for Children

Should be pure and wholesome. Should come in clean cans from well cows.

Worth your while to change milkmen?

NEW JERSEY FARM CREAMERY

J. GENTENCURT & CO.

879 MARKET ST.

TEL. RED 1704

P. J KELLER

Independent Candidate for SHERIFF

Served the people of this county ten years as Deputy without pay.

EDUCATIONAL.

MISS HORTON'S SCHOOL

Cor. 12th & Filbert Sts.

OAKLAND

Fifteenth year opens August 1, 1898.

Pupils of both sexes. Kindergarten, Primary, Grammar and High School grades.

Accredited by the University of California. See or address SARAH W. HORTON, Principle 664 Eighteenth Street.

GO OUT TODAY and take a look at those elegant new homes in the Alvin Tract.

Three room cottage and lot 50x125 for $550; small payment down, $5 monthly.

Four room and bath cottage and lot 50x125, $750; only $17.50 monthly; streets macadamized.

Take Haywards local train to Elmhurst station or Haywards electric cars to Jones avenue; free carriage Sundays meets electric cars to the Alvin Trace every half hour; only forty-five minutes' ride from San Francisco and fifteen minutes from Oakland to the Alvin Tract; 500 fruit trees will be planted this fall on the tract. A. T. Batten, resident agent. Jacob Heyman, owner, 11 Montgomery st., San Francisco.

FOR SALE—One ¾ seated road cart, cost $75; will sell for $30. Apply 590 Sycamore st.

ONE furnished front room; modern conveniences. 369 Eleventh st., bet. Franklin and Webster sts; price $5 per week.

WANTED—Two boys or young men for light work. Polytechnic Business College, Twelfth and Clay sts.

SCANDINAVIAN GIRL wants place as cook or at light housework. Apply 1241 Broadway.

LOST—Reward; a yellow and white shepherd bitch one year old, from 378 East Seventeenth st., Aug. 20th; has white breast, a white spot on neck, three white feet and a white tip to her tail; $5 will be paid for any information that will recover her. L. W. Witbeck.

J. W. HAMM & CO., stock brokers of San Francisco, have opened offices at 462½ Thirteenth st., over Kinney's furniture store; tel. main 462½.

FOR SALE—Six dollars will buy an album containing over four hundred stamps of all descriptions; many rare stamps; can be seen at this office.

LOST—Black silk cape, trimmed with applique, between Claremont ave. and William st. $10 reward by returning to this office.

ON THE DRIVE.

We have entered the race
We find the track heavy.
Heavier than many expected it to be.
Having trained with same management before
We were partly prepared for the contest.
We drive a double team.
Our eyes are open for "flyers."
We have a firm hold of the "ribbons"
The crack of our lash will not be heard.
A gentle "go" will do it all.
See the dust fly at the turning stake.
Will try to keep even on the up grade.
Now see the fun on the "home stretch."
Watch the race to the end.
Tally Ho!
Put up your money on the winning nag.

MONEY MAKES THE MARE GO.

WINNING BARGAINS.

Sperry, Golden Gate or Drifted Snow flour	$1.00
Fine grades of family flour, fancy	90c
Soda crackers, American Biscuit Co., box	50c
Rice, finest grades of Island 17 lbs.	$1.00
Hams, choicest sugar-cured Eastern	11c
Bacon, Eastern sugar-cured	9c
Lard, very best we know, 10 lbs	75c
Babbitt's best soap 10 for	35c
Ice cream freezers, 6 to fly size	$1.00
Fine table salt, reduced to	2c

GO FAST FOR CASH.

Big boys' wool half hose, pair	4c
Infants' gray hose, closing	6c
Children's seamless black hose, 10c, 15c,	20c
Infants' little shirts to 1½ years	5c
Covered slate and pencil, now	5c
Button shoes, $3 kind, 5½, 6 6½, closing	$1.95
Men's dress up shoes, lace or Congress	$1.50
Ladies' finest vesting top kid shoes	$2.50
Old ladies' easy shoes, wide, good	$1.50
Men's working gloves, 8, 9, 10	25c

We Are Open On SATURDAY EVENINGS Until 8:30 o'Clock Until Holidays

FLYING TO KLONDIKE.

Folding stoves for camp or cabin	$1.50
Telescope stoves, best in use anywhere	$1.00
Alaska sheds, closing out the best	$2.00
Mackinaw coats for miners or anybody	$1.75
Duck lined coats for winter, shop-worn	$1.00
Cassimere vests, worth double, from remnants	75c
Heavy $15 sleeping robes or beds	$7.50
Heavy wool blankets, gray mottled	$2.25
Heavy fur coats worth $20, now	$9.00

SMITHS' CASH STORE

25-27 Market St., S. F.

ALBRECHT PROVEN A BIGAMIST.

His Two Wives Face Him in a Santa Rosa Hotel.

Will Be Arraigned on the Bigamy Charge Today.

LOOKS DARK FOR THE PRISONER

San Francisco and Oakland Friends Fail to Come to His Rescue.

Mrs. Charles Albrecht, nee Bogard, of this city, has identified the young man in jail at Santa Rosa, accused of forgery, as her husband. After meeting Mrs. Albrecht number two and her mother, Mrs. Marshall, the three arranged with Sheriff Allen to have Albrecht brought to the hotel where his two wives could confront him.

The man was brought over from the County Jail and taken into the parlor, in a corner of which the trio of ladies was seated, the two Mrs. Albrechts sitting on either side of Mrs. Marshall. When Albrecht entered the room with Deputy Sheriff Weise, his Oakland bride nodded her head at Sheriff Allen, saying, "That is the man."

"Do you recognize this man as your husband?" Sheriff Allen asked the woman.

"I do; he is the man," she replied.

"And you, too", said the Sheriff, addressing the Santa Rosa bride.

"Yes, I do," was the reply.

Albrecht trembled. When Mrs. Albrecht of Oakland declared he was her lawful husband his power of speech seemed to leave him. He managed to stutter:

"I don't know you; I have never seen you before."

When taken back to his cell, Albrecht said positively that he did not know the woman and had never seen her before.

Later, Mrs. Albrecht positively identified her erring spouse by the absence of a tooth. Still the prisoner insisted that he did not know the woman, but she stated firmly that she knew him and that he would get about fifteen years, at which declaration Albrecht returned to his cell and refused to talk.

District Attorney Seawell says that Albrecht will be prosecuted for bigamy in Sonoma county, and that he may be arraigned to-day.

Albrecht's friends from San Francisco and Oakland who were to come to his rescue have failed to put in an appearance as yet.

Mrs. Albrecht number one returned to her home in this city last evening. When she returns to Santa Rosa to attend the trial she will be the guest of Mrs. Albrecht number two at the Marshall home.

The Drum.

Is the place for beer on tap, and for all other drinks, served quietly. Rooms for families. M. T. Conway, formerly with W. M. Watson & Co., 961 Washington. Telephone red 2145.

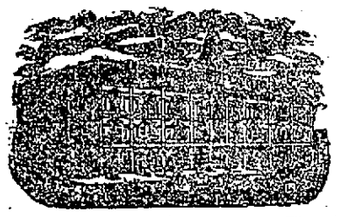
The Parlor

Is a quiet, clean, prime quality saloon conducted by Gus Sinkwitz, for years with Kuch's Inlet, and by Louis Kunmeyer. Corner Ninth and Washington.

HOTELS.

CALINDO HOTEL

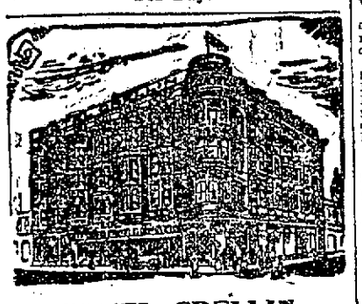
Mrs. D. ALLEN, Proprietress
EIGHTH STREET
Bet. Broadway and Franklin, Oakland, Cal.



The Leading and Largest Hotel in Oakland.

Table First-class in every respect. Sample Room for Commercial Travelers. Liberal Terms to Permanent Boarders.

American Plan. Rates—$1.50 and $2.00 Per Day.



HOTEL CRELLIN

The Most Favorably Located and Leading Hotel of Oakland, Corner Tenth and Washington streets, Oakland.

A Mon Chateau

A First-Class Family Resort

Dinners and Banquets to order. Accommodations for private picnics, bicycles parties, etc. Garden with summer houses. Take Piedmont Electric Cars to Pleasant Valley Road.

ADVERTISEMENTS.

Battles and Diseases.

This is the story of one who participated in many naval and infantry engagements during the war. From wounds received then he suffered for years, but to-day, rejoices in renewed strength.

There is a distinctly peculiar halo that invests the being of an old soldier in the eyes of the present generation. The sight of him arouses a feeling of admiration for his brave deeds and heroic achievements.

Among those who bravely fought was Dr. L. J. Clark, who, when but a beardless boy, heard the locsin of war sounded.

It fired his patriotic spirit to a fervency that found relaxation only in his realization of fighting in the battles.

To the call of President Lincoln for troops in the latter part of '61, young Clark promptly responded.

There was need of men in the navy, and he joined that service in the mortar fleet of Admiral Porter, which soon after began operations on the Mississippi River.

At the terrific bombardment of the Vicksburg forts, the hero of this story fell on the deck of the Juliette with a shattered arm from a charge of schrapnel.

He lay in the hospital for months, and when he had recovered sufficiently to be moved, was sent to his home at Warren, O.

Though partly incapacitated for active service, his patriotic zeal got the better of him, and when the call for more troops came, young Clark enlisted in a company formed by Capt. Joel I. Asper, at Warren.

It became Co. H. of the 7th Ohio Volunteers and was sent to the Army of the Potomac under General Grant then campaigning in Virginia against General Robert E. Lee.

In a skirmish near Richmond, he was wounded again and was sent to the hospital. He remained there for some time, but finally recovered, and went home.

Shortly after, he began the study of veterinary surgery, and, when completed, went to Chicago, where he has resided for thirty years, and is now one of the leading surgeons of that profession in the city.

His old wounds began to trouble him several years ago. He grew weak, emaciated and thoroughly debilitated. His friends began to despair of his life.

He was but a shadow of his former self, weighing only 90 pounds, a loss of nearly 50 pounds. He had the best medical attention, but it did not benefit him.

"Finally a friend gave me a box of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People," said Dr. Clark. "After taking the pills I was so much benefited that I purchased a half dozen boxes and took them.

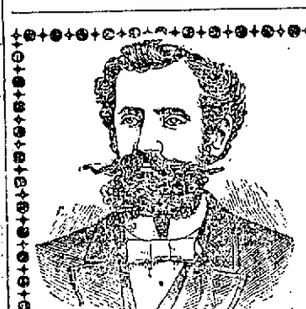
"They were of more benefit than the ablest physicians' treatment. By their aid alone, I soon regained my strength.

"I weigh 180 pounds now, and except for injuries that can never be remedied, I am as well as ever.

"I consider Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People the best remedy I know of to build up a run-down system."

To-day Dr. Clark is a picture of health. He is 59 years old, an active member of Hatch Post, G. A. R., and resides at 4935 Ashland Ave., Chicago.

Many veterans have found Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People of inestimable value in counteracting the unhealthful effects of army life. All druggists sell these pills and highly recommend them.



Practically Dead

is the man who, from old age or early indiscretions, finds his vitality waning. There is a cure provided for all such troubles.

DR. T. D. HALL'S RE-INVIGORATOR

stops all Losses in 24 hours. Cures Nervous Debility, Wasting Away, Emissions, Impotency, Losses and all weaknesses arising from errors of youth and excesses; $2 per bottle. 3 bottles for $5, guaranteed to cure.

All the many ailments of women successfully treated.

Private Diseases of all kinds quickly cured. Recent cases in a few hours.

Call or write, DR. HALL'S Medical Institute, 855 BROADWAY, near 7th Street, OAKLAND, CAL.

Cures guaranteed. Hours 10 to 12, 2 to 5, 7 to 9. Museum of Anatomy open daily. Free to men.

Fire Insurance.

FIRE PLATE GLASS ACCIDENT

In Progressive, Sound, Reliable Insurance Co's, Representing in the Aggregate over $31,000,000 of Combined Assets.

Equitable rates on preferred business. Prompt adjustment and payment of losses.

Do not fail to call and get your rate before insuring elsewhere.

Over 30 years in the insurance business.

Property owners having property to sell or buildings to rent may serve their own interests by calling at my office and giving me a list of the same.

A. J. HINDS

Real Estate and Insurance Agent, 1016 BROADWAY, (Evarts Block) Oakland

Summer Resorts

PACIFIC CONGRESS SPRINGS

Santa Clara County.

THREE HOURS FROM S. F. VIA Los Gatos; 6 months round trip ticket, $4, or via Santa Clara, $3.50. New swimming tank, 180x75 feet, and other improvements.

Hot and cold mineral baths.

Climate, scenery and location unequaled.

JOHN S. MATHESON, Manager.

IF YOU ARE SEEKING FOR A DELIGHTful and healthful resort for the Summer months for your family, not so remote from town but that you can be with them without neglecting your business.

If you are in search of a good table and comfortable sleeping apartments only 1½ hours' travel from San Francisco with half hourly communication day and evening.

If it is your wish to confine your Summer's outing by a moderate outlay, your attention is directed to HAYWARDS PARK, at the terminus of the Oakland, San Leandro and Haywards Electric Railway, or

If you are fond of tenting here you will find a large number of commodious platforms arranged convenient to the Hotel Dining Room on one of which you may erect your tent.

A choice musical program is rendered every Sunday afternoon on the verandas of the Club House. The cars of the company run into the Park. The monthly commutation rate is only $5.00, room and board $8.00 per week; board for campers $5.00 per week. Campers and roomers have the same service from attendants.

Address MRS. DORA SHANE, Haywards Club House

LUMBER FOR SALE

AT AUCTION

150,000 to 200,000 feet of Pine and Redwood Building and Mill Lumber at

First and Broadway,

formerly known as the Oakland Lumber Company's Yards; in lots to suit, to the highest bidder. Sale will begin at 2 o'clock

MONDAY, SEPT. 12

on the premises.

COAL!

For Honest Dealings in Wood and Coal go to

J. ROHAN,

N. E. Cor. 5th & Washington Sts.

Tel. Main 545.

COMMERCE STREET OPENING.

Notice of Sale — Delinquent List.

Office of the Superintendent of Streets, Oakland, Cal.

September 10, 1898.

Public notice is hereby given that default having been made in the payment of the several amounts due upon the property hereinafter described and assessed thereon for the costs and expenses of the opening and widening of Commerce street, in the city of Oakland, between East Twelfth street and East Twenty-second street, as per report of commissioners filed with the clerk of the City Council of said city on the 4th day of May, 1898, and finally confirmed by the Council of the 1st day of August, 1898, now therefore, I, M. K. Miller, superintendent of streets of said city of Oakland, will on Thursday, the 29th day of September, 1898, at the hour of 10 a. m., in front of my office, being at the city hall in said city, commence to sell said property at public auction unless the assessments delinquent together with the costs of advertising at the rate of 50 cents per each lot, piece or parcel of land separately assessed and advertised as delinquent, and percentages are paid, and that I will continue such sales until the whole property set forth hereinafter, or so much thereof as may be necessary, shall be sold; and that I will sell the smallest quantity of each piece or parcel of said property that will be taken by any person for the amount of assessments, percentages and said cost of advertising remaining due and unpaid thereon, together with the sum of 50 cents provided by law for the certificate of sale.

NOTICE.

The numbers in the first column denote the several parcels of lands designated by the corresponding numbers upon that certain plat entitled "Map showing lands to be taken for the opening of Commerce street, from East Twelfth street to East Twenty-second street, Oakland; also showing lands to be assessed for said improvement" filed on the 2d day of August, 1898, in the office of the recorder of said county of Alameda, and is the descriptive number of each parcel of land.

The names following the said numbers are the names and the persons designated in said report as owners of the respective parcels of land designated by and referred to by the descriptive number thereof, which said names follow respectively and the numbers following said names denote the amount of the corresponding assessments including (5) per cent added for delinquency, and 50 cents cost of advertising.

DELINQUENT LIST.

Lot No.	To whom assessed.	Amount
	CAMERON TRACT.	
1	Symmes, David	$ 5 99
2	Northey, V S	5 99
3	Crapo, C W	3 81
4a	Hoffschneider, Wm	59 30
5	Wadleigh, Maria H	11 49
7	Bacon, Mae Helen	6 00
8	Brown, Agnes E	6 00
9	Hoffschneider, Wm	11 48
10	Allman, Jno	66 20
11	Hader, Henry	16 94
12	Fish, L J	82 71
13	Fish, L J, 2-3, Baldwin, B, 1-3	82 32
14	Stenger, Nora W	3 23
15	Gray, Giles H	44 84
16	White, Ida M	33 39
17	Jackson, Mary	110 12
18	Hoffschneider, Wm	110 12
19	Elks, Chas	27 90
20	Gates, J R	110 12
	BLOCK F, LYNN HOMESTEAD.	
21	McNally, J B	8 72
22	Smith, Jane	5 99
23	Lawrance, Est of Elizabeth	5 99
24	Brown, Mrs M E	11 48
25	North, Jno J	14 21
26	Russell, Sam B	11 48
	BLOCK K.	
28	Briggs, Christina	3 24
29	Thomas, R A	5 99
30b	Williams, Cordelia L	6 00
30a	Whitney, Edith A	3 23
31	Thomas, William T	6 00
33	Leonard, R	11 48
34	Hunziker, Eliza	8 73
35	Robinson, Ed C	8 73
36	Burns, Sarah	7 35
37	Hare, E B	8 73
	BLOCK L.	
38	Wilson, Margaret	25 10
39	Shaw, Eliza J	11 46
40	Page, Celia P and Harriet B	7 35
41	Conanty, Ann	7 35
42	Beauty, Francis	11 46
43	Sinclair, Elsie	11 46
44	Miller, Phoebe	11 46
45	Sullivan, Lucy E	11 46
46	King, Alice A (wf of W B)	22 42
47	Staniels, Minnie E	16 91
48b	Doyle, Annie M	5 96
48a	Martel, Adelaide F	5 96
49	Delehanty, Wm	11 46
50	Crist, Johanne 1-2, Rudolph F 1-8, Julius A 1-8, Clare E 1-8, Frederick G 1-8	11 47
51	Truman, Mrs. P J and J J	5 99
52	Woodward F J	6 00
53	Truman, Mrs P J and J J	11 46
54	Beatty, Frances	5 99
55	Eastman, W F	5 99
	BLOCK G.	
56	Waller, L P F	8 72
57	Girard, F R	8 24
60	Cox, Leander	16 94
62	Sontag, Chas	6 00
63	Barraud, Isabella	7 35
65	Skitch, Wm	3 24
66	Boone, Sarah B	3 24
67	Skitch, Wm	8 72
68	Tighe, David H	5 99
69	Gregory, W H	5 99
71	Sisters of Mercy	8 72
	BLOCK H.	
75	Medau, J H	3 95
79	Drummond, Harriet M	5 99
83	Pereira, Manuela	3 94
84	Gregory, William H	7 36
85	Scott, George	10 11
86	Watson, William D	5 31
87	Theneras, George	5 30
88	Gregory, William H	8 72
89	Murray, Philip	11 47
	BLOCK 3.	
91	Skinner, Annie	16 94
92	Burton, Anna M	22 43
94	Cadilhas, Jose	5 99
95	Wilson, Margaret	11 47
97	Roseter, J H Jr	11 47
98	Ambrose, Thomas	11 48
99	Finch, D B	22 44
100	Griffin, Oscar T Jr	7 36
101	Fernandez, Rosadas and wife	7 36
102	Pereia, Manuel	3 94
103	Cavalho, Louis	3 94
104	Caughsan, L	6 65
105	Lamond, J S	8 73
106	Templeton, Carrie A and Laura S	8 72
107	Bopp, Chas F	2 60
108	Regan, Amelia	3 79
109	Williamson, S F	11 47
110	Diaz, Philip J	14 20
	BLOCK N.	
111	Stow, H W	22 45
112	Templeton, Laura S	11 47
113	Moulder, Louise B	5 99
114	Hine, Robt B	22 45
115	Burkett, David S	7 35
116	Sontag, Lincoln	16 93
118	Sontag, Chas	12 82
119	Buckbee, Spencer C	19 69
120	Sontag, Lincoln	21 05
121	Sontag, Chas	5 99
122	Leventz, Andrew J	5 99
123	Muntzey, Clara L	5 99
124	Edwards, Louise	5 99
125	Highland Park and Fruitvale Railroad Co	27 90
	BLOCK I.	
126	Carey, James	21 06
131a	Brewer, Calvin D F	7 35
131b	Riddle, Jacob	7 36
132	Travers, A M	7 36
133	Travers, Maria F	14 20
135	Donnelly, Theresa	8 73
136	Carlisle, Ellen	23.79
	BLOCK J.	
138	Plummer Improvement Co. Oakland Bank of Savings.	27 90
	BLOCK O AND 105.	
140a	Miller, Cincinnatus Heine	105 50
140b	Myrick, Kate L	23 63
142	Myrick, K L	62 77
143	Gilbert, Minnie	22 34
144	Johnston, N R	41 60
154	Inskeep, Lorenzo D	11 46
	BLOCK 96.	
147b	Sessions, E C	5 75
	BLOCK 95.	
148a	Martin, H K	63 59
148b	Sessions, E C	5 75
	BLOCK 94.	
149	Cook, S G	151 23
	BLOCK 87.	
150	Hogan, Hugh	96 42
151a	Norton, Ed B	6 02
151b	Nordman, Jos	6 02
151d	Booth, Chas S	9 95
	BLOCK 86.	
152	Howard, Thos	5 75
152a	San Francisco Savings Union	74
153b	San Francisco Savings Union	120 08
153b	Stone, Emma M	7 06
153e	San Francisco Savings Union	7 06
153f	Hardwick, Jean T	3 12
153d	White, Phineas	7 06
153c	Maurice, Maud	7 06
	BLOCK 151.	
155	Weller, Richard	11 46
157	Holton, F A	11 46
159	Hickey, Mary	11 46
160	McLaren, Mary	11 46
161	Jones, Ann	11 45
162	Barry, Mary	26 82
164	Hansen, C R D	8 73
165	Green, Frederick	8 71
166	Renwick, W J	8 73
167	McDonnell, John	41 60
168	Wakefield, L H	11 45
169	Wise, Nellie	5 98
170	Manning, Margaret	5 99
	BLOCK 141.	
171	Ellis, Jessie M	27 08
172	Rathjen, H	13 98
173	Nevander, A and S	13 60
174	Sunderland, Clara H	27 09
177	Burns, J H	11 45
178	Wescott, S J	5 99
179	Gillam, J	11 45
180	Camper, Andrew	11 46
181	Cowell, Thos	8 73
182	Hostrawser, J F	8 69
183	Arnold, P J	8 69
184	Leist, Charles	4 78
185a	Maloney, John T	4 60
185b	Squires, Mary H	4 59
186	Edwards, Sarah J	4 60
187	Laws, J G	4 59
188	Just, Antone D	7 72
189	Scott, Sarah Jane	7 73
190	Wilson, Alexander	10 09
191	Weller, Richard	8 73
192	Manning, Margaret	8 75
193	Highland Park and Fruitvale Railroad Company	199 18
195	Donaldson, W A	21 04
196	Gillam, Jefferson	27 90
197	Gillam, Jefferson	7 06
	BLOCK 129.	
198	McCune, Henry C	329 33
199	Flaherty, James	14.20
200	Sullivan, M	11 46
201a	Seip, Louis	8 72
201b	Burtchaell and Crowley	8 72
202	Wright, Mrs. Isabella	41.60
	BLOCK 128.	
203	Kyle, Philip	7 36
204	Smith, Chas H	10 08
205	Wright, Mrs Isabella	11 46
206	Prewett, J E	16 46
208	Cal. Safe Deposit and Trust Co	192 34
209	E O St R R Co	137 53
	BLOCK 113.	
211	Hagel, John	27 90
212	Cross, C	21 06
213	Hatteroth, Wm	22 43
215	Derby, O E	41 60
216a	Sonoma Lumber Co	27 90
216b	Benham & Thomas	55 31
217	Ogden, F B	36 23
218	Wright, R Percy	123 83
	BLOCK 112.	
219	Smith, Mary E	21 05
220	O'Hair, P E	21 06
221	Rathjen, Herman	31 32
223	Leber, Louis	31 31
224	Ames, Joseph and wife	14 20
225	Whiting, Joseph and wife	19 68
227	Saul, Peter	137 53
	BLOCK 43.	
228	Reed, William J	27 90
229	Reed, William J	55 31
	BLOCK 111.	
230	La Rue, Lydia A	19 13
231	Mitchener, J	11 74
232	Williams, George R	11 46
234	Fortin Brick Company	8 72
237	Mahoney, Thomas	16 95
239	Scott, Mrs S B	23 25
240	Willis, C B	10 78
	BLOCK 110.	
241	Hamilton, Robert	10 78
242	Strong, Mrs J S	10 76
243	Stevenson, Mrs Fanny M	21 04
244	Smith, C H	32 69
245	Rowe, David H and Kate	5 98
247	Dolbier, W S	6 67
248	Lewis, William Frisbie	8 72
	BLOCK 109.	
249	Dexter, James V	11 46
250	Perry, Harvey O	5 99
252	Lenox, Anna P	6 12
253	White, Alice G	18 88
254	McGrew, Kate H	6 12
255	Pollard, Jno W	10 77
	BLOCK 94.	
256	Wade, Simon H	41 61
260	Wade, Simon H	14 21
261	Fletcher, L D	7 36
262	Wade, Edward E	7 35
	BLOCK 93.	
263	Thacker, Sarah E	4 61
264	Margeson, E E	12 84
265	Greene, Geo J	4 60
266	Erskine, Maria J	7 35
267	Nesbit, Mary Ann	14 20
268	Kohler, Mrs Minnie	19 68
269	Hampel, Mrs Andrew	10 00
270	Hendrickson, Geo R	12 06
271	Harris, Geo W	6 25
272	Morehouse, P F	12 06
273	Jacoby, Joseph	10 03
274	Cornell, Chas M	7 36
	BLOCK 92.	
275	Goth, Louise	8 63
277	Pinkham Harriet L and Ella M	6 59
278	Webb, William T	11 46
279	Whitmore, Lizzie M and Mabel W	7 94
280	Whitmore, W W	7 94
282	Scott, Richard F	11 46
283	Copeland Alexander	7 35
284	Whitney, Wm J	21 69
285	Ewing, Emma	8 72
286	Bonsfield, Wm C	8 72
287	Woodson, W H	8 72
288	Gray, Robert M	9.56
290	Porter, Alice M	10 09
291	Wilkins, Mary	7 07
	BLOCK 91.	
294	Tate, Dora F	21 03
295	Wilkinson, Alice M	18.99
296	Cary, Annie M	72 45
297	Cary, Jas and Ellen	164 93
298	Vincent, C D	137 52
299	Cameron, Hugh M	18 03
	BLOCK 90.	
300	Schleuter, M L and wife	20 76
301	Schleuter, Jane E	20 77
303	O'Donnell, Margaret	14 03
305	Bontan, Leonard	23 93
306	Anthony, Ethel E A	27 90
309	Deike, Mary	13 66
311	Schleuter, Jane E	14 20
312	Azoveda, Antonia Jose and Maria F	34 76
313	Dos Santos, Joseph D	14 20
314	Fell, Julia	21 05
	BLOCK 89.	
315	Hampel, Fred C	27 90
318	Wheaton, Thomas	3 24
319	Strauss, Gastin	3 78
322	Le Warne, Benjamin F	14 21
323	Lisker, A A	22 43
326	Jacobsen, P F Jr	12 16
328	Orrick, Oliver S	8 72
329	Brown, Andrew	10 78
330	Jewell, Chas C	10 79
331	Toole, Thos J	21 05
332	Lewis, Marianna	14 21
	BLOCK 88.	
333	Wright, Eliza	10 09
334	Kimball, Miranda Jr	3 92
335	Ellis, J H	3 92
336	Scotts, Andrew	7 35
337	Aiken, Jesse L and Thomas W R	7 80
338	Hoffschneider, William	6 00
342	Ryken, Frank	7 01
343	Lopez, Manuel	7 58
344	Kane, Maria A, Emma G, Ella H	13 52
346	Brooks, L	10 08
347	Colby, H H	10 08
348	Pake, George J	5 22
350	Henshaw, Wm G	8 16
351	Hardley, W E and R A	10 08
	BLOCK 87.	
353	Murray, Jessie M	7 59
355	Nicholas, William	4 33
360	Lindsay, John	14 20
361	Donaughy, Mary A et al	21 05
	BLOCK 68.	
362	Bangle, Branson	8 72
363	Tapping, Henry M	8 71
364	Hughes, Humphrey	3 85
366	Olmstead, J M	8 72
367	Davis, Frederick W	10 78
368	Downing, Thomas A	21 05
369	Rider, Mary E	7 35
370	Rossiguire, J G	10 78
372	Parsons, Harriet A	5 99
	BLOCK 67.	
373	Fife, Nettie	14 89
374	Kohler, H A	7 35
375	Duvernet, Rosina	7 35
376	Rowe, H D	10 08
377	Hendricks, Eunice	10 09
378	McCord, Martha E	5 29
379	Dodge, Ellen R	17 76
383	Bartholomew, Emily M	12 50
384	Irvine, Alfred	10 08
	BLOCK 66.	
386	Episcopal Church	21 60
387	Brooks, Lafayette	11 46
388	Carrick, Mrs M A	11 46
389	Carrick, D S	21.61
390	Betterman, Chas and wife	14 20
391	Roeth, Geo	47 91
392	Reed, Nellie E	14 21
393	Tum Suden, Henry	34 29
394	McClintock, Mary D	14 20
	BLOCK 65.	
395	Cameron, H M	22 42
396	Cosmopolitan Mutual Building and Loan Association	14 89
398	Dubernet, Lucien A	14 88
400	Raleigh, L A	21 04
401	McMullin, David	41 61
402	First African M. E. Church of Oakland	14 20
403	Scott, Horatio L	14 20
404a	Equity Building and Loan Association	210 50
404b	Sessions, E C	27 91
405	McGrew, P H	25 10
	BLOCK 64.	
406a	Mann, Agnes G	27 72
406b	Sonoma Lumber Co	7 85
406c	Goddard, Clark L	17 39
407	Ross, Harvey L	10 77
408	Dulcich, Luigi	95 53
409	Adair, Annie	69 65
410	Dixon, William S	124 40
	BLOCK 63.	
411	Edwards, James	21 36
414	Nichols, Juliet E	6 00
415	Hayes, Henry	14 21
416	Hostetter, Frank	27 90
	BLOCK 62.	
418	Northey, V S	15 85
420	Cronin, Ellen	21 89
	BLOCK 61.	
424	Zittlan, August	4 91
425	Olmstead, J M	5 98
426	Eastman, Hannah B	7 04
428	Eastman, Alfred	7 34
429	Fisher, Grace W	9 14
	BLOCK B.	
431	O'Brien, Sarah J	196 89
432	Highland Park and Fruitvale Railroad Co	30 91
432a	25-foot strip in Commerce street, East Fourteenth and East Twenty-second	11 00
432b	R R strip in Commerce street of East Twenty-second	5 75
434	Crist, George F	164 93
	BLOCK 29.	
436	Schley, Philip	7 36
437	Gartland, George	10 09
438	Fay, Harriet A	8 09
439	Moffitt, Jas 6-12; Blake, Mary C 3-12; Blake, Alice S 1-12; Moffit Jas, Blake Mary C, Taylor C L, trustees 2-12	27 45
440	Bauman, Lisette	7 36
441	Bauman, John	7 34
442	Golden Gate Lumber Co	7 36
443	Clark, Mrs. J K	14 20
	BLOCK 56.	
446	Gartland, George	7 35
448	Bauman, J	7 35
449	Holcomb, Myron T	8 39
451	Courbayre, Alex	7:38
452	Sullivan, M	8 37
455	Lyle, M R 1-2, Grant W, M E, F F 1-2	7 85
	BLOCK I.	
457	Hinckman, Mrs M L	5 75
458	Hampel, Fred C	8 37
460	Hampel, Henry	10 78
461a	Thiel, M	5 75
461b	Marshall, Manuel	4 70
	BLOCK 15.	
462	Crist, Johanna ½, R F ⅛, J A ⅛, Clara E ⅛, Frederick G ⅛	150 74
463	Tum Suden, Henry	22 42
464	Larbor, Joseph	19 69
466	Brooklyn Engine Co	16 95
	BLOCK 14.	
471	Frank, Henry ¼, Moses J ¼, Cook, Henrietta, ¼, Hannah ¼	21 06
472	Schimmelpfennig, F	14 20
473	Matthews, Henry	7 36
474	Huff, F L	14 15
475	Brown, Joseph	26 75
476	Page, Frances H	41 61
477	Waterman, E K	7 36
478	Briones, C and wife	7 36
	BLOCK 16.	
480	Sullivan, M	13 10
481	Burr, C C et al	41 60
482	Frank, Henry ¼, Moses J ¼, Cook, Henrietta ¼, Hannah ¼	14 20
483	Nolan, Michael	55 62
484	West, Niels P	8 72
486	Frank, Henry, ¼; Moses, J., ¼; Cook, Henrietta, ¼; Hannah, ¼	14 21
488	Frank, Henry, ¼; Moses, J., ¼; Cook, Henrietta, ¼; Hannah, ¼	14 21
489	Burr, C C et al	14 21
490	Highland Park and Fruitvale Railroad Co	5 99
	BLOCK 17.	
491	Garcia, Frank	21 06
492	Lamb, Cora	7 36
493	Marriotte, Kate P	14 20
494	Brunges, Fred	8 72
495	Schley, Philip C	33 40
496	Maguire, William	7 35
497	O'Connor, Mary and Annie	14 21
498	Weill, Alexander	21 05
499	Graves, Annie H	14 21
500	Nolan, Michael	27 90
	BLOCK 18.	
501	Fonte, Antone	21 05
502	Samento, Antonio G	7 36
503	Hagarty, Josephine	7 36
504	Gilardin, Eugene and wife	7 36
505	Gartlan, George	14 89
506	Silva, John	5 27
507	Smith, John B	10 08
508	Rankin, Aquilla	10 08
509	Frank, Moses J 1-4, Henry 1-4, Cook, Henrietta 1-4, Hannah 1-4	5 28
511	Vincente, Frank J	7 36
512	Everson, Christian J	7 36
	BLOCK 19.	
514	Lamb, James	14 88
515	Schimmelpfennig, Fredk	10 08
516	Huff, S	12 15
517	Mendoza, Antonio Marks	7 36
518	Augustus, Domingo and Caroline	7 35
519	Hampel, Edw J	14 20
521	Cox, Maggie	10 08
522	Rankin, Aquilla	16 99
	BLOCK 20.	
523	Williams, Chas	6 00
524	Mendoza, Antonia Marks	5 96
525	Silver, Mary C	8 73
526	William, Chas	5 96
527	Frank, Catherine	3 23
528	Manhan, A F	5 96
529	Horner, Anna and Decoto Sarah	5 96
530	Brown, Joseph	5 96
531	Augustus, Domingo	3 23
532	Chase, Frank	3 23
534	Talbot, D C	4 81
535	Berry, Julia	11 00
	BLOCK 27.	
539	Gardiner, T M	11 00
540	Tracey, Thomas	4 37
541	Heim, Lena Esbemehl	11 00
542	Brown, Manuel	3 23
543	Silvan, Mary	3 23
544	Fletcher, William O	3 23
546	Rhodehamel, Agnes	3 23
547	Brown, Margaret G	4 37
	BLOCK 28.	
548	Gindo, Manuel and Maria J	14 89
549	Rankin, A	14 89
550	Dingley, Hannah R	21 04
552	Vrooman, A R, wife of Daniel	7 35
553	Levi, Eliza	7 35
554	Gardiner, W J	14 83
	BLOCK 29.	
556	Quinleven, Elizabeth	16 25
557	Higham, Elizabeth	16 25
558	Davis, Mary A	14 21
559	De Wolf, Mary E	11 00
561	Dingley, Laura F	10 09
562	Anderson, Joseph	10 09
563	Allardt, F A	10 09
564	Ahrens, W J	23 78
565	Kobelt, Sophia	7 36
566	O'Brien, Maria	11 00
	BLOCK 30.	
568	Riordan, P W	82 72
569	Riordan, P W	82 71
	BLOCK 31.	
570	Weill, Alexander	22 42

Oakland Tribune

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PICNICS AT SHELL MOUND PARK.
September 13—Independent Rifles Capt. L. Schneider.

UNION LABEL — TYPOGRAPHICAL — OAKLAND, CAL.

Weather Forecast.

SAN FRANCISCO, Sept. 10.—Weather forecast: Fair tonight and Sunday; fresh west wind on the coast.

TWELVE-PAGE EDITION.

SATURDAY....SEPTEMBER 10, 1898.

Good bye to the boys of the Eighth and good luck to them!

The latest arrivals from Dawson City are so completely flattening out, the Klondike boom that it is safe to say the only future rush associated with the Yukon will be the one that is in progress now—the rush to get home. The two extremes of the continent are matched now that there is a North Sea bubble to set off the South Sea one.

The fears that our troops in the Philippines would fall heir to the ills that in the past have incapacitated 75 out of every 100 Spanish soldiers sent there, have been dispelled, for the general health is so excellent that only 150 men out of the entire army of 6,000 are on the sick list. As this is by far a smaller percentage than prevails at Camp Merritt, the matter is indeed one for congratulation, and speaks well for the sanitary methods adopted by those in charge as a result of the good work of the Red Cross Society.

It will indeed be hard luck if, after our glorious victories at Manila, we are compelled to go to war with the insurgents, for while there is no question as to what would be the outcome, the hostilities would be long and grievous. The natives would be a constant source of danger, for by spreading over the entire country they could pursue the annoying tactics that harassed Spain for so many years. In many ways it seems almost a pity that some one did not earn that reward of $25,000 offered by the Spanish Governor General for Aguinaldo's head.

After to-day, Camp Barrett will be a thing of the past, for the boys are off to their garrison duties, and by nightfall the quarters they have occupied so long will be deserted. Col. Park Henshaw is to be congratulated upon the excellent manner in which he has handled his forces while they were here, for the camp was devoid of the scandals that attracted so much unpleasant attention to the military gatherings across the bay. The people of Oakland, too, can feel well satisfied with the way everything went off, for every promise that we made regarding the camp was more than fulfilled.

Mayor Phelan of San Francisco has made his first step towards renomination, his endorsement of the Non-Partisans being a good start towards the goal he expects to reach. Despite all the talk about a rival Democratic candidate being put up by the disaffected element, no such move is likely to materialize, and he will doubtless have a clear road towards his party nomination. The war in the San Francisco Democracy, though, is considered likely to beat the entire ticket from top to bottom, as the Barneyites and Raineyites certainly intend to have some kind of revenge for having been turned down.

The hurricane speed at which we are traveling nowadays is shown by the relegation of the cable to the obscurity long since accorded to the horse-car. Scarcely a quarter of a century ago when the cable car made its appearance and revolutionized travel it was hailed as one of the great inventions of the century. Yet it has already had its day and is gone, for all over the country the cables are being torn up and replaced by electric lines, the latest move in this direction being the announcement yesterday that the celebrated New York Broadway line is to go the way of the others, and be at once replaced by the trolley. As less than half a dozen years ago it was laid at a cost of several millions, it can be seen what enormous advantages are accorded to the new system.

INSPECT THE RESTAURANTS.

While it may be said at the onset that the health officials now in charge of the sanitary affairs of Oakland need no spurring on, for they have already done much record-breaking work, at the same time it is not amiss to make a suggestion prompted by a crusade that is in progress across the bay.

It is as regards an inspection of the many cheap restaurants that abound throughout the city, some of which offer meals that to one who knows anything about market prices cannot possibly be furnished without a recourse to methods outside of what should be. The investigators in San Francisco have, in many instances, unearthed an awful condition of affairs as regards these cheap food dives. Meat absolutely rotten has been found awaiting use in the various stews and hashes offered to patrons for five cents a plate, with accompanying dishes of bread, butter and potatoes, and in some instances it was discovered that these restaurant keepers had made arrangements with butchers whereby they were to be supplied with all the spoiled and refuse meat at a nominal rate.

In addition to this, too, the filth of some of the kitchens proved indescribable. The worst odors of Chinatown could scarcely compare with those of the foul dens in which begrimed cooks and scullions prepared the horrible repasts for the hungering guests in the rooms without, and the whole ensemble was one almost worthy of a chapter in Dante's Inferno. The only excuse that the owners of these vile places had to offer was that they supplied food so cheaply and with so little profit to themselves that they could do no better, some of them taking the stand as far as their customers were concerned, that what the eye didn't see the heart didn't grieve.

Though it is not probable that there is in Oakland a single establishment conducted on so low or vile a scale as those unearthed in San Francisco, at the same time some of them do not look very wholesome, and it would not be time lost if the sanitary inspectors investigated the manner in which they are conducted. Apart from the moral aspect of the affair and the one of sanitation, there is at stake the comfort of the poorer classes of the population who are compelled to eat in such places and their thanks at least will be due to those who are able to give them some assurance that their meals, though cheap and plain, are at least made up of good food cooked with surroundings of cleanliness and in accordance with the ordinary rules of health. Those who give 5, 10 or 15 cents for a meal do not expect anything elaborate—all they want is to have their cravings of hunger satisfied and this should at least be done without any violation of the laws of sanitation.

Ambassador Hay leaves England under perhaps the most pleasant auspices of any representative we have ever had there, for he has performed his duties with satisfaction to America and England alike. The trouble we have invariably experienced heretofore with our Ambassadors to the Court of St. James has been that they have always more or less become anglomaniacs and therefore, though highly acceptable to England have created friction in this country. Take the case of Bayard for instance; he became so anglicized that some of his speeches resulted in an outcry here that he be recalled. Hay however has been diplomatic enough to preserve an even balance. For although he is immensely popular in England, at the same time he has been an American to the backbone in everything he has done. He should make an admirable Secretary of State.

F. K. Shattuck who passed away yesterday as a result of his recent injuries deserves more than a passing remembrance by the community. Though in late years his age and waning strength prevented his anticipation to any great extent in the various active enterprises launched, in early days there were none more alert than he when the general interests were at stake. He believed that the road to wealth lay not in hoarding up money but by circulating it in proper commercial channels and the rich estate he acquired showed that his methods were correct. He was one of the stalwart old pioneers of the State and his death will be mourned in many a home.

The reports from Hawaii of the progress of the Commissioners indicate that there is little fear of any further trouble with the natives. They seem perfectly reconciled to the situation and are only anxious that their interests be protected in the legislation that is about to be enacted for the islands. The Commissioners are giving ample assurance that the United States intends to do the right thing and it is needless to say that that is the spirit with which everyone here desires the legislation framed. We are not taking possession of the islands as a conquering nation but are receiving them as a gift freely offered to the people so the least we can do is to satisfy them in every way possible.

Either the detectives are doing unusually good work in the Botkin case or else some very extravagant claims are being made regarding it, for, according to the way things look now the police have a complete chain of evidence around the accused woman. First there is the similarity between her writing and that on the box of poisoned candy, next comes the knowledge of her jealousy of the victim who was murdered, thirdly, her identification as the woman who purchased the fatal arsenic, then the fact that the handkerchief with which the box was covered was bought in a store where she was a regular customer and finally the declaration that she is identified as the one who purchased that particular box of candy. It seems a little strange that anyone could identify a customer who bought candy three months ago in a store where hundreds of packages are sold daily but then there are often little incidents that make one person stand out prominently in the memory where others are forgotten. The chain of circumstantial evidence is a good one but it is rarely that anyone is sent to the scaffold by that route, especially a woman.

Ireland is certainly entitled to a full share of the honors England is obtaining at the present time, for four of the greatest factors to-day in the preservation of the British Empire hail from the Emerald Isle. They are: Sir Garret Wolseley, Commander-in-Chief of the English army, and one of the best Generals Great Britain ever hand; Lord Roberts, the dashing cavalry leader who is the pride of the English army; Sir Herbert Kitchener, who is winning such fame in the Soudan, and Baron Russell, the brainy, clear-headed Lord Chief Justice of England. They form a quartette of which any nation can well be proud.

The wheat brokers and manipulators were indeed in luck to have a man try to corner the market who could pay his debts when he lost, for the action of the Leiters in digging up the $5,550,000 that Joe quit loser is practically unparalleled. His experience added to the other disastrous failures in the past should be warning enough for every one to keep hands off such propositions in the future but it is safe to say that some other fool will bob up again in the course of a year or two and attempt the same impossible task of trying to cover so enormous a necessity as the grain of the world.

Kaiser William in his speech at Westphalia endorses the Czar's proposition for peace though he figures on securing it in a way exactly opposite to the one the Russian ruler suggests. "Peace will never be better guaranteed than by the German army thoroughly efficient and prepared for war," says William, adding "God grant that we may always be able to care for the world's peace with the keen and well-preserved weapon." That's the kind of peace that a highwayman advises when he tells you to throw up your hands.

For a small country Crete continues to give this world a whole lot of trouble. It was primarily responsible for the Greco-Turkish war and now it is the cause of stirring up an excitement that promises to be even greater than the preceding one. The only way of treating the issue between Christianity and Moslimism seems to be with the sword, for the efforts of our missionaries are jeered at by the followers of the Prophet.

THE LAVIGNE-ERNE BOUT TO BE STOPPED.

Associated Press Dispatches by The Tribune's Special Leased Wire.

BUFFALO, Sept. 10.—District Attorney Kenefick stated last night that it was his intention to stop the proposed fight between Frank Erne and Kid Lavigne which is booked to come off between the Hawthorne Athletic Club Monday night.

Captain Carson Better.

Police Captain Frank Carson has improved rapidly since the operation for appendicitis which Dr. Dunn performed Thursday afternoon. At that time his condition was such that little hope was entertained for his recovery, but a strong constitution and a successful operation saved his life.

Malaria Cured

All Medicines Failed Except Hood's Sarsaparilla

Improved with the First Dose—Now Entirely Well.

Malaria is caused by bad air, bad water, bad drainage, which make bad blood. Hood's Sarsaparilla cures malaria by purifying the blood. Read this interesting statement:

"I was confined to my bed with malaria. I could not take strong medicines, owing to my condition, and everything I took failed to help me. At last I decided to try Hood's Sarsaparilla. After taking it a short time the malaria was entirely gone and I have never had it since. I began to improve with the very first dose of Hood's Sarsaparilla. I am now strong and well." MRS. A. M. WOOSLEY, Delano, California. Remember

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Hood's Pills are the best after-dinner pills, aid digestion. 25c.

LOUIS D. RYAN HEARD FROM AT SANTA BARBARA.

The Missing Berkeley Student Writes to His Chum.

Encinal Recreation Club's Billiard Tournament at Alameda.

BERKELEY, Sept. 10.—The mystery of Louis D. Ryan's disappearance from the University last Sunday has been cleared up. His room mate, William Carlson, has received the following letter from him, bearing no address or date, but postmarked Santa Barbara, September 7th:

Dear Carlson: I realize now just what I have done and I feel terribly. The worry must have gotten away with me. I cannot account for it. I cannot go back to Berkeley. Please send my trunk to the Pacific Transfer Company at San Francisco. The key is in one of my pockets. My outfit you can use through the year. Then I will decide what to do with it. I am just completely discouraged now and don't know what to do.

L. D. RYAN.

Ryan was a student in the College of Mines and Mining, and an industrious one, too, but the poor fellow became possessed of the idea that he was going to fail in his examination and worried over the matter till his mind became unbalanced. Carlson says there was no reason for Ryan's fears, as his entrance to the college was assured.

ALAMEDA NOTES.

ALAMEDA, Sept. 10.—Thursday evening E. W. Mudgett and George N. Tyler played the first two of the series of billiard games for the championship of the Encinal Recreation Club. Mudgett won the first game and Tyler the second. The final game will be played next Monday evening. In a couple of weeks the club will hold a double handball tournament.

Three companies of the Boys' Brigade of Alameda marched out to Leona Heights yesterday and went into camp. The lads' parents and friends have organized a commissary department to supply the boys with extra rations, so there is no fear of their going hungry. They will remain in camp several days.

There is considerable difference of opinion among the volunteer firemen as to how the relief fund should be divided. Each company received $325.50 as its share of the fund, and some of the men think the money should be apportioned according to the time served, while others hold that the only equitable plan is to divide it share and share alike.

The third open meeting of the Encinal Literary Society, held Thursday evening in the parlors of the Congregational Church, was a very enjoyable affair. The following interesting programme was rendered: Song by club, "The Spanish Cavalier;" remarks by President Chamberlin; duet, Harry Greenwell and E. Ward; address, Fred Van Meter; violin solo, Will T. Locke; recitation, Edgar Ward; song, W. W. Bradford; address, Kiah Hamilton; piano solo, Clarence Bradford; song, "On the Banks of the Wabash," club. Refreshments were served in generous supply. A number of applications for membership in the society were received.

DROWNING OF TWO NEWSPAPER MEN.

Perish With Their Guides By the Upsetting of Canoes.

Associated Press Dispatches by The Tribune's Special Leased Wire.

QUEBEC, Sept. 10.—Carl Smith, who wrote the "Fired at Random" column in the Chicago Record, and Louis Haas, sporting editor on the same paper, have been drowned in the heavy rapids of the Grande Discharge by the upsetting of their birchbark canoes. They were on a holiday tour. The Grande Discharge is the outlet of Lake St. John, for which resort the newspapermen had left here Wednesday morning.

The Vache Caille, where the drowning occurred, is opposite the lower point of Alma island, where the waters of Grande and Little Discharge unite to form the head of the Saguenay river. At low water the rapids are often shot by Indians in canoes. But the water being high the guides objected to the trip until urged by the deceased. When one canoe upset the other went to its assistance and was also swamped. Both guides were drowned.

Mr. Smith was well known through the West, and at one time was managing editor of the Omaha World-Herald.

Freedom of Speech.

Tomorrow evening M. W. Wilkins, editor of the official organ of the Socialist Labor party on this coast, who was arrested last Monday night at Tenth and Broadway for attempting to make a speech, will deliver a lecture at Grand Army Hall, 415 Thirteenth street, near Broadway, on "Freedom of Speech."

Pensions Allowed.

Pensions have been allowed in Washington to Henry Buck, $8; Catherine Buck, $8, and Cornelius Doherty, $6—all of Oakland.

Runaway Sent Home.

At the request of his parents, Fred Tucker, the runaway boy from Stockton, was shipped to his home on the steamer last evening.

STILL WORKING FOR THE CAUSE OF SUFFRAGE.

Women Organize to Carry on the Local Campaign.

Equality Society Will Try to Put Candidates on Record.

There was unusual activity about the rooms of the Humane Society on Tuesday afternoon when the Alameda County Political Equality Society held its annual meeting and election of officers. After the meeting had been called to order by the president, Mrs. Isabel Baldwin, reports of the several officers and presidents of the auxiliary clubs were read.

The year has been a quiet one, as there has been no opportunity for active work.

Letters have been written to the various aspirants to the Governorship, and several diplomatic replies were read at the meeting.

The Society has also busied itself in raising money to aid the National Suffrage Association in its work—an effort which has been met with most gratifying success.

The local clubs have pursued a course of study along lines of sociology and economics, thereby better fitting the members for citizenship when it shall have been obtained.

The following officers were elected: Honorary president, Rev. J. K. McLean; president, Mrs. H. J. D. Chapman; vice presidents—Mrs. C. L. Wood, Miss Bertha Shafter, Mrs. Emily Vrooman, Mrs. S. C. Sanford, Mrs. J. A. Waymire; recording secretary, Miss Mary Keene; corresponding secretary, Mrs. Randolph; treasurer, Mrs. C. W. Emery; auditors—Dr. Carra B. Schofield, Miss Clara Schlingheyde.

The Society also chose the following delegates to the State convention, which will be held in San Francisco on October 4th: Mrs. Isabel A. Baldwin, chairman; Miss Mary S. Keene, Mrs. I. B. C. Woodhams, Mrs. John L. Burnside, Mrs. C. L. Wood, Mrs. J. A. Waymire.

Unusual interest was manifested in the preparations for the State Convention, which this year is to be a jubilee celebration of the fiftieth anniversary of the first Woman's Rights Convention, held in Seneca Falls in 1848.

The ladies all pledged themselves to help to make this celebration a success.

The best of feeling pervades the meeting. Loyalty to the cause and confidence in its success were the prevailing sentiments.

COULD NOT CONVICT RODDEN AND WALSH.

Jack Rodden and A. L. Walsh, who were charged with disturbing the peace and assaulting Julius Lufleur with a deadly weapon at long wharf on July 31st, were found not guilty this morning by Judge Wood in the Justice's Court.

Owing to the absence of several French sailors who were present at the row, which occurred in Fege & Henning's saloon, sufficient evidence was not produced to convict them.

Lafleur, the bartender, testified that Rodden had been buying beer in the afternoon till his money was gone and then assaulted him because he would not let him have any more.

Rodden testified that he made no assault upon Lafleur, but that he had threatened to inform Mr. Hennings of the way in which the drunken sailors were allowed to conduct themselves, whereupon Lafleur attacked him and beat him over the head with a stick.

Walsh testified that he was not a party to the affair in any way.

On this showing their cases were dismissed, subject to further prosecution should the French sailors be found.

John W. Stetson appeared for the prosecution and W. H. O'Brien for the defense.

ROBERT KUERZEL MAKES MANY FRIENDS.

A Canvass For Treasurer Which Extends All Over the County.

Robert Kuerzel, the well known tobacconist and cigar maker at the southwest corner of Broadway and Eighth streets, who is well along in his candidacy for County Treasurer, is making many new friends and cementing the acquaintance which has extended with may people who have known him for more than twenty years. Mr. Kuerzel is known not alone here, but all through Alameda county, where he has done a thriving business for many years. Mr. Kuerzel in his canvass is putting into it the same energy and intelligence which he has always shown in his private affairs, and his friends are gratified with the good impression which is making upon the public.

The Tell-Tale Hands.

She was an unusually pretty woman, as some New York women are, and she was going uptown in a Broadway car. Just how old she was was not apparent on the surface, and the uninformed would have put her age anywhere from 28 to 35, the men all choosing 28 and the women 35. But one man talking to an old fellow in the corner said she was 38.

"How do I know?" he said, in response to the remonstrance of his gallant old companion. "Look at her hands. A woman's hands as infallibly tell her age as do a horse's teeth tell his. That is to say, not to the day and month, but close enough to make her uncomfortable if she sees you looking at them and knows they are tell-tale. They don't show it in women under 25, though if you will look at the back of the hand of a girl of 17 and then at the back of a hand seven years older, I think you will note a difference. After 30 the difference is remarkable. There are some women of past 40 who are prettier and younger looking than many ten years their juniors, and to look at faces and figures you would never know which was older. But look at the back of the hand for age marks if you want to get actual results. I don't know why a woman's hand should shrink and wrinkle on the back alone while yet her face is fair and her figure plump, but it does, and you need only watch hands to prove conclusively to yourself that while a woman herself may lie about her age, her hands will not. And what is true of New York women is true of the entire sisterhood, with only sufficient exceptions to prove the rule."

Shortened Lives.

Almost all persons die of disappointment, personal, mental or bodily toil or accident. The passions kill men sometimes even suddenly. The common expression "choked with rage" has little exaggeration in it, for even though not always suddenly fatal, strong passions shorten life.

Strong-bodied men often die young, and weak men usually live longer than the strong, for the strong use their strength and the weak have hardly any to use—the latter take care of themselves, the former do not.

As it is with the body, so it is with the mind and the temper—the strong are apt to break, or, like the candle, run; the weak burn out.

Man, of all animals, is one that seldom comes up to the average. He ought to live 100 years according to the physiological law, but instead of that he scarcely reaches an average of four times the growing period. The reason is obvious—man is not only the most irregular and most intemperate, but the most laborious and hard working of all animals.

He is always the most irritable, and there is reason to believe, though we cannot tell what an animal secretly feels, that, more than any other animal, man cherishes wrath to keep it warm, and consumes himself with the fire of his own reflections.—Pearson's Weekly.

Deafness Cannot Be Cured

By local applications, as they cannot reach the diseased portion of the ear. There is only one way to cure deafness, and that is by constitutional remedies. Deafness is caused by an inflamed condition of the mucous lining of the Eustachian Tube. When this tube is inflamed you have a rumbling sound or imperfect hearing, and when it is entirely closed Deafness is the result, and unless the inflammation can be taken out and this tube restored to its normal condition, hearing will be destroyed forever; nine cases out of ten are caused by Catarrh, which is nothing but an inflamed condition of the mucous surfaces.

We will give One Hundred Dollars for any case of Deafness (caused by catarrh) that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure. Send for circulars; free.

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Ellerson, 1163 Broadway. Notice the fine display in windows. 25c Seasides for 10c.

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Is not in Alaska. It is on Twelfth street, between Broadway and Washington streets. Never mind the numbers. It is a gentleman's resort. There is music, Anheuser Busch beer direct from the East. Any lunch to order, and a dining room for families. C. H. Kuck.

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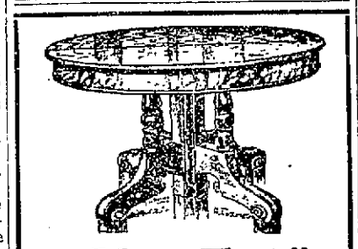

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THE HURRYING FEET OF WOMEN

at the new-born infant's cry, tells the story of woman's sympathy for her sister-woman. If women would only spread the medical gospel, that a woman is unfitted for wifehood and motherhood as long as she suffers from weakness or disease of the distinctly womanly organism, there would be less necessity for the sisterly sympathy that a woman receives when she is in the throes of child-bearing.

A woman who is thoroughly strong and healthy in a womanly way has to suffer comparatively little pain and sickness when she becomes a mother. Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription acts directly on the delicate and important organs that bear the burdens of maternity and gives them health, strength and elasticity. It allays inflammation, heals ulceration and soothes pain. It banishes the discomforts of the fainthearted period and makes baby's advent easy and almost painless. It insures the newcomer's health. Over 90,000 women have testified to its marvelous merits and many of them have permitted their experiences, names, addresses and photographs to be printed in Dr. Pierce's Common Sense Medical Adviser, so that other women may learn of this wonderful medicine. Good medicine dealers sell it.

"I am now real well," writes Mrs. Lillie Hibbard, of Merrill, Lincoln Co., Wis. "I have been doing my own housework, including washing and ironing. I hardly ever feel the pain in my side unless I lift hard. I took four bottles of Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription, one of 'Golden Medical Discovery' and two bottles of 'Pleasant Pellets.' I have not been taking any medicine for over two months. This is the first time I have been well enough to do my work for over three years. Your medicine is all that helped me."

Send 21 one-cent stamps, *to cover cost of mailing only*, for a paper-covered copy of Dr. Pierce's Common Sense Medical Adviser. Cloth binding, 10 cents extra. Address Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y. It is the most popular medical work in the English language; it contains a thousand and eight pages, and over three hundred illustrations. It is a great storehouse of valuable information—a veritable medical library in one volume.

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First quality French bread delivered to all parts of Oakland, Berkeley and Alameda. Loaves made to order for camping parties. French rolls made to order.

HOW THE DISTRICT FIGHTS WERE SETTLED.

Today's Conventions Fill the Gaps on the State Ticket.

Betting on the Gubernatorial Result—Offices the Democrats Expect to Win—Political Gossip of All Sorts.

(Specia to the Tribune.)

SAN FRANCISCO, Sept. 10.—With the Fifth Congressional convention and the nominations for Board of Equalization, First District, and Railroad Commissioner, Third District, that are being accomplished here today the Republican State ticket will be completed and the campaign will be on in full swing. The contests for the three places in question have naturally engaged considerable attention during the week, and as they are all to go to San Francisco it has kept the local talent remarkably busy.

The conventions have not been held at the time this is written, but it looks like a certainty that Loud will be nominated for Congress in the Fifth, Lou Brown for Board of Equalization in the First and ex-Sheriff Laumeister for Railroad Commissioner in the Second. There may possibly be some new moves on the political checkerboard during the next few hours that may change things around again, but unless there are, everything will go as here outlined, for such is the understanding at this hour.

There has been a good deal of conubiating to reach these results. Take the Congressional fight first. At the beginning of the week it looked like an equally balanced triangular contest between Murphy, Loud and Wolfe. The Loud people were perhaps the most confident of the three, because they were satisfied that their man had elements of strength that none could take away from him, whereas the other two had, of course, to divide up the rest between them. However, both Wolfe and Murphy were sanguine, their principal reliance being based upon the fact that Loud was opposed by the local powers, to-wit, Col. Burns et al. Murphy figured that all this strength would come to him, and strange to say, Wolfe had a like idea, the result being that neither of them had anything like the following he was estimating.

However, to cut a long story short, as the week wore on every one discovered that Loud was so well entrenched with his forces that it would be impossible to dislodge him, so the inevitable was bowed to and he was conceded the nomination. Murphy will now switch his pull to a fight for the Republican nomination for District Attorney, and Wolfe will content himself with remaining in the State Senate for a while longer.

* * *

And now as to the First Board of Equalization. When Chesebrough announced that he would not be a candidate for renomination there was naturally a rush for the place, prominent among the candidates being ex-Assemblyman George Dixon, ex-Sheriff Laumeister and ex-Supervisor John Lackmann. Chesebrough was understood to be throwing his influence to Lackmann, but as Laumeister had very pronounced local strength, it looked as if the fight would be a remarkably pretty one, especially as Dixon, who was early in the field, is no novice at the business.

The tide of supremacy waged first in one direction and then in another during the days following the State convention, and it looked as if there would be something like a deadlock, when all at once, on Wednesday of this week, Secretary of State Lou Brown was injected into the contest. And thereby hangs a tale.

When the Republican forces assembled at Sacramento and the Gubernatorial fight was in its early stages it was discovered that although Gage had a majority of the delegates and plenty to spare, at the same time Pardee, Flint and Brown all had enough votes tied up to them to make a respectable showing. Now the Republican managers were extremely anxious to leave Sacramento this year without bitter feelings on the part of any one, and they realized that the best way to accomplish this was to have Gage's nomination made by acclamation. Then came the question of how could this be brought about.

The memorable conference between Major McLaughlin, Col. Burns and others of the party leaders that lasted far into the morning of the day before the nomination was to be made, brought a solution to the difficulty. It was decided then that the best way would be to placate all the other candidates by compromising with them on something else acceptable to them. It was realized that when it was pointed out to each of them the utter hopelessness of his candidacy the half a loaf that was better than no bread would be taken, especially as being all good Republicans they would not be inclined to have any grudge against the man who had been fortunate enough to carry off the prize.

Senator Flint was the first one disposed of. It had been hinted to him some time before that if he would accept second place on the ticket he could have it without the asking, for as a matter of fact the party managers would have been glad to have him there, owing to his great popularity throughout the State as a Native Son, Mason, and so forth. Flint, however, had promptly rejected the offer, saying that he would sooner be a working member on the floor of the Senate and have his vote, rather than be possessed of the somewhat empty honor of presiding, so that was out of the question. It was also certain that no office could tempt him, for he is a wealthy man, and is not in politics for what there is in it.

But if he wanted nothing for himself, he probably had a friend whom he would like to see provided for, and it was on this tack that the placaters went and succeeded. A lively scramble was in progress for Clerk of the Supreme Court and it looked like any one's fight. Among the candidates was one from Senator Flint's home, to-wit, George W. Root of San Benito. The managers offered to secure the nomination for Root in return for Flint's friendship and support, the proposition was accepted, and thus it was that all Flint's votes were secured for Gage and the rest of the coalition ticket.

* * *

Then there was Pardee, and it looked for awhile as if it would be impossible to get around the fact that he was determined to get as big a complimentary vote as possible, so as to lay the foundation for his candidacy four years from now. Furthermore, he had expressed his determination to stay in to the last, and they knew that he was a man who kept his word.

It is said, though, that there is a road everywhere if it can only be found, and the managers soon hit upon the one by which they could reach his heart. The argument was advanced to him that if he sought a complimentary vote they would bend every energy towards turning it in some other direction, if not to Gage, to one of the other candidates, thus preventing Pardee from making a first-class showing. This was one point but it was by no means the trump card.

Everyone knows what it was and how successfully it was played. It was pointed out to the doctor that by withdrawing he would create such a favorable impression, not only in the convention, but throughout the State at large, that it would do him immeasurably more good than any complimentary vote he could get. Furthermore, he was told that under such conditions he would be the logical candidate for Governor four years hence, and would get the support of those who were then opposing him. The doctor saw the point of the argument, accepted, and that citadel was therefore also captured.

* * *

And now came Brown, last but by no means least. There probably never was a man who had a bigger bump of self-confidence than Lou Brown. Although his friends, when they saw the way the current was running, told him that he had not even the ghost of a chance of securing the nomination, he still insisted that he had, and with a pencil and a piece of paper he would show how he absolutely held the balance of power in the convention, from his way of figuring. As it was a settled fact that a number of delegates would stand by Brown to the last, it looked for awhile as if he would be the hardest of all the candidates to consent to the unanimous proposition.

A suggestion was made that he be given the nomination again for Secretary of State, but this was promptly rejected for two reasons—first, because he had repeatedly announced that he would not accept it; and secondly, because it was impossible to turn down Curry in view of the many alliances formed. After deliberation it was decided that the best thing that could be done would be to give Brown positive assurance that he would be individually well cared for later, and this, it is said, was given him personally by Colonel Burns.

Brown was satisfied with this. The representations that he could not possibly win, and a desire not to sacrifice his friends among the delegates, added to the promises given regarding himself, were sufficient, so he withdrew his name, thus assuring the nomination of Gage in the way wanted.

* * *

The next question that arose was, how should Brown be provided for. A rumor was current for a while that in the event of Gage's election the retiring Secretary of State would become executive secretary to the Governor, and then came the proposition to run him for Sheriff of San Francisco. This latter project, though, did not seem inclined to work very well for Ed Head had been laying his lines pretty closely for that particular nomination, and to inject Brown into the arena meant a red-hot set-to.

The nomination for the Equalization district was then brought to mind, and proved to be just what was wanted. Brown is unquestionably very strong in San Francisco, as was proved by the great run he made there when out for Secretary of State, and it would take a popular man to offset the personal following of ex-State Controller John P. Dunn, who is on the Democratic ticket for the place. The only thing to be arranged of any consequence was to get ex-Sheriff Laumeister out of the way, and this was done by switching him into the Railroad Commissionership in the Second district, a change that was perfectly satisfactory to him.

And thus it was that was brought about the arrangement that will be perfected in the district conventions today, unless, as was heretofore stated, some unanticipated changes are made before the afternoon is over. It can be regarded as certain, therefore, that if some other person but Brown is nominated in the Equalization district, there has been another general overhauling of matters all along the line, something that at this late hour is not very likely to occur.

As for political matters in general, there is little to add to what has been chronicled from day to day in the papers. The week has been a very busy one for both the candidates, especially Maguire, as owing to the appointment of his campaign committees, he has been kept on the go all the time. Gage has been taking matters somewhat easier in his southern home, but it is a case of the calm before the storm, because he is putting his business affairs in shape there so that he can devote all his time to the demands of the campaign.

It is rarely that there has been such a wide divergence of opinion regarding the result of the Gubernatorial election as is manifested this time, for the Maguire men are vehemently positive that their candidate cannot be beaten, whereas the Gage forces are equally as sanguine regarding the southerner. Considerable betting is already going on here over the result, every wager up to date having been made at even money. Some of the Maguire people claim that they have $50,000 to bet in sums of from $5 up that he will be elected, but there is not much of the money in evidence as yet. It is believed, though, that this campaign will be the liveliest from a betting standpoint of any that has taken place in late years, as the devotees of each cause express a willingness to back their opinions with coin later on.

* * *

Outside of the Gubernatorial fight there is not any very exceeding interest being taken in the contests for State offices, for in the main they are conceded to the Republicans by all. There are a few places, though, where the Democrats expect to be able to break in, one of them being as regards the Supreme Justices. They figure that they will elect Conley beyond a doubt, and as some Republicans are inclined to share their belief, the question that is being asked is which of the two Republican nominees—McFarland or Van Fleet—will go under. Opinion is absolutely divided on the subject, so, if other people's views are to be taken as a criterion, the contest may be regarded as an absolutely even thing.

The only other place on the State ticket proper that the Democrats think they have a good fighting chance for is Secretary of State, and this they base on the hope that the opposition that has been created to Curry in the metropolis will result in his losing San Francisco by several thousand votes. Should this occur, they think that Thompson will be able to hold him down as far as the country is concerned, and win out.

As regards the Congressional and district fights, these are the ones the Democrats expect to win, no matter how blackly Republican the year may prove:

Congress—Second district, De Vries; Fourth district, Barry; Seventh district, Castle.

Board of Equalization—First district, Dunn; Third district, Beamer.

Railroad Commissioner—First district, La Rue; Second district, Hinton.

* * *

There are five Republican nominees who it is generally conceded are as good as elected already. They are Jake Neff for Lieutenant Governor, Ed Colgan for Controller, M. J. Wright for Surveyor General, Tirey L. Ford for Attorney General and Truman Reeves for State Treasurer. Neff will win because of his personal popularity outside of his party strength. Colgan and Wright have the prestige of former victories and good administrations. Reeves has the old soldiers with him to a man, and Ford has the north at his back solid. Ford is making good headway, too, by his canvassing throughout the State, for no one has a better knack of gaining friends, and furthermore every one who knows him is aware of the fact that the State could not have a better man in the place.

* * *

U. S. Grant has taken a trip to Humboldt county in the interests of his Senatorial campaign. Instead of being unknown to the politicians of the State save by name, he will soon have one of the largest acquaintances in California if he keeps going at his present gait.

Leon Dennery is conceded to be in command of the Senatorial situation in the district heretofore represented by Mahoney. Ex-Senator Williams is also mentioned as a candidate, but Colonel Burns is behind Dennery, and that gives him all the best of it.

R. M. Wood has, like Caesar, thrown away a crown. He was given the Republican nomination the other day for Assemblyman from Fresno county, but has declined it. B. K. Smith of Clovis has therefore been named in his place, and as Smith was a member of the State Senate of Iowa before coming to California, he will be a valuable man in the Legislature, owing to his experience.

There is considerable speculation as to when Governor Budd will appoint the other Bank Commissioners. Despite the hard fight that has been made against Harry Patton of Los Angeles, he is said to be slated for one of the places.

Paris Kilburn is regarded as a likely appointee for Harbor Commissioner in the event of the election of Gage. He has been making a bid to get the Federal position of Shipping Commissioner, but Gwin seems to be firmly entrenched under the civil service rules and has already held on for over a year more than his original term.

Major McLaughlin had planned a trip to Japan with his family this year, but has been urged to forego it and remain in charge of the State campaign. The party leaders were anxious that he should retain his position as chairman of the State Central Committee, so he has practically agreed to their persuasions and will defer his trip to the Orient until after the legislative session is over anyhow.

Colonel Bassett is busying himself as much with Gage's campaign as he did when Markham ran eight years ago. Some say that history is to repeat itself regarding him, and that he will receive a Harbor Commissionership from Gage just as he did from Markham's hands.

Colonel Burns has decided not to return to Mexico until about April next. He will not only see the State campaign through, but will, according to the present programme, remain until the legislative session is ended.

The Republican State Central Committee has had to enlarge its quarters in the Palace Hotel by two extra suites, so as to keep pace with the demands of the campaign.

Leo Fairchild, who stumped the State with Estee four years ago, is out again in the East as a professional political orator. He is studying law, and after he gets his sheepskin will locate in New York, Boston or one of the other large Eastern cities.

HATTON.

FEEDING NEW ENGLAND.

Western Products in Favor.

A Battle Creek food concern (The Postum Cereal Company, Limited,) are sending a prepared food called Grape-Nuts to Boston by the carload. The New England people are proverbial for the care with which they select food, and these Grape-Nuts appeal strongly to them as the article is made to supply a need for a pre-digested and toothsome food, and something different from the ordinary soft mushes. They are known to possess in a concentrated form, the most valuable elements of nutrition.

HOTEL ARRIVALS.

Gallindo Hotel—H. M. Lewis and wife, San Francisco; N. Gooding, San Francisco; D. E. Chercweth, Marten's Opera; James F. Peck, Marten's Opera; J. B. Mullis and wife, Fort Jones, Siskiyou; D. G. Coy, Oakland; Mrs. D. Coy, Oakland; Miss Stone, Stockton; A. Armstrong, San Francisco; T. O. Rourke, San Francisco; W. M. Storey, Oakland.

Crellin Hotel—Miss G. S. Kokeritz, Oakland; J. A. Clark, Livermore; C. F. Hielitz, Fort Costa; P. M. Niffert and wife, San Leandro; A. A. Nickerson Jr., San Francisco.

Hotel Metropole—Gen. Claude Schmur, Squedingue, Texas.

Albany Hotel—Mrs. E. W. Steele, Oakland; Mrs. E. L. Parker, Hartford; Mrs. Greenman, Elmhurst; C. W. Howard, Madera; A. G. Manley, Grass Valley; J. Hansen, San Francisco; J. Baker, San Francisco; W. A. B. Foster, San Jose; H. Francis, Oakland.

Will Burn Smoke.

A new smoke consuming device will be placed on the Piedmont power house within a few days. The invention is that of John L. Howard, a stockholder in the Piedmont and Mountain View Railroad Company. He has taken out patents on the device in this and foreign countries. It is intended to make the combustion of the coal in the furnaces complete by feeding sufficient air to the grate through tubes, somewhat on the plan of forced draft as used on the war vessels and other steamers. A test of the smoke consumer has been made at the Edison Electric Light Company's works in San Francisco, and it has proven a great success.

J. T. Latimer Dead.

After an illness of nearly two months J. T. Latimer died at his residence, 1510 Ninth street, last evening. Deceased had conducted a grocery store at Sixteenth and Market street for several years, and leaves besides his wife a son and daughter. The funeral will take place tomorrow at 2 P. M., from the First Baptist Church. Mr. Latimer was a deacon in the church.

Disturbed the Peace.

Employes of the Oakland wood yard caused the arrest yesterday of William Ludlow, Thomas Kennedy and Charles Mitchell at First and Jefferson streets on charges of drunkenness and disturbing the peace.

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GOLD CROWNS, 22k	3 50 up
BRIDGE WORK, per tooth	3 50 up
SILVER FILLING	25c up
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ETERNAL TRUTH PROCLAIMED IN MANY PULPITS.

Interesting Subjects For Tomorrow's Sermons.

Clergymen Returning From Their Vacations in the East.

FROM THE DARK CONTINENT.

Continuation of the Rev. Dr. Graif's Sermons on the Racial Ideas.

The sermons tomorrow in the local pulpits will be more interesting than they have been for some time. The people who have been sojourning in the mountains and along the streams of the State are returning and the same is true of the pastors, who have been in the enjoyment of rest and recreation elsewhere. As a consequence, there will henceforth be fuller auditoriums and fewer pulpits filled with outsiders and students.

In a few weeks all the wanderers will have returned and then the fall and winter's work of salvation will be entered upon with the usual energy and devotion.

The Rev. W. S. Bannerman will speak in the First Presbyterian Church tomorrow night on his "Experiences Among the Cannibals of Africa." Mr. Bannerman has lived and labored on the "Dark Continent" for a number of years, is a most interesting speaker and has been heard with pleasure by many of the largest congregations in the country.

First Presbyterian Church—Corner of Fourteenth and Franklin streets. Pastor, Rev. R. F. Coyle, D. D. Services at 11 A. M. and 730 P. M. In the morning Dr. Coyle will preach on the subject, "A Drifting Life and a Directed Life." In the evening there will be a missionary service of very great interest, when the Rev. W. S. Bannerman will speak upon the subject, "Experiences Among the Cannibals of Africa." Mr. Bannerman will describe his own experiences.

First Free Baptist Church—On Twenty-first street between Brush street and San Pablo avenue. Services at 11 A. M. and 7:30 P. M. In the morning the pastor, Rev. Philip Graif, D. D., will preach on "The New and Untrodden Ways of the Religious and the National Life," and in the evening on "The Peculiar Aspects and Distinctive Features of the Persian and the Greek Worship," being the third of a series on the great racial types and ideals of religion.

St. John's Episcopal Church—Floyd J. Mynard, rector. Fourteenth Sunday after Trinity. Services at 7:45 and 11 A. M. and 7:30 P. M. Morning subject, "Like-mindedness," Labor Day theme.

Fruitvale Presbyterian Church—Rev. E. E. Clark, pastor. Services at 11 A. M. and 7:30 P. M. subject of morning sermon, "Child Training;" subject of evening sermon, "What California Needs."

First Christian Church—West street, near Twelfth. T. D. Butler, pastor. Preaching service 11 A. M., "Giving Unto the Lord;" the Lord's Supper, 12 noon; Bible school, 12:30 P. M.; Junior Endeavor, 4:45 P. M.; Senior Endeavor, 6:30 P. M.; evening service, 7:45 o'clock, "Final Contrasts." Prayer meeting Wednesday evening. All are cordially invited.

First English Lutheran Church—Sixteenth street, corner Grove street. Divine worship Sunday 11 A. M. and 7:45 P. M. Rev. Dr. Bushnell is expected to arrive from the East in time to occupy the pulpit morning and evening. The public cordially invited.

Theosophical Society—Lecture by J. H. Griffes, subject, "Life's Little Ironies," in Theosophical Library Hamilton Hall, corner Thirteenth and Jefferson streets, at 8 P. M. Lotus group for children at 11 A. M.

St. Paul's Church—Rev. R. Ritchie, rector. Fourteenth Sunday after Trinity. Holy communion, 8 A. M.; Sunday school 9:45 A. M.; morning prayer and sermon, 11 A. M.; evening prayer and sermon, 7:30 o'clock.

First Church of Christ, Scientist—At Loring Hall, Sunday at 11 A. M., subject, "Matter;" evening at 7:45 o'clock, subject, "Sinfulness is Captivity."

Zion's German Evangelical Lutheran Church—J. H. Theiss, pastor. At 10:45 A. M. subject, "Christ Healing the Ten Lepers." Services in Lorin Hall at 7:45 P. M.

Tenth avenue Baptist Church—The pastor, Rev. C. M. Hill, will preach. Subjects, 11 A. M., "Providence;" 7:30 P. M., "Through Interpreter's House to the Cross,' the second in the series on "Pilgrim's Progress," illustrated with first-class stereopticon views.

Union street Presbyterian Church—Morning, communion service conducted by Rev. H. D. Brasefield, pastor. Evening, preaching by Herbert Thomson, subject, "Confessing Christ."

First Congregational Church—Rev. Charles R. Brown, pastor. Morning service, "The Law of the Spirit of Life;" evening service, "Christianity and the Public Schools." This is the fifth sermon in the series on "A Working Christianity."

Reorganized Church of Jesus Christ of Latter Day Saints—Montana Hall, Adeline station. Sunday school at 1 P. M.; preaching, 2 and 7:45 P. M. Seats free. No collections. Questions answered.

First Baptist Church—C. H. Hobart, pastor. Topic at the morning service, 11 o'clock, "God's Care in Little Things." Evening subject at 7:30 o'clock, "An Empty Pocketbook, Yet Rich."

Watchers Meeting—There will be services at Gospel Tent Sunday at 3 P. M. Subject, "Prophetical Matters."

"God or Atheism, Which?"—The first in a series of five addresses to be given to men at the Young Men's Christian Association Sunday afternoons, beginning tomorrow at 3:30 P. M., will be on the above topic by Rev. James Curry, D. D. A chorus of young men conducted by Putnam Griswold, will lead the singing. All men are invited to attend.

At the Church of the Advent (Episcopal), Rev. V. Marshall Law rector. Morning prayer at 11 o'clock and sermon on "What of the Future?" In the evening at 7:30, evensong and sermon on "Stimulants and Narcotics"—alcohol, opium, tobacco, tea and coffee chemically and physiologically considered.

The Psychical Society meets in Fraternal Hall, Washington street, at 8 P. M. Mme. Florence Montague will conduct the services.

ARGENTINA AND CHILE BELLICOSE.

The Boundary Dispute May Yet Result in a Conflict.

Associated Press Dispatches by The Tribune's Special Leased Wire.

NEW YORK, Sept. 10.—A dispatch to the Herald from Buenos Ayres says:

Negotiations between the commissions appointed by Argentina and Chile to settle the boundary dispute have been suspended because the Chilean commission would not concent to the insertion of existing treaties in the reports which are to be presented to both Governments and eventually to the arbitrator.

There has been a lively interchange of dispatches between Buenos Ayres and Santiago. This Government has decided to insist upon a strict enforcement of existing treaties.

SUTER WILL GO TO THE ATLANTIC.

Exchange of Places Between Division Engineers of the U. S. A.

Colonel Charles R. Suter, Corps of Engineers, U. S. A., who has had charge for several years of the United States Army engineering on the coast, and more especially that of the Oakland harbor, has been relieved from duty as Division Engineer of the Pacific division. The change will take effect October 15th.

Colonel Suter will then transfer temporarily to Major William H. Heuer, Corps of Engineers, U. S. A., the works now under his charge, and will proceed to Boston to relieve Colonel Samuel M. Mansfield, Corps of Engineers.

Colonel Mansfield, upon being relieved by Colonel Suter, will proceed to San Francisco and assume the duties of Division Engineer of the Pacific division.

INVITATION TO PRESIDENT M'KINLEY.

The Board of Trade, through its secretary, Craigie Sharp, has sent the following letter to President McKinley:

"Oakland, Cal., September 8, 1898.

"His Excellency William McKinley, President of the United States of America—Dear Sir: Learning from press dispatches that you have in contemplation a Western tour, we extend to you a cordial invitation to visit our city and State, with full assurance of a hearty and enthusiastic welcome. Though compared with the East, our people are few in number, yet we have a country fairer than Italy and capable of supporting a population equal to that of France.

"We feel that by visiting us you will come in touch with our people and understand more fully the needs of a great and growing State, and thus forward the interests, not only of the far West, but those of our beloved country.

"E. A. HERON, President.

"C. SHARP, Secretary."

He is Generous.

The proceeds of the popular lecture on "Psychology and Relaxation" to be given next Monday evening by Professor William James of Harvard University are to be turned over to the County Teachers' Benefit Association, through the courtesy and generosity of County Superintendent of Schools J. P. Garlick.

Death of Robert Cooke

Robert Cooke, a native of Ireland, aged 73 years, died Thursday at his home, 2241 Magnolia street. Deceased was the father of Rev. W. H. Cooke, formerly pastor of the Fourth Congregational Church, and had resided in the vicinity for forty-five years. For some years past he had not been actively engaged in business. His wife survives him.

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D. J. BROOK, Manager

Some Fish Talks

will appear in the Tribune soon which it will pay the public to read and understand.

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Sojourners in Places of Rest Return Home.

Re-Awakening of Life in the Leading Social Circles

TESTIMONIAL TO MRS. PIERCE.

Warm Rivalry on the Links Affords Lovers of Outdoor Sport Much Pleasure.

There really is little to tell you about this week, other than the home-comings of our friends and the few affairs which have enlivened the days since last Friday. The future is the promising time we are looking forward to. There are parties, receptions, and all the other social functions we can think of at our fingers' ends—to say nothing of the few late, but nevertheless interesting weddings, brought to the front.

Sam Lovett and Susie Hobart, who have been so devoted for such a long time are at last determined to be wed. Miss Hobart is a charming young lady and an elocutionist of remarkable ability, while Sam, who by the way is manager of the Press Clipping Bureau, is known to all of the older High School contingent. The date of the wedding has not yet been settled, but it will be before the rain spoils the chances of a swell church function.

* * *

And speaking of weddings, reminds me that Harry Masterson, the lumber merchant, and Maud Miller of Alameda, plighted their troth last Thursday night. Though the wedding was a very quiet affair, it nevertheless was a decidedly pretty one. None of the intimate friends were present, owing to the illness of Maud's mother. The young couple is now at Highlands and according to accounts are having a fine time. I'm sure they deserve it, for they each have done much toward making others happy.

* * *

And of course you know Isabelle Taylor and Clyde Carmen are shortly to be married. It has been expected all along, but the engagment is now definitely announced. Belle is the daughter of Judge Taylor and the sister of Felton Taylor, the stalwart footballist. Clyde Carmen has a good start in the business world and enjoys a large acquaintanceship. The date is set for November, and the place, St. Paul's Church. There is also to be a large reception at the home of the bride, directly following. The Taylors know how to entertain in such approved style, that I am looking forward to the reception as a great treat.

* * *

The "Fortnightly" dances are again to be revived and the days of the old Deux Temps are to be enjoyed. The "Fortnightly" was really the "Saturday Evening" of last year, and club of trouble of other years. The members of the organization—that is, those who attend the dances, are of the younger set, but they have as patronesses, chaperones, etc., some of our most careful matrons. The ladies who will take charge of the affairs this winter are: Mrs. R. W. Gorrill, Mrs. A. W. Havens, Mrs. George W. Baker, Mrs. F. M. Smith, Mrs. H. C. Taft, Mrs. E. H. Kittredge, Mrs. H. P. Gregory, Mrs. J. E. McElrath, Mrs. E. B. Beck, Mrs. H. K. Belden, Mrs. Prentiss Selby, Mrs. W. E. Sharon.

Well, I wish them success and an enjoyable season.

* * *

Thursday evening Grace Gorrill gave a very charming dinner complimentary to Allen Chickering, who is so soon to leave for Harvard. The guests were some of the most intimate friends and as they all know each other so well, the dinner was doubly enjoyable. The color scheme was red, for Harvard, you know. Among Miss Grace Gorrill's guests were the Misses Bessie Palmer, Irene Baker, Jean Howard, Pauline Fore, and Georgie Lacy, Messrs. Allen Chickering, Bishop, Oscar Gowing, Ben Bakewell, Dixwell Davenport and Silas Palmer.

* * *

The luncheon given by Miss Grace Sanborn at Fruitvale was indeed an elaborate affair. The affair was in honor of Miss Nellie Grant, daughter of Ulysses S. Grant, Jr., who now wants to be a Senator, or something like that. The elaborate color scheme of pink was artistically carried out—in fact the decorations showed great taste and cleverness. The girls all wore picture hats, and some of them looked quite stunning. Among the guests were Misses Nellie Grant, Elsie Marwedel, Ray Wellman, Susan Sanborn, Emma Grimwood, Bessie Doherty, Laura Sanborn and Miss Mason.

* * *

Last Saturday evening Mrs. J. T. Carothers was hostess. The "chafing dish supper," over which she presided, was as enjoyable as it was original. Pauline Schultz, who was, but who now is Mrs. Frederick William Weinberg, was the guest of honor. There were speeches, after dinner affairs, you know, and the wit was indeed a treat.

Mrs. George W. McNear also entertained on Saturday. It was just an informal afternoon affair, but was very enjoyable. Quite a number of her most intimate friends were the guests.

* * *

Of course we all know about the Tomlins concert. It was a big musical treat, but I won't bore you with details. However, I cannot help saying a word about Mrs. Alfred Abbey. She has a truly wonderful voice and it is continually improving. Her numbers were of the most enjoyable on the entire programme. The audience was one of fashionability in the extreme. Among the many I saw there were Mr. and Mrs. Albert Miller, Paul Miller, Miss Annie Miller, Mr. and Mrs. John L. Howard, Mr. and Mrs. Mark Requa, the Misses Herrick, Mr. and Mrs. John A. Britton, Miss Little, Misses Crellin, Mrs. Robert Watt, Mr. and Mrs. Orrick, Mrs. W. E. Sharon, Mr. and Mrs. Hinckley, Mr. and Mrs. E. Bishop, Mr. and Mrs. Charles Cook, Mr. and Mrs. W. S. Goodfellow, Donald Y. Campbell.

* * *

I met Will Fine on the street a few days ago and I asked him what Mrs. Fine was going to wear at her recital next Friday night. He told me what it was as well as he could describe it, and I tell you it will be swell—you know I have always been an admirer of Mrs. Fine as a dresser. But of course I have been a greater admirer of her voice and I know there is a great treat in store for me Friday. I am going to get around to Sherman Clay's early so I can get good seats. I am so glad they are reserving them, as there is going to be a big rush and I hate this crowding at the door. Hope to see many of our set present.

* * *

Mrs. Henry Wetherbee is home again and now she intends entertaining the dear old women of the Old Ladies' Home. Mrs. Wetherbee's Fruitvale grounds will be given over for the day to the guests, and it goes without saying the event will be a truly delightful one.

* * *

Mrs. J. A. Folger and her son Athearn have returned from Del Monte.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. Jack Hampton will spend the winter in Humboldt county.

* * *

Miss Mary Verdon has come back from Los Angeles, where she was the guest of Mrs. Bradbury.

* * *

Mabel Clare Craft is back from Honolulu, where she has made a pronounced success in her literary work.

* * *

Everybody is home and we'll have a gay winter, I'm confident. This is encouraging and no one is happier than

THE MEDDLER.

PLEASANT RECEPTION.

The reception tendered the Freshmen class in the First Congregational Church, Berkeley, was a very enjoyable affair. The rooms in the church were adorned with greens and flowers intermingled with the U. C. colors, blue and gold. During the evening the following programme was rendered, after which refreshments were served: Creole Lovers' Song," Dudley Buck, Harry Taylor; soprano solo, Miss Mary Chester William; violin solo, Miss Gertrude Weld Hibberd; baritone solo, Rev. George E. Hatch; recitation, Miss Holmes; soprano solo, Miss Mary Chester Williams.

The committee of arrangements comprised Misses Lulu Mills, Holmes, Ella Brunnell, Jennie Gilbert, Fern West, Bessie Cummings, Daisy Henderson, and Richard Hazelton.

The reception committee was Misses Brunnell, Jennie Gilbert, Louise McKee, Messrs. Oscar Barber, Earle Swan, Daniel Wood, Loye Miller, Clarence Peck, and Horace Henderson. The programme was arranged by the Misses Grace, Annie, and Maude Winter.

ARMSTRONG-COLLINS.

Miss Margurite Collins and E. T. Armstrong of Livermore were married at St. Michael's Chuch in that place, Thursday, September 1st, Rev. Father Power officiating. Only immediate friends and relatives were present. Miss Mamie Armstrong attended the bride, while J. Collins acted as best man. Mr. and Mrs. Armstrong will spend their honeymoon in San Francisco.

A SURPRISE PARTY.

Miss Annie Johnson was tendered a pleasant surprise party at the home of her parents in Tesla, the occasion being her departure for Santa Rosa where she will enter a business college.

Among those present were the Misses Anna Johnson, Ellen Goulding, Lillie Merritt; Josie O'Leary, Hattie Johnson, L. Evans; Messrs. Robinson, G. Johnson, John Galvin, G. Robinson, Earnest Hockyard, and Mr. Peters.

ENGAGEMENTS.

The engagement of Miss Lulu Underwood of Tucson, Arizona, and Lincoln F. Denison of Los Angeles has been announced. Both of the contracting parties are former residents of this city. Mr. Denison is employed by the grocery firm of Newberry & Company, Los Angeles.

Announcement has been made of the engagement of Miss Caroline Frear, daughter of Rev. and Mrs. Walter Frear, to Dr. Frederic Burk of Santa Barbara. Dr. Burk is Superintendent of Schools in Santa Barbara.

The engagement has been announced of Miss Minnie Walker and Edward Engs. Miss Walker is the daughter of Dr. and Mrs. Charles H. Walker and a sister of Mrs. Wickham Haven.

MORILLO-HOOKER.

Miss Burnett Hooker of this city and Edward Morrillo of San Leandro were married by Judge Clift on August 29th. After the ceremony, Mr. and Mrs. Morillo departed on a bridal tour through the southern part of the State.

BARTELS-ROBINSON.

Miss Lettie Robinson and William H. Bartels were married at the home of the bride's parents, 1060 Oak street, last Monday evening, September 5th. The ceremony was performed by Rev. Robert F. Coyle. Miss Emma Knapp was bridesmaid and William E. Hoogs best man. Only the relatives of the contracting parties were present at the ceremony.

SCOTTISH PICNIC.

Clan Macdonald's annual picnic took place on Friday at Leona Heights. Unlike previous years, this picnic was more of a large family gathering rather than an assembling of the general public. Many useful prizes were competed for in the running, jumping, and tug of war events.

COMING NUPTIALS.

The pretty wedding of Melville S. Badt of Nevada City and Miss Della Tobriner, of this city will take place tomorrow evening at 6 o'clock in Golden Gate Hall, San Francisco. Miss Alice Tobriner, sister of the bride, will be maid-of-honor, and the Misses Hattie and Flora Tobriner and Miss Selma Badt will be bridesmaids. Little Meryle Badt will act as the ring-bearer. Messrs. Melville Tobriner, Joseph Goldstone and Charles Misch are to be ushers. The bride is the pretty daughter of Mrs. Ida Tobriner of 764 Ninth street, and Mr. Badt is a successful business man of Nevada City.

GOLF CLUB EVENTS.

The game of golf is now in full swing with the members of the Oakland Golf Club. The large number of entries for each game that is scheduled leaves no doubt as to its popularity among Oakland's society people.

On Monday last there was a hotly contested "gentleman's foursome" for individual trophies. The prize winners in this contest were H. Wingate and Vail Bakewell.

Yesterday afternoon a large gathering assembled at the golf links, Adams Point, to witness the ladies' contest for the golf cup.

The game began at 1 o'clock P. M., with Miss Florence E. Dunham and Miss Marie F. Dean opponents, in the first set.

After a hard contest Miss Dunham was declared the victor.

Following this came a match between Miss Agnes K. Duff and Miss Juliet W. Garber, which was won by Miss Duff.

The third match, between Miss Belle Mhoon and Miss Marguerite Joliffe, resulted in "byes" for each.

The final contest for the cup was then undertaken by Miss Dunham and Miss Mhoon. After a hard struggle, in which many brilliant plays were executed, the palm of victory was awarded Miss Dunham.

This makes the second time the gift cup has been won, but each time the victor has been a different person.

Before it leaves the club it must have been won three times by one lady.

After the ladies' contest, a gentlemen's sweepstake was inaugurated, and the sport continued till 5 o'clock.

The prize winners in the sweepstake were George Greenwood, who took first prize, and Ernest Folger, second prize. The following are the names of some of the contestants George McNear, P. E. Bowles, Ernest Folger, Athern Folger, George Greenwood, George Wheaton, H. M. A. Miller, Fred Stratton, C. O. G. Miller, James McKee, H. J. Knowles, Mark Requa, Vail Bakewell and A. S. Macdonald.

On October 1st the contest for the Tibbetts cup will take place.

On Saturday last eight members of the Oakland Golf Club, together with their caddies, visited the golf links at Burlingame, where they were very handsomely entertained by the members of the Burlingame Golf Club at their beautiful clubhouse.

Later on an eighteen-hole match was played on the links, the Oakland Club being successful in carrying off the honors.

The Oakland players were H. M. A. Miller, George Greenwood, C. O. G. Miller, R. M. Fitzgerald, D. F. Belden, G. P. Gow, C. B. Wingate and C. P. Hubbard. The Burlingame Club's representatives were John Lawson, J. Tobin Jr., George A. Pope, J. Tobin, J. R. Robinson, Captain Payson, and C. R. Scudder.

Up to last Saturday the lowest score on the Burlingame links was 45, held by John Lawson. During the competition between the two clubs Lawson reduced the score to 41. After the contest Lawson went over the course again with Coach Melville of the Oakland Club and by some wonderful play brought down the score to 37 strokes. Melville made the same record.

WILL ENTERTAIN.

Lyon Corps, No. 6, will give an entertainment and dance Tuesday evening, September 13, 1898. The Veteran Reserves have kindly volunteered to assist in the programme which will be as follows: Drill, by Veteran Reserves; patriotic song, Miss Emma B. Wells; comic song and recitation, by Phil Sheridan; German recitation, Otto Schmidt; parody on Sherman's Ride, J. C. Darnell; Irish song, J. H. Vincent; recitation, "Ode to the Flag," H. H. Woodruff; recitation, F. W. Hunt.

This entertainment is given for the benefit of the relief fund, which is used only in assisting the needy veteran and the dependent ones.

OAKLAND AT THE FAIR.

Last Wednesday night was Oakland and Alameda night at Irish Fair in San Francisco. Oakland was well represented and many people from Alameda were also present. John H. Cregan of this city was chairman of the evening and in an eloquent opening speech, introduced the speaker of the evening, Judge J. J. Allen of this city. The efforts of both gentlemen were well received and loudly applauded.

Mr. Buckley, the manager of the Fair also made a few remarks. Several of Oakland's benevolent organizations were well represented. The Hibernians turned out in large numbers.

Among their most prominent members were J. C. Murphy, the county president; E. T. Murphy, the ex-county president, and P. Dooly.

The Wolf Tone Club of Oakland turned out very strong, as also did the St. Patrick's Alliance of America.

Among those prominent who were there was Judge J. J. Allen, J. H. Cregan and wife, Ex-Chief Louis Schaffer and family; J. C. Murphy, Peter Hanrahan, Patrick Flynn, P. J. Delehanty, Thomas Crowley and wife, Michael Dinneen and family, Mrs. Herlihey, P. J. Ryan and family, Chief Rodgers of Alameda, John Lyons, John Kelly, Captain O'Laughlin Col. Hamilton, Joseph Healy, John Murphy, Owen Rooney, Martin Ryan and family and a number of others.

A GOLDEN WEDDING.

Mr. and Mrs. Stephen Fletcher of Alameda celebrated their golden wedding at their residence, 2255 Central avenue, Wednesday night. They were married in South Boston, on September 7, 1848. Their four daughters and Mrs. Charles Dickinson, the bridesmaid of fifty years ago, assisted the old couple in receiving and entertaining the guests. Among their two hundred friends assembled to offer congratulations, were some who knew them in Boston and others who had been present at their silver wedding twenty-five years ago. Twelve of their seventeen grand children and their only great-grandchild, Werner Hoyt, were also among the happy party.

Refreshments were served under the direction of Mrs. Daniel Weeks, assisted by Mrs. Slosson, Mrs. M. French, Mrs. Captain Porter, Dr. M. E. Ritter, and Miss Jennie Palmer.

ROYAL
Baking Powder
Most healthful leavener in the world. Goes farther.
ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., NEW YORK.

COMPLIMENTARY DINNER.

Last Thursday evening a dinner was given by Miss Grace Gorrill complimentary to Mr. Allen Chickering, who leaves shortly for Harvard College. As a little compliment to Mr. Chickering, the decorations were all in red, the Harvard color.

It was a very successful affair. Among the guests were the Misses Bessie Palmer, Irene Baker, Jean Howard, Pauline Fore, and Georgie Lacy. Messrs. Allen Chickering, Oscar Gowing, Ben Bakewell, Dixwell Davenport, Silas Palmer, and Mr. Bishop.

PATRIOTIC SOCIABLE.

Mrs. J. T. Carothers gave a red, white and blue "chafing dish supper" last Saturday evening, in honor of Mr. and Mrs. F. W. Weinberg, nee Shultz. The decorations were all in red, white and blue flowers, and the American flag was everywhere visible.

After supper, speeches and music added to the enjoyment of the evening.

Those present were: Mr. and Mrs. F. W. Weinberg, Mr. and Mrs. J. F. Weinberg of Colarado, Mr. and Mrs. J. Shultz, Dr. and Mrs. Kroterzyne, and Mr. and Mrs. Carothers.

AN HONORED NAME.

Miss Nellie Grant, daughter of Ulysses S. Grant of San Diego, has been visiting in Fruitvale. Miss Grace Sanborn entertained a number of friends at her home, at a luncheon complimentary to Miss Grant.

It was a very pretty affair, and the decorations for the occasion were in pink. The young ladies present were: Miss Nellie Grant, Miss Elsie Marwedel, Miss Ray Wellman, Misses Susnan and Laura Sanborn, Miss Emma Trinwood, Miss Mason, and Miss Bessie Doherty.

AN AT HOME.

Mrs. George W. McNear, Jr., had a very enjoyable "at home" last Saturday afternoon, at her pretty house, 107 Thirteenth street. The affair was very informal, only the young married friends of the hostess being present. Everyone had a thoroughly enjoyable time.

SUPRISE PARTY.

An enjoyable surprise party was given the Misses Helen and Glenn Bovard of Alameda at their home on Central avenue Monday evening by a number of their friends. It was a farewell meeting, as the family is soon to leave Alameda.

The evening was made merry by the game of progressive anagrams. The prize winners were Miss Olive Taylor, who took the first prize, and Miss Maud Wittman, who won the booby prize. Among these present were: Misses Olive Taylor, Tillie McCulloch, Cora Anderson, Mary Jackson, Maud and Grace Wittman, Sadie Innes, Elsie and Alice Gunn, Helen and Glenn Bovard; Messrs. G. and E. Innes, M. E. Gaines, R. A. Meserole, H. Jackson, Dr. C. J. Stephens, P. Bordwell, C. Weymouth, W. Thompson, W. Bacon.

BIRTHDAY PARTY.

An enjoyable birthday party was given Ralph W. Putzker of Berkeley last Saturday by a number of his young friends. Games and dancing followed by refreshments made the evening pass very pleasantly. Among those present were Misses Clara and Amy Fuller of San Francisco, May and Evelyn Kennedy, Agnes Farrell, Elsie Kirk, Julia and Nellie McKusick, Mrs. Putzker, Misses Anita and Florence Putzker, and Messrs. Herbert Hume, Charles McNulty, Daniel Hobson of East Oakland, John Schultz, Fred Bryen, Charles Garrison, John Waste, Robert Stewart, Leo Putzker and Ralph W. Putzker.

ENGAGEMENT ANNOUNCED.

The engagement has been announced of Sam P. Lovett and Miss Susie Hobart. The announcement will be received with a great deal of pleasure by friends who have known the prospective groom and bride. Mr. Lovett is the San Francisco manager of Vallerio Press Clipping Bureau, a position which he fills in a most able manner. Miss Hobart is a dramatic reader of exceeding talent and her ability has been displayed in various lines of her entertaining art. The date of the nuptials will be announced later.

A RECEPTION.

The Ladies' Missionary Society of the First Presbyterian Church of Berkeley gave a very pleasant reception to Mrs. Thompson, the former president of the society, at the home of Mrs. Robert Stewart of Dwight Way. The afternoon was agreeably passed in social intercourse, listening to music and enjoying refreshments.

BOAT CLUB RECEPTION.

The Alameda Boating Club gave a reception and high jinks last Saturday evening in honor of their victorious crew, the "Spiders." Over 200 guests were present, including representatives from all the boat clubs in that vicinity The evening was passed very enjoyably with songs, recitations, addresses and a generous supply of refreshments.

ECCLESIA AND FORUM.

A reception was tendered the Ecclesia and Forum members of the Berkeley High school at the home of Mr. and Mrs. J. L. Scotchler on Atherton street. An enjoyable time was experienced by all present in listening to good music and short talks on the betterment of the societies. After the entertainment refreshments were served. Miss Belle Scotchler and Miss Agnes Farrell favored the guests with musical selections. Besides the Ecclesia and Forum there were present Dr. and Mrs. Piehn, Dr. and Mrs. Senger, Professor and Mrs. Wickson, Professor and Mrs. Perham, Professor and Mrs. Clark, Mr. and Mrs. Richards, Miss McLean, Miss Brehm, Miss Bartling, Professor James, Professor Wood, Mr. Gompertz, and Professor Waterman.

BERKELEY RECEPTION.

The green and white reception tendered the freshman class by the Trinity M. E. Church of Berkeley was largely attended and proved quite a success. Over 200 guests were entertained and served with ice cream and cake of green and white colors. The rooms of the church were also adorned in these colors. Those present enjoyed the following musical numbers:

Song, "Asthore" .....Mr. Cogswell
Violin solo ....Mrs. Ewar
Song, "Love is so Sweet"..... .....Miss Coyle
Song .....Mrs. Taylor
Violin solo .....Mrs. Ewer

The committee of arrangements and reception consisted of Misses Bertella Fergusson, May Bentley, Linscott; Messrs. Raymond Curtis, Wayne McCloud and Martin.

The decorations were under the direction of Mr. Housman.

STUDENTS' RECEPTION.

The Baptist Church of Berkeley gave its yearly reception to the students of the University of California, and a very pleasant evening was passed in the parlors of the church. The color scheme of decorations was red and green, and had a pretty effect with long rows of Chinese lanterns. A short musical programme of vocal and instrumental selections was followed by a liberal supply of ice cream and cake, during which conversation became quite animated.

MARTIN-FERGODA.

Miss Emma L. Fergoda and Emanuel S. Martin of Livermore were quietly married at the parsonage of St. Michael's Church on August 31st. Rev. Father Power officiated at the ceremony. The couple was attended by a cousin of the groom from Napa, and Miss Mary Fergoda, the bride's sister. Mr. and Mrs. Martin will make their home in Tassajara valley.

GOOD WORK RECALLED.

There was no lady connected with the Masonic festival which was held in San Francisco in May last, who was more energetic in the work which she undertook, and who was more successful in carrying out that work, than Mrs. W. Frank Pierce of this city. Mrs. Pierce was chairman of the Booth Committee and the devotion which she displayed not alone caused many persons to marvel but succeeded in pouring into the treasury of the undertaking a sum of money which will be the means of putting into the walls of the Masonic Widows' and Orphans' Home at Decoto many a stone and brick which had otherwise never found lodgment there. Mrs. Pierce's work was appreciated by her associates, wondered at by friends, and admired by all.

Proof of this appreciation was given Thursday night, at Mrs. Pierce's home 1389 Harrison street when the lady was called on by a number of women associates in the work with Charles L. Pierce at their head. The ladies were the chairmen of the respective booths at the fair and they desired to testify in some expressive manner to the excellence of the work of their principal. This expression took the form of an illuminated testimonial which was presented in the name of the ladies by C. L. Pierce.

On one upper corner was an emblem of the Masonic order. The other was turned down and bore the monogram of its recipient. Across the top were the words, "Mrs. W. Frank Pierce. In loving remembrance of the Masonic festival, May 9th to 14th, 1898." Below were the names of the donors and a picture of the Home at Decoto.

The presentation was a surprise, and, after the effects of the giving had been overcome, Mrs. Pierce spoke a few words of thanks. The names of the donors on the card were as follows: Mrs. J. K. Willats, Mrs. W. N. Pearce, Mrs. H. L. Nickels, Mrs. J. Tomingson, Mrs. A. A. Batkin, Mrs. A. T. Fletter, Miss A. Voorsanger, Mrs. E. C. Malgren, Mrs. T. J. Merwin, Mrs. M. B. Searles, Mrs. C. L. Pierce, Mrs. Julius Kahn, Mrs. Dr. T. Flint Sr., Mrs. F. B. Ogden, Mrs. H. A. Kline, Mrs. S. S. Kahn, Mrs. A. M. Roehrig, Mrs. C. L. Marais, Mrs. Val Schmidt, Mrs. H. J. Sadler, Mrs. J. Martin, Mrs. T. L. Hill, Mrs. J. S. Emery, Mrs. J. F. Logan, Mrs. C. M. Hunt, Mrs. William Boyer, Mrs. G. E. Dorn, Mrs. E. Hills, Mrs. G. P. Larn, Mrs. A. Schlesinger, Mrs. J. Tomingson, Mrs G. Shankland.

A LADIES' BAZAAR.

The Ladies' Auxiliary of the First Hebrew Church is planning for a bazaar, to take place during the last week in October.

Mrs. Sol Kahn, the president, will preside and Mrs. Bernstein will be the treasurer. The following ladies will have charge of the various booths: Mrs. Henry Kahn, the Ferris wheel; Mrs. Letter, the refreshment booth; Mrs. Magnes, the ice-cream booth; Mrs. Bloomberg, the dolls booth; Mrs. Marcuse the cigar booth.

There will be a booth where sofa pillows will be sold, under the charge of Mrs. Levy.

Mrs. Abrahamson will preside over the flower booth, and Mrs. Hirshberg will personate Rebekah at the well. Mrs. Alexander will have a fish pond, and to Miss Scheeline has been assigned the fancy work booth. A large crowd and an enjoyable time is expected.

PROF. BACON AT THE EBELL.

The lecture which was to have taken place last evening in the Ebell rooms, was postponed and will take place tonight. William Greer Harrison was to have given the address of the evening, but, owing to his unavoidable absence from the State, Professor Bacon will deliver a lecture on "History." A fine musical programme will be presented.

FOR THE LITTLE ONES.

Mrs. Robert Watt and the ladies interested in Kindergarten work are very busy with new projects for helping the West Oakland Kindergarten. The little members of the "Thimble Bee Club" have been helping with all their little might and the nice club rooms are open to the little ones.

The new "Kitchen Garden" scheme is progressing, and the managers hope to make a great success of the undertaking. The little girls of the "Thimble Bee" Club entertained their friends at the opening of their new rooms with music and dainty refreshments. The little workers are Edith Beck, Kathleen Finegan, Irene Bange, Christine English, Martha Coffin, Bessie Fillmore, Mary Hyde, Edith Downing, Bonnie Downing, Ruth Kales, Rose Kales, Louise Belden, Nadine Belden, Katherine Hyde, Elsie Schilling, Noelle de Golla, Ruth Houghton, Lilly Isaacs, Louise Hall, Clarise Lohse, Lily Reed, Beulah Bingham, Clara English and Gladys English.

SHAKE INTO YOUR SHOES.

Allen's Foot-Ease, a powder for the feet. It cures painful, swollen, smarting, nervous feet and instantly takes the sting out of corns and bunions. It's the greatest comfort discovery of the age. Allen's Foot-Ease makes tight or new shoes feel easy. It is a certain cure for sweating, callous and hot, tired, aching feet. Try it today. Sold by all druggists and shoe stores. By mail for 25c in stamps. Trial package FREE. Address, Allen S. Olmsted, Le Roy, N. Y.

A PLEASANT TEA.

Miss Tucker was the hostess at a delightful tea given at the Golf Club house this afternoon from 3 to 6 o'clock. A number of people was entertained during the afternoon. After drinking of the "cup that cheers but does not inebriate," and having a chat with old friends, the guests wandered over the pretty grounds and altogether had a very pleasant afternoon.

PERSONAL AND SOCIAL.

Miss Raymond will give the third lecture with Mrs. John Randolph Fanell, 1119 Brush street, on Monday, September 12th, at 3 o'clock.

The Verein Germania will give an entertainment and dance to-morrow evening at Harmonie Hall, Alameda. During the evening the following will take part in the farce "Er Soll Dein Herr Sein," Henrietta Warnke, Ludwig Warnke, Meta Muller and Max Horwinski, Jr. After the farce, dancing will take place.

The children of the Sampson Parlor of the Junior Auxiliary of the West Berkeley Red Cross gave a concert at Sisternia Hall, Thursday evening, which was well attended and proved quite a success. The proceeds will be devoted to the benefit of the organization.

W. J. Emigh of Rio Vista, and candidate for County Treasurer of Solano county, is visiting his parents on Albion street for a couple of days.

Mrs. Montague and her daughter, Miss Mary, have returned from abroad and are the guests of Mr. and Mrs. C. H. Redington.

Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Hampton will spend the winter months in Scotia Humboldt, where Mr. Hampton has business interests.

Mrs. J. A. Folger and Mr. Athern Folger have returned from Del Monte.

Miss Annie Clay and Miss Margaret Sinclair have returned from a pleasant visit at the Kittridge home near Saratoga.

Captain and Mrs. Edwin Goodall have gone for an extended trip to Alaska.

Doctor and Mrs. George Augur are in Honolulu and will make the Islands their home for the future.

Hon. Fred S. Stratton has returned from Del Monte.

Mrs. Remi Chabot is at St. Helena, where she will probably stay through the autumn.

The Companion Social Club of Berkeley, the ladies auxiliary of the Court University, will give a grand ball and entertainment on Friday evening September 30th.

The Berkeley High School will give an entertainment at Shattuck Hall September 23d, to defray their athletic expenses.

Mrs. J. E. Fischer of Alameda is back from a trip to Santa Rosa and vicinity.

Dr. Kempf of Indiana is the guest of Dr. Freidman of Alameda.

Miss B. Gallagher and Miss Humphrey of Alameda leave to-morrow for Santa Cruz to attend the annual convention of the Catholic Ladies' Aid Society, which opens Monday.

Dr. James Sunderland and wife of East Oakland, together with their daughter, Miss Laura Grace Sunderland, returned yesterday from a three months' Eastern tour.

A party of East Oakland young people took a pleasant trip yesterday on the gasoline launch William D. The launch left Session's Bay at 9 o'clock A. M. and proceeded on its way to San Quentin, the destination. A bountiful lunch was supplied by the young ladies of the party and was enjoyed by the members en route. San Quentin was reached early in the afternoon, and the sight seeing at the prison was indulged in, after which the party started on its homeward bound journey. The members of the party were A. B. Haskins, Edna Comstock, Felton Taylor, Mrs. F. Taylor, Harry McCoy, Mabel Smitten, John H. Fuller, Grace Gibson, Charles H. Lovell, Mrs. C. H. Lovell, Grand D. Warren, Mrs. Violet Wakefield, H. M. Keller, Eugene Thurston, Ina Haskins, Philip Eisenmann, Walter Vem, Emma Haskins, Mr. and Mrs. A. Haskins, M. P. Dusenbury, Lelia McKillican.

Misses Agnes, Edith and Matilda Burke have returned from a pleasure trip in Napa county.

Mrs. Thomas Jefferson Ross of Hermosa, Sierra county, New Mexico, is visiting her mother, Mrs. Burke, 616 Telegraph avenue.

SPECIAL ANNOUNCEMENT

On Monday, Sept. 12th we will open a

Ladies' Tailor-Made Suit Dept.

It will be first-class in every particular and under the management of an experienced tailor and his assistants, who come to us with the best of London and New York recommendations.

This department is established in response to a demand which is almost universal for such work and our reputation is a sufficient guarantee that everything will be done in a first-class manner.

TAFT & PENNOYER

Broadway and 14th Sts.

SERVICES WILL BE HELD BY MASONS.

To-morrow morning at 11 A. M. commemorative services will be held by the Masonic lodges of this city and the cities around the bay at Mountain View Cemetery. The services will be conducted at the grave of J. C. Ainsworth, Past Master of Multnomah Lodge No. 1 of Oregon. Fifty years ago the first lodge on the Pacific Coast was founded, and the late J. C. Ainsworth was the first Master.

The services will be conducted under the auspices of the Masonic Veterans' Association of the United States and Chapter Rose Croix, A. and A. S. R. National President of the Masonic Veterans' Association, E. A. Sherman, will officiate.

All Masons are invited to assemble at the gates of the cemetery at 10:45 A. M.

ENDEAVORERS MEET AT HAYWARDS.

The Quarterly Convention of the Alameda County Christian Endeavorers was held at the First Presbyterian Church in Haywards yesterday. A large number of people were present, many coming from the very outskirts of the county to attend the convention and lend a helping hand to the Endeavorers.

After devotional exercises, an address of welcome was delivered by the Rev. Dr. Lyons of Haywards. He said that the Haywards Endeavorers had made preparations to entertain 500 delegates and wished all to feel at home and have a good time.

Henry Hillard followed with a talk on "The Necessity and Value of Personal Work," which was listened to with great interest. A discussion on "School of Methods" then took place in which C. M. Warner, R. B. Gaylord, Miss Grace Fisher and S. W. Condon participated.

An address by State President George P. Lovell on "Enthusiasm" closed the morning session.

The afternoon discussion was on the floating societies, and in the evening there was an address on "Christian Citizenship," followed by a very enjoyable social.

A FINE SEASON FOR LOCAL CANNERIES.

The Oakland canneries have almost finished the annual run for the season. There is a great demand in the foreign market for California fruits, and it is believed that every cannery in the State will make money.

The Hickmott cannery, the largest in Oakland, will send more than half of the season's output to Great Britain, and the remainder will be placed on the Eastern market. At present it seems as if this season will be an especially good one for the cannery men.

COPPER RIVER DID NOT PAN OUT.

The rumors that gold is to be found on the Copper river for the looking have not been confirmed by Sidney Williams and Stanley Cameron, two young Oaklanders who have just returned home.

They report that hundreds of miners are now stranded there, and that there is absolutely nothing in the country to warrant the wild rush to that section, or the many tales that have been told of its fabulous richness.

Oakland Wins.

Oakland played fine ball at San Jose yesterday. A great crowd witnessed the game, which was won from San Jose by a score of 2 to 1.

A SLIGHT COLD OR NEGLECTED COUGH often attacks the Lungs. "Brown's Bronchial Troches" give immediate and effectual relief.

Cot Beds, & Mattresses.

Bed lounges, sofa beds, at H. Schellhaas, 408 Eleventh st.

Thibault and the Barnes.

E. F. Thibault (years an expert bicycle repairer) is in business for himself with the agency for the "Barnes" (the white flyer). It would be prudent for bicycle buyers to see his wheel; it would be a pleasant duty for his friends to call at his agency, 375 Twelfth street.

"My Cake is Dough,"
Did not use Sperry's Flour.

CASTORIA.
The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

Golf Goods
CLUBS, BALLS, CADDIE BAGS
ETC.
—Manufactured by—
The Bridgeport Gun Implement Co.
Agency 425-427 Market St., S. F.
W. A. SEAVER, Agent.

NATIVE SONS TREATED TO A BIG BARBECUE.

Beeves Butchered to Make a San Jose Holiday.

Clam Bake and Chicken Feast Arranged for the Ladies.

OAKLAND BOYS PLAYING BALL.

Many Visitors Leaving But There Are Plenty Left for the Fun Tomorrow.

SAN JOSE, Cal., Sept. 10.—The natives were late in appearing on the streets this morning, as yesterday and last night had demanded much activity. As a natural result, therefore, they were sleeping some this morning.

The chief feature of the programme today was the barbecue and bullshead breakfast at Agricultural Park. Seats with cups, plates, glasses, knives and forks were arranged for 1,000 at a time, by 11:30 a thousand had had breakfast, and the tables were shortly filled again. Five beeves were barbecued, besides thirty-six bullsheads. Baked beans without limit, coffee, butter, bread, 500 pies, and beer was served in abundance to all.

No great number of ladies were present, as a clam bake and chicken barbecue at Alum Rock Park for their special benefit will be given tomorrow morning.

Arrangements have been made for 15,000 clams, and 400 chickens will be cooked, besides many hundred dozen of green corn.

All of today's trains are carrying away some who return to their homes, but the streets are still alive with strangers and many will remain till the closing features.

A game of ball is in progress at Cycler's Park this afternoon between Oakland and San Jose. During the forenoon dancing on a big platform at the park where breakfast was served afforded amusement.

LUCKY KLONDIKER WILL NOT DIVIDE.

LOS ANGELES, Cal., Sept. 10.—The backers of Charles Lamb, a returned Klondiker, are preparing to make a contest for a share of his wealth. N. P. Prince, A. S. Holway, A. S. Smith, Captain Peterson, George W. Gargar and others backed Lamb to go to Alaska in 1896. He located valuable claims on Hunker creek. It is said that he has taken out $950,000. The backers, who were to get half, got nothing. Lamb was a street railway conductor. He is now in San Francisco, and is contemplating a trip to Europe.

YELLOW FEVER CASES.

AUSTIN, Tex., Sept. 10.—State Health Officer Blunt today received a telegram from the New Orleans Board of Health stating that up to date there were twenty-six cases of yellow fever at Franklin, La., with two deaths; but fourteen need medical attention at this time, and all of these were doing well; that there were twenty-four cases at Taylor, Miss., two deaths; while at Orwood there had been thirty-two cases, no deaths. There is one case reported at Waterford, Miss.

STATE COMMITTEE ELECTS OFFICERS.

(Special to the Tribune.)

SAN FRANCISCO, Sept. 10.—At a meeting of the Republican State Central Committee at the Palace Hotel this afternoon the following officers were elected:

Chairman—Major McLaughlin.
Vice Chairman—Dr. George C. Pardee of Oakland.
Second Vice Chairman—E. S. Preston.
Secretary—E. C. Hart.
Assistant Secretary—Jake Steppacher.

PLUMBER'S FALL.

J. P. Hay, a plumber, fell from a building at Twelfth and Filbert streets this afternoon and was seriously injured.

LEGAL BATTLE IS ON FOR MRS. BOTKIN'S LIFE.

Gov. Budd Will Decide Extradition Phase Tuesday.

SAN FRANCISCO, Sept. 10.—The question of extradition of Mr. Cordelia Botkin for the murder of Mrs. John P. Dunning and her sister, Mrs. Deane, of Delaware will doubtless be brought to a focus on Tuesday, when Governor Budd will hear the testimony of the prsecution and argument for the defense against sending Mrs. Botkin to Delaware.

The papers are almost ready, and by Tuesday Chief of Police Lees and Detective McVeigh expect to be fully prepared for their side.

If the Governor shall order the extradition of Mrs. Botkin the whole contention will be carried to the Superior Court and re-heard before Judge Cook on the hearing of the habeas corpus petition.

It is understood that the Governor will hear the testimony in the Palace Hotel in this city.

WHO ARE THE SIMON PURE POPULISTS?

Secretary of State Brown to Decide Monday.

Associated Press Dispatches by The Tribune's Special Leased Wire.

SACRAMENTO, Cal., Sept. 10.—Secretary of State Brown was engaged this morning hearing the applications of the Fusionists and Regular People's Party for the designation of the name Populists on the State ticket. The Secretary announced that he would consider the petitions, and decide probably Monday.

The Secretary likewise took under consideration the matter of the contest in the San Francisco Congressional District over the nomination of Barry.

Thomas V. Cator, representing the Middle of the Road Populists, read a petition of that faction to have its nominees designated on the ticket in the forthcoming election as Populists, while A. S. Van Meter of Fresno presented the petition of the Fusionists.

OCULTATION WINS AT SACRAMENTO.

Associated Press Dispatches by The Tribune's Special Leased Wire.

PARK, SACRAMENTO, Cal., Sept. 10.—First race, six furlongs, for 3-year-olds—Ocultation, even, won; Sport McAllister, 5 to 2, second; Amasa, 10 to 1, third. Time, 1:15 ½.

POLICE COURT NOTES.

J. H. B. Rosenberg, charged with embezzlement by Mrs. Eva Barlow, pleaded not guilty in the Police Court this morning, and his case was set for trial September 27th.

Harry Pasch, charged with battering I. Heilman, will be tried September 22nd.

Wm. Lehmann pleaded guilty to the charge of stealing a harness from W. H. Rouse, and will be sentenced Monday.

Con Driscoll, arrested upon complaint of his wife, was dismissed this morning, as Mrs. Driscoll did not care to prosecute.

J. H. Sullivan, who pleaded not guilty Thursday to a charge of drunkenness, was found guilty this morning and fined $6 or three days.

William Ludlow, Charles Mitchell, and Thomas Kennedy, arrested for being drunk and disturbing the peace, were before Judge Allen this morning. The charge of disturbing the peace was dismissed in each case. Ludlow and Mitchell pleaded not guilty to the charge of drunkenness and their cases were set for hearing Monday. Kennedy pleaded guilty, getting the customary $6 or three days.

KILLED BY A TRAIN AT WEST OAKLAND.

The mangled remains of a man supposed to be James Hennessy, a former employe of the Union Iron Works of San Francisco, were found on the track at West Oakland this morning.

The victim met a horrible death on the Southern Pacific railroad track on First street, immediately opposite the office of Master Car Repairer Ludlow at the foot of Willow street. The tragedy must have taken place between 9 o'clock last night and 5 o'clock this morning. The remains were discovered by a man named Cronin, who is in the employ of the Southern Pacific Company and who was going to work at about the hour last mentioned.

On the person of the unfortunate man were found articles which go to show that his name was James Hennessy.

One of these evidences was a poll tax receipt number 15,605, bearing date of April 2, 1898, signed by H. Martens, Deputy Assessor, setting forth the receipt of $2 from Hennessy "at the Union Iron Works of San Francisco."

There was also a public library card of San Francisco, numbered 4,810, bearing the name of "Hennessy, James," and expiring December 1899.

There was also a personal card of "W. J. Lyons, Fitchburg, Mass.," and the reverse of which were the words "Tel. 1405" and "Mamie 721." A ticket was found entitling the holder to a chance to win a bicycle at the store of the California Hat Works, 115-117 Fourth street, San Francisco, in the June drawing.

The deceased, so far as could be judged from what was left intact of his features, was about 35 years of age. He had dark brown hair and a dark moustache. His clothes were of a dark brown color and seemed to be those of a hard working man, presumably a worker in iron. There were no valuables on his person.

COMMITTEE TO INVESTIGATE THE WAR DEPARTMENT

McKinley Resolved to Have the Truth Made Known.

Associated Press Dispatches by The Tribune's Special Leased Wire.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 10.—The President has urged the following named gentlemen, among others, to accept places on the commission requested by Secretary Alger to investigate the conduct of the war: Lieutenant General Joseph M. Schofield, General John B. Gordon, General Granville M. Dodge, President D. C. Gilman of Johns Hopkins University, General Charles F. Anderson, Hon. Robert T. Lincoln, Daniel S. Lamont, Dr. W. W. Keene, Colonel James A. Sexton.

The message which President McKinley addressed to each of these is as follows:

"Will you render the country a great service by accepting my appointment as a member of the commission to examine into the conduct of the Commissary, Quartermaster and Medical Bureaus of the War Department during the war, and into the extent, causes and treatment of sickness in the field and in the camps?

"It is my desire that the full and exact truth shall be ascertained and made known. I cannot too strongly impress upon you my earnest wish that this commission should be of such high character as will command the complete confidence of the country, and I trust you will consent to serve. WILLIAM McKINLEY."

THE PRESIDENT'S TRIP TO OMAHA.

Will Arrive Next Tuesday Night and Stay Three Days.

Associated Press Dispatches by The Tribune's Special Leased Wire.

OMAHA, Sept. 10.—A Washington special to the Bee says:

In an interview with the President, General Anderson learned that it was his desire to leave about noon on October 10th for Omaha, arriving there if possible some time during the night of Tuesday, the 11th.

It is the purpose of the President to remain in Omaha Thursday and possibly Friday, leaving for Chicago Saturday and spending Sunday with Mrs. McKinley's cousin, Mr. Williams, in South Chicago.

NARROW ESCAPE OF A GATE-TENDER.

Geo. W. Alburn Struck by a Special Train and Seriously Injured.

George W. Alburn, a gateman in the employ of the Southern Pacific Company, was struck by a special train returning from Shell Mound Park last evening, receiving injuries which will keep him from work for several weeks.

Alburn, who has been in the employ of the Southern Pacific Company for a number of years, was placing the signal lights, and though generally very careful, he was too close to the track this time, and the pilot struck his shoulder, knocking him several feet.

When picked up, the injured man was unconscious, but revived on his way home in the patrol wagon. His chief injury is a broken shoulder.

STARR KING WILL ENTERTAIN.

The Starr King Fraternity, Mrs. R. P. Gleason, president, is preparing an interesting programme for the amusement and instruction of its members during the coming season.

The course will begin next Wednesday evening, and Charles Markham, principal of the Tompkins School, and a writer of some note, will speak on "Omar Khayyam," the poet and philosopher of Persia.

On the 21st inst., Professor David Starr Jordan of Stanford University will deliver a lecture on the colonial and territorial expansion of the United States. Many intellectual treats are promised during the season.

PREBLE WILL NOT RUN FOR OFFICE.

Percy B. Preble of this city, who was nominated by the State Convention of the People's Party held at Sacramento July 12th for the office of Superintendent of State Printing, to-day filed his resignation with the County Clerk. The notice is directed to the Secretary of State of California.

Novelist Caine Arrives.

Associated Press Dispatches by The Tribune's Special Leased Wire.

NEW YORK, Sept. 10.—The passenger list of the trans-Atlantic steamer Lucania, which arrived today from Liverpool, includes Hall Caine, the novelist; Lord Brassey, the Governor of New South Wales; E. L. Godkin and Lord George Cavendish-Bentick, cousin of the Duke of Portland. Mr. Caine comes to lecture and read from his books.

Henry Clay Club.

The residence of Jesse Dibert, 1026 Myrtle street, was the scene last evening of the annual "bust" of the Henry Clay Debating Society. A fine spread, followed by speeches, songs, and reminiscences was the order of entertainment.

Somebody's Darling.

Mrs. George Eber, 702 Nineteenth street, had an early caller yesterday morning in the person of little 7-year-old Mattie Hodge. As the little miss could not tell where she lived, the matter was reported to the police.

TEACHERS ARE PREPARING FOR THE INSTITUTE.

Program Arranged by Superintendent Garlick.

Professor James Will Deliver Lectures During the Week.

DRAWING TO BE EXPLAINED.

Many Prominent Educators Will Take Part in the Discussions—Plans For Social Events.

The annual meeting of the Alameda County Teachers' Institute will take place in the First Congregational Church, Twelfth and Clay streets, Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday, and Thursday, September 12th, 13th, 14th, and 15th.

In some respects, this institute will differ from any ever held in this city. At the former Institutes, lectures have been given and ideas exchanged on many subjects that were helpful to the teachers in their daily work.

A new departure has taken place, and the days will be taken up by a course of six lectures by Professor William James of Harvard University, and instruction in drawing by R. D. Augsburg. The attendance at the latter will be entirely voluntary on the part of the teachers, however.

Professor James is well known on this Coast. Besides being a professor of Psychology in Harvard University, he has written a book on the subject, which has a wide circulation. Professor James is master of his subject, and as he is an entertaining talker, his lectures, no doubt, will be very interesting as well as instructive.

Monday, at 1:45 P. M., the Institute will convene, and after the necessary preliminaries are over, Professor James will lecture on "Man as a Reacting Organism—Instincts and Impulses." On Tuesday morning his subject will be "Habit and Association," and the afternoon hour will be devoted to a talk on "Memory." Wednesday, at 9:30 A. M., "Attention" will be the subject discussed, and at 1:30 P. M., "Apperception and Conception" will receive the speaker's attention. The series will close on Thursday morning, when the lecture on "Will" will be given.

The Professor will give but one evening lecture, which will take place in the Congregational Church on Monday evening, September 12th. Tickets for this lecture may be procured at Smith's or Hardy's bookstore, or in the vestibule of the church on the evening of the lecture.

Mr. Augsburg, who will present his ideas of drawing to the teachers, has been instructing both teachers and pupils in the schools in his new methods since vacation, when he was elected. Mr. Augsburg is a tireless worker, and has personally inspected the work of all of his pupils.

At the High School, Mr. Augsburg will make constant use of the blackboard to illustrate his ideas, which, of course, will be a great advantage to the teachers.

Then there will be the social side of the Institute, of course, a chance for the teachers of Alameda county to meet in a friendly way and exchange ideas. This is always helpful, and the teachers seem to go back to work after the Institute with renewed energy.

On Tuesday, September 13th, the High School Teachers' Club will meet in the parlors of the Congregational Church from 11 A. M. to 1 P. M. An excellent programme has been prepared, and a general good time is expected. On Tuesday evening the Teachers' Mutual Aid Society will give a reception in the parlors of the church to the members of the Institute and their friends. Several of these affairs will take place during the time the Institute convenes, and the Oakland teachers will do the best they can to entertain the visitors. There is great interest taken in all the social affairs, and success in the plans seems certain.

The meetings of the Institute are free to all who wish to attend, and just now, when a discussion has been brought about as to the relative merits of the city schools and schools in the interior, perhaps it would be interesting to hear the opinion of some of the visiting friends and educators on the subject. Perhaps one can hear the methods discussed, and that will help draw out conclusions.

An Institute has never been held in this city at such an opportune time, and it is to be hoped that the attendance will be large.

County Superintendent J. P. Garlick has completed all the arrangements and everything is in readiness for the opening on Monday.

CASH BAIL REFUSED BY THE POLICE.

H. C. Tuck was last evening the victim submitted by the Socialist Labor Party to test the right of free speech and public assembly.

He claimed his sires fought for that principle. He had the satisfaction of being locked up in the steel cell once occupied by Cheseman the murderer, as the Police Department refused a cash bail of $100 which he had on his person.

All previous speakers were bailed out on $20. Tuck is a blind man. Judge Wood was hunted up and ordered the police to accept bail and let the prisoner depart.

MUST ANSWER TO A JURY.

Rodden and Walsh, the members of the "Fish Gang," who are charged with wrecking a saloon as well as with beating bartender Lafleur until he was nearly dead, are on trial to-day. The men escaped detection for several weeks, but Officer Flynn finally rounded them up in Sacramento during the Republican Convention, and took them into custody.

Kelley, a third member of the same crowd, is still at large.

Caught in the Act.

William McCarty, manager of the Oakland Wood Yard, captured a coal thief a few nights ago. The thief, who is a Portuguese, was carrying coal from a car and putting it into sacks a short distance away when McCarty grabbed him. After a lively tussle, the man was turned over to the police, but upon promising to steal no more he was allowed to go his way.

Do You Like Fish?

If so, buy it fresh, buy it reasonably, buy it where it is delivered. Buy it of W. J. Puetz, 1239 Broadway. Tel. red 573.

St. George Tonic Port.—Sample Free at Hyde's Drug Store.

Do Not Lose Your Vote.

Office of the County Clerk Alameda County, Cal.

NOTICE IS HEREBY given that all citizens WHOSE NAMES ARE NOW ON THE LAST PRINTED GREAT REGISTER OF ALAMEDA COUNTY, issued October 6, 1896, and who wish to vote at the General Election to be held November 8, 1898, must if they have moved since the date of the last Presidential Election make affidavit and have their registration changed to their present place of residence.

That said transfer affidavits can be taken up to and including October 12, 1898. That deputies throughout the county are authorized to take transfer affidavits in the different towns and precincts of the county without charge. Affidavits can be sworn to before any Justice of the Peace or Notary Public.

That all who make affidavit for transfer will receive postal containing facts of entry contained in affidavit.

No person whose name is not now on the Great Register who has not since registered, can vote at the next General Election, as the last day for registration was August 15, 1898.

All voters are requested to see that they are registered in the right precinct before registration closes.

FRANK C. JORDAN,
County Clerk.

Sept. 7, 1898.

MONEY TO LOAN on furniture, pianos, jewelry, live stock, merchandise, machinery, etc. King's, 457 Ninth st.

MAN wants work; is a good steady man about cows, horses or garden. Address L. M., box 2, this office.

LADY wishes to board a baby or two little girls; will give mother's care. Inquire 1011 Kirkham st.

Pears'

Pretty boxes and odors are used to sell such soaps as no one would touch if he saw them undisguised. Beware of a soap that depends on something outside of it.

Pears', the finest soap in the world is scented or not, as you wish; and the money is in the merchandise, not in the box.

All sorts of stores sell it, especially druggists; all sorts of people are using it.

ADVERTISEMENTS

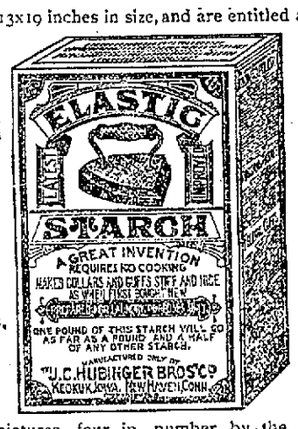
A Beautiful Present

In order to further introduce ELASTIC STARCH (Flat Iron Brand), the manufacturers, J. C. Hubinger Bros. Co., of Keokuk, Iowa, have decided to GIVE AWAY a beautiful present with each package of starch sold. These presents are in the form of

Beautiful Pastel Pictures

They are 13x19 inches in size, and are entitled as follows:

Lilacs and Pansies. — Pansies and Marguerites.



Wild American Poppies. — Lilacs and Iris.

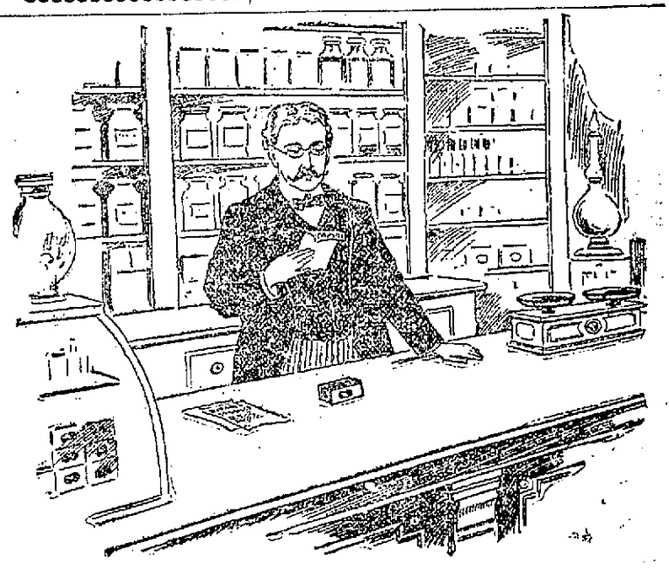
These rare pictures, four in number, by the renowned pastel artist, R. LeRoy, of New York, have been chosen from the very choicest subjects in his studio and are now offered for the first time to the public.

The pictures are accurately reproduced in all the colors used in the originals, and are pronounced by competent critics, works of art.

Pastel pictures are the correct thing for the home, nothing surpassing them in beauty, richness of color and artistic merit.

One of these pictures will be given away with each package of **ELASTIC STARCH** purchased of your grocer. It is the best laundry starch on the market, and is sold for 10 cents a package. Ask your grocer for this starch and get a beautiful picture.

All Grocers Keep Elastic Starch. Accept No Substitute.



A Germantown, Pa., druggist, while handling Ripans Tabules, happened to read the formula and was convinced of their merit. He had suffered from childhood from sick headache, heartburn, indigestion, dizziness and pains in the abdomen. He tried the Tabules and now writes, "I have since been entirely free from these troubles. I recommend them now in all cases when I have an opportunity."

A new style packet containing TEN RIPANS TABULES in a paper carton (without glass) is now for sale at some drug stores—FOR FIVE CENTS. This low-priced sort is intended for the poor and the economical. One dozen of the five-cent cartons (120 tabules) can be had by mail by sending forty-eight cents to the RIPANS CHEMICAL COMPANY, No. 10 Spruce Street, New York;—or a single carton (TEN TABULES) will be sent for five cents. RIPANS TABULES may also be had of grocers, general storekeepers and news agents.

BROWN & McKINNON —OLDEST— Merchant Tailors IN OAKLAND.
We carry a full line of desirable staple goods and latest novelties.
SPRING GOODS JUST IN.
Evarts Block - - - - 1105 BROADWAY

TEETH Gold Fillings 50c, upwards; Crowns, $2.50 upwards
Bridge Work $3.50 per Tooth, up.
Silver Fillings 25c, up. Plates $2.50 up.
OAKLAND DENTAL PARLORS,
1003½ BROADWAY, Corner Tenth, ROOM 3. Tel. Red 3895

PALACE PORTER
is recommended by leading physicians in Alameda County.
Delivered in Kegs, $1.50
Palace Brewery Central Avenue Bet. 2d and 3d Aves. ALAMEDA, CAL.
Telephone No. 181 Red.
L. SCHULER, Prop.

PRESCRIPTION 34,406
A positive cure for Gonorrhea and Gleet no matter how long standing. Cures ordinary cases in a few days; warranted to cure any case or money refunded. For sale only at Coast Agency, Kelly's Pharmacy, 102 Eddy Street, S. F.
$1.00 a bottle. Expressed to any address city or country.

Saddle Rock Restaurant P. KISICH PROPRIETOR
TELEPHONE 439. OPEN DAY AND NIGHT. 453 TWELFTH ST.

N. Y. LING
CHINESE TEA and HERB SANITARIUM
Describes all kinds o Diseases by feeling of the pulse.
Recently from the Tokin China Medical College.
555 SEVENTH ST,
Bet. Clay and Jefferson Sts. Oakland, Cal.
Office Hours—9 to 12, 1 to 5, 6 to 9.
CONSULTATION FREE.

SANTAL-MIDY
These tiny Capsules are superior to Balsam of Copaiba, Cubebs and Injections. They cure in 48 hours the same diseases without any inconvenience. SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS. PATON

IF YOU WISH
To enjoy the day properly you must order your Sunday dinner from
L. C. BEEM,
New City Market,
S. E. Cor. 12th and Washington Sts.
TELEPHONE 256.

For a Cool Drink on a Hot Day
Galindo Hotel Bar BOUQUET & FRAME
EIGHTH ST. Between Broadway and Franklin
Tel. 2363 Black.

CUVELLIER APPEALS TO THE PEOPLE

Wants the Parents to Appear Before the Board of Education and State Their Grievances.

Many Letters Received by the Ocuncilman Commending His Action---President Jordan of Stanford Makes Suggestions.

Professor Jordan Tells About Training Pupils for College.

Professor David Starr Jordan, President of the Stanford University, makes the following comments on the school system:

"Office of the President Stanford University, Cal., Sept. 9, 1898.

"Oakland Tribune, Oakland, Cal.—Dear Sir:

"Your kind letter, with its enclosure, is duly received. I do not feel any call to discuss the matter which is one of which I have not much direct personal knowledge.

"I have, however, placed the communication in the hands of Mr. Cubberley, our Assistant Professor of Education, who may feel like saying something about it.

"I am correctly quoted as saying that young children ought not to be required to do school work by artificial light. That statement regarding pupils coming from the city High Schools is, however, made too sweeping.

"Our representatives from the Oakland High School have been for the most part students of high grade.

"There is no doubt that the colleges in insisting on certain technical requirements have often added to the difficulty of shaping the High School to the needs of the people.

"There is no doubt that the best training for actual life and the best training for college ought to be identical.

"But the colleges have not demanded what is really the best training. They have rather called for the preparation which is most easily measured. On the other hand the public has shown very crude notions of what is wanted for practical affairs.

Very truly yours, DAVID S. JORDAN.

The discussion regarding the course of study in the Oakland School Department still continues. Councilman B. C. Cuvellier, who made the now famous attack on the Board of Education, still stands his ground and is again to the front with another communication. He has received a number of letters which he has given out for publication.

David Starr Jordan, president of the Stanford University, makes an explanation in reference to the High school system.

SUGGESTIONS MADE BY CUVELLIER.

"To the many citizens of Oakland who have come to me since the publication of my open letter to the Board of Education and taken me by the hand, expressing their approval of the stand which I have taken in this matter, I desire to return my sincere thanks. It is certainly gratifying to a man who has espoused a cause which he feels to be right to know that he has the almost unanimous support and approval of the community in which he resides. It is an incentive to others to go and do likewise.

"Now, to all who have come to me with their expressions of approval, I desire to say that you should not stop at this, but you should go to the School Director representing your ward and express to him your frank and honest opinion of the manner in which our schools are being conducted.

"If you cannot call on these Directors, then address letters to the Board and to the Superintendent of Education; but best of all, go to them in person.

"If you have grievances against the schools you have a right to lay them before the Board of Education, and they owe you a respectful hearing, which I am confident they will grant you.

"And to the honorable Board of Education I repeat what I said to them last Tuesday evening. Make it your business to ask every person you meet who has a child in our public schools what he or she thinks of the methods of instruction and the manner in which the children are being driven out of the schools by overwork, if you really want to learn the truth, and having learned it, have the courage to apply the remedy.

"B. C. CUVELLIER,
"Councilman at Large.

"Oakland, Sept. 9, 1898."

SOME LETTERS FROM THE PEOPLE.

Councilman Cuvellier has received letters from many people. The following have been given out for publication:

Office of Taylor & Co., Oakland, California, Sept. 7, 1898.

B. C. Cuvellier, Esq.—My Dear Sir: I have just read your communication to the Board of Education. So far as my observation goes it is true, every word of it.

I feel indignant that they should have treated you uncivilly.

I believe that every parent who has a child attending the Oakland public schools will heartily endorse you and feel grateful to you for taking the stand you did. At any rate, I am proud to be even a neighbor of a man who has the ability to write such a document and the backbone to go before the Board of Education and read it. Yours very truly,

E. T. HENSHAW.

Oakland, San Leandro and Haywards Electric Railway Co., Samuel E. McLenegan, Secretary.

Mr. B. C. Cuvellier—My Dear Sir: Permit me to congratulate you upon your very able statement to the Board of Education last Monday night.

Both my wife and myself are very much interested in this subject, and your views in this matter are entirely in harmony with our own, and I am sure they are with the vast majority of the people.

It is fairly distressing to me to see the work my boy of 10 years has to accomplish to keep up with his companions in the seventh grade.

I do not believe that the educational methods in vogue in this locality will turn out better or more intelligent citizens than the plainer and simpler methods under which we were raised in the East as boys. Again extending my hand in congratulation, I am sincerely yours, S. E. McLENEGAN.

Oakland, Cal., Sept. 7, 1898.

Mr. B. C. Cuvellier—Dear Sir and Friend: In this morning's paper I have just read your address to the Board of Education and your criticism of the conduct of our schools. As a citizen and as a father whose daughter has just passed through the ordeal, I wish to thank you for the bold stand you have taken, and the honest, truthful words you have spoken. Yours truly,

ED S. FINCH.

911 Grove Street, Oakland, Sept. 8, 1898.

B. C. Cuvellier, Esq., Oakland, Calif.—My Dear Sir: I received through the mail this morning a copy of your address to the Board of Education of our city, and have just finished reading it. So much of it agrees with my own observations and conclusions in the matter that I feel prompted to assure you of my hearty sympathy with you in the step you have taken.

You will perhaps understand more fully how much I am in accord with you in your criticisms of our public schools when I tell you that about one year ago I made notes with the intention of writing an article for the press under the head: "Wanted, a Public School System."

I intended to make the point you have made when you charge the Board of Education with having devised a system which contemplates proper care in an educational way for the unusually strong and capable, only.

And I intended to appeal for a carefully devised system for the training of the average pupil, in the regular course, and that provision be made for the comparatively small number who ask for more than that by past graduate courses. My courage failed me, but I am pleased that your courage has served you better. I believe it will result in good to our community.

I may add that much of the information upon which I based my proposed actions was obtained in going from house to house making parish calls. I am yours sincerely,

F. J. MYNARD.
Rector St. John's Parish.

Oakland, Calif., Sept. 8, 1898.

B. C. Cuvellier, Esq., Oakland—Dear Sir: In last evening's Enquirer I read your communication to the Board of Education. I endorse every word of it. I have been much surprised at the amount of work that one bright boy, under my charge, has been required to do, and have wondered what this system of education was bringing children to.

You have evidently created a great commotion, and it is to be hoped that some good will come from it. I commend you for the bold stand you have taken. Very truly yours, FRED V. WOOD.

MRS. WOOD ASKS POINTED QUESTIONS.

By MRS. A. R WOOD.

Editor Tribune: Councilman Cuvellier's letter to the Board of Education bears the stamp of a brave man convinced against his will. The deplorable condition of the Oakland schools has long been a crying evil, but one which could not safely be criticised by those in position to do so; as Mr. Cuvellier says, "a condition of intimidation worthy of Russia, but not of the city of Oakland."

If this grave question has found a fearless investigation, and our course of study can be stripped of its vacillating "fads" and our children come down to the every day work of a "good, plain, substantial, thorough American education," the reputation of our schools will return to the standard of twelve years ago, when the community was proud of its educational facilities.

People commenting upon Mr. Cuvellier's letter say it would not be out of place for a Board of Education to obtain a concensus of opinion from parents and teachers on this question. This matter is being thoroughly discussed by all our citizens and is creating more than a "passing sensation," and although we have endeavored to refute Mr. Cuvellier's arguments, for the sake of discussion, the conviction is forced upon us that his sweeping assertions are backed by a very large majority of teachers, parents and citizens generally.

It is, then, an established fact that we need a reform—of this there can be no doubt when county boards openly discuss our retrogression and eschew our "fads."

Mr. Cuvellier says he was told at Stanford that the children of country districts are more thorough in their preparatory course than ours. There are several reasons for this; the country pupil is early trained to think and to study, two operations entirely unknown to the majority of the Oakland pupils of the lower grades. The constant writing of long exercises from text books consumes a vast amount of time, but is not study; it tends to diffusion and not to concentration. The act of turning page after page, to find a few stray words for spelling, is distracting, and results in carelessness and consequent failure.

We have known a whole hour to be spent in passing a bottle containing a spider, counting its legs and perhaps amputating some, when that self same class was deficient in the multiplication table, although they had studied at it for two years, a feat which, by the way, requires but six or eight weeks in the country schools, and is well done, too.

Our children have roamed over the damp marshes in search of tadpoles and explored the depths of unwholesome cellars—veritable hot-beds of disease—after spider's webs and loathsome bugs, when they could not write three consecutive sentences correctly.

The system of daily marking, now in vogue, keeps the pupil in a constant strain, never for a moment relaxed, generating and stimulating the pernicious idea that credits are the sole aim to be desired, eradicating that grand old maxim "Study to acquire knowledge," not credits, a principle easily inculcated in the brain of any pupil of ordinary ability, and desire, however young, if properly presented.

Again, country teachers are not hedged in by set programmes, they do not teach a smattering of science, a dab of mythology, a dash of insectology or a touch of vivisection, and then suddenly drop them, but they pursue for the most part plain instruction in the elementary branches, and spend all the time they need on any particular branch or lesson as needed; consequently such teachers may be rightly called instructors, not criticisers, as they must be who foolishly persist in daily and hourly marking. Why the time it takes would be spent in individual instruction, and then pupils would not be obliged to remain after school to ask questions relating to the lesson. Time was, in the Oakland department, when the teacher was expected to devote some time to bringing up these pupils who needed extra thought. In those days the attainment was more uniform, the work more satisfactory to the conscientious teacher, and our schools were above reproach.

We beg leave to ask Mr. Clement who is in the better condition to judge of the correctness of these criticisms, the gentleman who has conscientiously devoted weeks and months to his investigation, or a School Director to whom the teacher dare not express her true sentiments.

Mr. McClymonds says few children study at night if the reports of the parents are correct. Does Mr. McClymonds for a moment suppose the parents are entirely free to answer this question? No teacher cares to have her pupils report more home work than is approved of, and a gentle hint to the class will regulate the matter if self defense requires it.

Mr. McClymonds says the "course of study" was made up by the principals. Was it not considered incumbent on those principals to embody his ideas to the exclusion of their own?

Has Mr. Clement forgotten that unwholesome truths are often mistaken for abuse? We believe this matter is a surprise to the Board of Education, but we believe they will become convinced and abure? We believe this matter is a surthat Mr. Cuvellier has voiced the sentiments of a long suffering people.

CABRERA NOW PRESIDENT OF GUATEMALA.

Mutterings of Revolt are Already Heard.

Associated Press Dispatches by
The Tribune's Special Leased Wire.

NEW YORK, Sept. 10.—The Herald correspondent in Guatemala cables that Manuel Estrada Cabrera has been elected Constitutional President by an overwhelming majority. According to the returns he received 315,236 votes.

There was no great opposition to his candidacy. His two opponents were Prospero Morales and Jose Leon Castillo. The former, as reported in the Herald, died after being captured in a cave, almost starved, during the recent revolution. Castillo took refuge several weeks ago in the Mexican Legation, where he is still supposed to be. The election, therefore, was a foregone conclusion.

It is difficult at present to foreshadow events, but there are forebodings of evil.

COLORADO FUSION DEAL OUTLINED.

Democrats Get the Governor and Patronage to Be Equally Divided.

Associated Press Dispatches by
The Tribune's Special Leased Wire.

COLORADO SPRINGS, Col., Sept. 10.—The conference committees of the Democratic, Populist and the Teller Silver Republican State Conventions, after a fruitless all night session, finally reached an agreement today.

The Democrats held out stubbornly for the Governorship, and it was finally conceded to them. They also get one Regent of the State University. To the Silver Republicans are allotted the Auditor, Treasurer, Superintendent of Public Instruction and one Regent; to the Populists the Attorney General, Secretary of State and one Regent. The patronage is to be equally divided.

THOMAS FOR GOVERNOR.

The Democratic Convention promptly adopted the conference report.

Governor Adams named Charles S. Thomas as his successor. Every county seconded the nomination, and Mr. Thomas was nominated for Governor by acclamation. E. J. Morath of Boulder was nominated for Regent of the State University on the first ballot. Hon. C. S. Thomas and Senator Teller addressed the convention, arousing great enthusiasm.

The Silver Republican Convention also adopted the report, which was supported by Senator Teller, although many delegates expressed dissatisfaction because the Governorship was not given to the Silver Republicans. The convention then took a recess until 2 P. M.

Strong opposition to fusion developed in the Populist Convention, Hon. T. M. Patterson speaking for and Ex-Congressman Pence against the report. The convention took a recess until 2 P. M., without adopting the report.

POLITICAL BEES ARE BUZZING ABOUT THE HIVE

The Prohibitionists Are Afraid That They Will Not Be Represented.

Republican War Veterans Hold Two Lively Meetings and Divide Their Ranks.

Dissatisfaction in One Camp Results in Splitting Open the Heretofore United League.

With the county primaries just a week away, the activity in political circles increases. However it is realized, that little more than the hand-to-hand work remains to be done, until the delegations are definitely decided upon. There is no cessation in this method of campaigning, though everyone realizes that there is not much more work possible until the convention. Yesterday, the Prohibitionists concluded their county convention.

The new County Central Committee was named as follows: T. L. Hierlihy, of Alameda, Rev. R. R. Bird of East Oakland, Dr. P. McGargar of Oakland, T. H. Montgomery of Oakland, Rev. G. W. Griffith of Alameda, Mrs. H. S. Taynton of Berkeley, W. H. Bone of Berkeley, J. P. Hayes of Temescal, and Charles Chester of East Oakland.

A motion made by Professor Meads that the new County Central Committee be empowered to increase its number by five was then carried.

The following were chosen for the Auditing Committee: T. L. Hierlihy, Dr. P. McCargar, Rev. G. W. Griffith, and Mrs. J. B. McMath.

Dr. P. McCargar was then called upon to speak. He gave praise to those who have been working for the Prohibitionist party, especially Professor S. P. Meads. He stated that the party had taken hold in Oakland and would constantly add adherents.

Rev. R. R. Bird spoke of the good work done by the "Pacific Prohibitionist," and asked for the support of those interested in the cause.

The Platform and Resolution Committee then offered the following resolutions which were adopted:

"We the Prohibitionists of Alameda county in convention assembled, hereby express our gratitude for the noble work that has been done during the past year by the Board of Directors and especially by the editor of the "Pacific Prohibitionist," and we heartily recommended this publication for the confidence of all and urge its support upon Prohibitionists throughout the State.

"Since our last convention we recognize that our prohibition cause has met with a great loss in the death of Frances E. Willard, who through all the years of the life of the Prohibition party stood so loyally by our cause and in memory of this sister who has gone from labors to reward, we pledge our hearty co-operation to the organization she led for nearly a quarter of a century and the cause of temperance and purity for which she gave her life."

Resolutions were passed, thanking the W. C. T. U. and Red Cross ladies for aid and favors. A vote of thanks were given to the local press.

Professor Meads then spoke of the necessity of active work being done by all to get signatures for a petition to put the party on the ticket, explaining that this step was necessary in consequence of the split in the party two years ago.

After some further discussion of the finances of the party the convention adjourned.

TAYLOR FOR CORONER.

James Taylor, the Twelfth-street undertaker, has not withdrawn from the fight and is still a candidate for the office of Coroner, as shown by the following circular letter issued by him yesterday:

"To the Voters of Alameda County: The question has been asked of me, 'Are you a candidate for Coroner?' I will answer yes. I only asked for the position of Coroner for the business it will bring to my office, and will prove later to the voters of Alameda county that it has cost nearly three times as much to conduct the office the last four years as it did under the administration of an undertaker, with no increased benefits to the county.

"My statement that the fees shall be collected by the president of the Associated Charities on the first of each month still stands, and not one dollar is to come into my possession. The business seventeen years in one house should be enough.

"JAMES TAYLOR."

Frank B. Thompson announces himself as a candidate for the Republican nomination for Assemblyman for the Fifty-first District. For five years he has been Sanitary Inspector of Berkeley, and he has done much to improve and perfect the sewer system of that city. He has lived in Berkeley for many years, is vice-president of the Master Plumbers' Association, and a well-known business man of the University town.

OPPOSED TO WRIGHT.

Referring to political matters, the Berkeley Herald speaks as follows:

"The usual skirmishing preliminary to the great battle at the polls is now going on, and it is probable that before the end of next week there will be several important changes in the situation. For some time past a fight against the renomination of Assemblyman Howard Wright has been carried on, and it is rapidly becoming so strong that it is not improbable that he will fail to receive a renomination. One peculiar feature of the opposition is that it seems to have originated in the University, an institution in which it was supposed that the Assemblyman had his most powerful backing.

"Hugh McJunkin, the local attorney, is laying wires for the Republican nomination for the office of Assemblyman in the Forty-ninth District."

SUB-COMMITTEES.

Chairman Mann, of the Democratic State Central Committee, has appointed the following sub-committees:

Executive committee: Governor James H. Budd, James D. Phelan, W. H. Alford, J. J. Dwyer, C. C. Wright, J. H. Seawell, M. F. Tarpey, R. M. Fitzgerald, A. Caminetti, James L. Gallagher, Charles W. Fay, J. C. McKinstry, Charles M. Cassin, William Devlin, C. O. Dunbar. The chairman of the State Central Committee is ex-officio the chairman of this committee.

Finance committee: Bart Burke, treasurer and ex-officio chairman; William Palmtag, Charles Edelman, Peter J. Shields, Gaston M. Ashe.

The veterans of the Army and Navy League met last night in Becker's Hall.

After the routine business of the evening was finished Comrade W. M. Brandon of the committee to investigate alleged false registrations in Emeryville, reported that two of the committee had been advised by the District Attorney that it was the duty of the County Clerk to cite persons to appear and show cause why their names should not be removed from the Great Register, if their names appeared to be illegal.

At this point M. D. Hyde made a motion that the meeting adjourn and that the League should go in a body to attend the organization of Dewey Camp No. 19.

Comrade Brandon then asked what Comrade Hyde meant by making such a motion, adding that he thought it was a sacrilege for a lot of soreheads to use the beautiful name of Dewey as they have, and hoped that the League would not regard the matter in any other light than in that of a huge joke.

Comrade Hyde then explained that twenty comrades had signed a petition for a new camp in Oakland before September 5th. Among these petitioners were Darneal and W. H. H. Hussey, which was approved by the commander and by the vice-commander.

"Today that charter was in the pocket of that stalwart Republican whom you all know, Harvey D. Talcott, (ironical laughter), and he invited me to be present at the installation of Dewey Camp No. 19, and I invite you to go with me," said Hyde.

The announcement of this secession from the old League started a lively discussion.

Major McElrath said he thought it unwise to make any division in their ranks; that they would not only injure themselves, but it would be detrimental to the interests of the Republican party.

Comrade Hoguet then gave expression to some strong remarks in which he scored the actions of those who were attempting to form another camp because they found that their present organization was not a "piece club." Darneal, one of the prime movers of the secession, he said, had been expelled from the Veterans' Home for offensive conduct.

Comrade T. W. Little reported a hearsay statement to the effect that City Attorney Dow had given work to an old soldier at $3 a day, but that $1 of it had to be paid to an old gentleman who is some relative of Dow's.

Commander Hoguet left the matter in the hands of the committee for further investigation.

Comrade Brandon said that not one-quarter of those registered at Emeryville were entitled to vote.

Comrade McElroy said if they were registered illegally the proper thing to do was to cite them to appear, but first it would be necessary to convince the County Clerk of his duty.

Means of rousing interest in the club were then discussed, among them being the giving of socials and entertainments.

The meeting then adjourned.

NEW CAMP IS ORGANIZED.

Dewey Camp No. 19 of the Army and Navy League was organized last night in Judge Clift's court room at Eighth street and Broadway.

The christening of the new club was done by H. D. Talcott in his capacity as Senior Vice-Commander-in-Chief of the State League.

The new camp is the result of an under current of ill feeling and friction among the members of the old League.

The following are some of those who have joined the new club: A. W. Reinold, C. K. King, H. C. Kuester, J. C. Darneal, Phil M. Walsh, W. E. Wallace, William Rushmore, William Bowley, James Olds, V. J. Viers, T. Quirk, Henry H. Woodruff, G. C. Church, J. F. Hamilton, J. Gaywood, R. A. Johnson, A. G. Lockhart, Dean Melville, W. D. Maynes, J. W. Henderson, John McDonald, John E. Sturgeon and F. M. Farwell.

During the evening the following were elected as members also: W. H. Adams, R. L. Daniels, J. A. Robinson, S. L. Cox, Ike Billington, John Kaighn, George Potter, S. K. Sweet, R. P. Sawyer, W. H. Barnes and A. J. Wells.

Colonel Reinold was elected chairman and conducted the meeting.

The new camp will hold its meetings every Saturday evening at Dania Hall.

REINOEHL ANSWERS SOME OF HIS CRITICS.

The following communication has been received:

"Oakland, Sept. 10, 1898.

"In reply to the article in this morning's Times in which some of the members of the old Army and Navy Republican League are trying to throw cold water upon the new organization known as Dewey Camp, No. 19, Army and Navy Republican League and in their attempt to roast and defame some of the comrades of the new camp who have done brave and noble service for this country as veteran soldiers and sailors, to refrain from noticing or answering the same. We are not doing politics that way.

"Dewey Camp has come to stay and be a factor in the coming campaign but we do not propose to follow the methods that have been in vogue in the old camp. Our next meeting will be Saturday, September 17th, at Dania Hall, corner Eighth and Broadway. A cordial invitation is extended to all old soldiers and sailors to be present.

"A. W. REINOEHL,
"Colonel Commanding, Dewey Camp,
"No. 19, A. N. R. L."

INVESTIGATING HOSPITALS AT CAMP THOMAS.

Inquiry Reveals a Bad Condition of Affairs.

Associated Press Dispatches by
The Tribune's Special Leased Wire.

CHICKAMAUGA NATIONAL PARK, Sept. 10.—The Second Kentucky and the Second Arkansas regiments, the only two yet to go from Camp Thomas, will leave Monday instead of today and tomorrow, as first intended. With the departure of these, only the Sixth United States Volunteers and the hospitals will remain at Chickamauga.

Griggsby's Rough Riders, who are now at liberty, can go as they please, and are returning home by the hundreds today.

The Second Kentucky engaged in a sham battle on Snodgrass Hill this morning. The regiment was formed in two sections, one on the hill and the other in the woods at the foot of the hill. The battle represented minutely the famous fight on Snodgrass Hill during the civil war.

The report of Generals Sanger, Mattocks and Roe, giving in detail the result of their investigations of camp hospitals, has been made public by General Breckenridge. The three Generals, who worked some time as a hospital and camp examining corps, report that the conditions in the various hospitals were found very unsatisfactory. They state that the hospitals were not provided with the proper necessities, that they did not have a sufficient number of attendants, that they were badly located and that they were in every way inadequate.

FIRST ILLINOIS REACH CHICAGO.

Associated Press Dispatches by
The Tribune's Special Leased Wire.

CHICAGO, Sept. 10.—The First Illinois Infantry, Colonel Henry L. Turner commanding, arrived home today over the Lake Shore Railway. There were 924 officers and men on the four sections of the train. Of that number 216 sick men on the first section needed ambulance attention and hospital care.

The regiment was met at the station by the First Infantry Veterans' Reserves, 1,000 strong, and escorted to the armory at Sixteenth street. All along the line of march the returning soldiers were greeted by thousands of enthusiastic citizens. The distance from the depot to the armory is only two miles, but the marching column was in such a condition that they required three rests to cover that distance.

Hospitals and private homes cared for those who have no relatives in the city. There were no deaths since the regiment left Montauk Point, and it is said that among the sick men only one, Private Griffin, is in a dangerous condition.

MICHIGAN BOY DIES OF TYPHOID.

Associated Press Dispatches by
The Tribune's Special Leased Wire.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., Sept. 10.—Washington Allen Jr., Company F, Twenty-fifth United States Infantry, died here today from typhoid fever. He was brought here from Montauk Point. His home was in Howell, Mich.

The Oakland Grotto

Is a quiet place for gentlemen; finest liquors and cigars; club room; opening on July 30, 1898. Collier & Company, proprietor. Northeast corner of Eighth and Broadway.

The Hammam departments for ladies and gentlemen at the Piedmont Baths are the most elaborate and luxuriously fitted up of any this side of Chicago. Take Piedmont cars.

Ellisen, 1165 Broadway. Notice the fine display in windows. 25c Seasides for 10c.

Monkey See Monkey Do.

We have imitators, but they are not originators of low prices in household goods. H. Schellhaas' old store is the place for real bargains.

Dr. J. P. Dunn has removed his office to new and commodious offices in the Macdonough building, Fourteenth and Broadway.

PART 2. OAKLAND TRIBUNE. PAGES 9 to 12

VOL. XXXXV OAKLAND, CALIFORNIA, SATURDAY EVENING, SEPTEMBER 10, 1898. NO. 211

Henry Miller to Open the Season at the Macdonough.

Operetta and Comedy Next Week at the Dewey Opera House.

MODJESKA COMES BACK AGAIN.

Madame Pacheco Will Present Her Latest Play Next Monday at the Comedy.

The fall and winter season at the Macdonough Theater will open September 17th, when Henry Miller and his excellent company, who are now playing in San Francisco, will appear. His repertoire will be "Heartsease" and "The Master," in both of which he has successfully withstood the pens of the critics.

Speaking of Mr. Miller, his company and his work, the Chronicle says: "There is little doubt that the present performance must be in many particulars even better than that which has been given in the East. It is easy to imagine that in the role of the 'Count' Henry Miller's personality is far more appropriate than John Drew's, just as Henry Miller would never have played the Daly comedy with Ada Rehan. At any rate, everybody can understand that Henry Miller, with his repose, his graceful, unaffected manners and his personal magnetism, dressed in the handsome costumes of Louis XV, must be attractive, and he assumes just enough of the ornate gesture of the time to be a gentleman of the period and not a fashion plate. At no point does he bring us back to the present day, and one can really get into the illusion that we are assisting at a function of a hundred and forty years ago. Mabel Bert is the 'Countess.' She has not, perhaps, the necessary ingenuousness of young girlhood, but she is attractive in all her work, graceful, sympathetic and not out of the illusion of the part. The second figure in this cast is unquestionably Margaret Dale, who plays the maid. It is a very important role, and Miss Dale's playing of it places her at once in the ranks of the prominent young actresses. She is chic, refined, particularly trim and graceful, at ease with her mistress, and yet she is a waiting maid, quite in her sphere all the time. Few performances we have seen of such roles have equaled this in the instinctive discretion with which Miss Dale acts, and as the same discretion has been seen in the previous two plays, we are likely to hear a great deal more of the young lady. Mr. Welles is rather aggressive in the part of the 'Chevalier,' but he is still well in the picture."

ENGAGEMENT CLOSES TONIGHT.

The second performance of the Marten Company in the season which opened at the Macdonough last Thursday night, was given last evening, the opera being the "Chimes of Normandy." The principal roles were sustained by practically the same members of the company who appeared prominently in the cast of "The Mikado" the preceding evening. The performance was in the main excellent, the principals receiving applause at frequent intervals for their satisfactory work. The singing of Jules Simonsen was found especially worthy of commendation.

The engagement will close tonight when the "Pirates of Penzance" will be sung.

Ten members of this company were connected with the Valerga Opera Company which sang during a lengthy season of light opera at the Oakland theater in the early part of this year.

THE DEWEY.

Tonight the last performance of "Uncle Dan'l" will be given by Mr. and Mrs. Harry Jackson and their excellent stock company at the Dewey Opera House. Tomorrow evening, for one night only, a special performance of "East Lynne" will be given.

On Monday evening next the great comedy drama "Braving the World" will be presented for the entire week, including Saturday matinee, up to and ending Sunday evening of next week, with Harry Jackson as "Bobby Hopper" and Kate Jackson as "Mary Merrimay." The play is in four acts. This performance will commence with an operatic sketch entitled "The Professor"—Miss Emma B. Welles as "Madame Vanelle" and Alfred Wilkie as "Professor Lindley Murray"; music by Virginia Gabriel.

After the above date each play will receive its initial production on Monday night.

The cast of "East Lynne" will be as follows:

"Sir Francis Levison," W. L. Gleason; "Archibald Carlyle," Henry Napier; "Dill," Chas. P. Bates; "Lord Mount Severn," Frederick Fairbanks; "Richard Hare," Chas. Hand; "Lady Isabel," "Madam Vine," Mina Gleason; "Aunt Corney," Kate Jackson; "Little Willie," Baby Aronson; "Barbara Hare," Carmelita Yost.

The cast of "Braving the World" will be as follows:

"Bobby Hopper," Harry Jackson; "Tobin Sleek," W. L. Gleason; "Mark Renshaw," Henry Napier; "Phil Merrimay," Chas. P. Bates; "Policeman," B. Gates; "Mary Merrimay," Kate Jackson; "Sprightly," Mina Gleason; "Mother Meg," Kate Jackson; "Sarah," Carmelita Yost; "May," Baby Aronson.

The argument of "The Professor," which is a charming little piece, is as follows:

Madame Varrelle, a young and handsome widow, having retired to the country and desiring to secure a tutor, with whom to pursue the study of languages, advertises in a daily paper for such a person. In response to the many applications she finally decides on Mr. Lindley Murray. Preliminary arrangements having been satisfactorily settled, he calls to enter upon his duties.

Suspecting the lady is one who has attracted his attention and admiration, he enters, disguised in wig and gown, and proceeds to the study of Italian, the lady, however, (exercising the privilege of her sex) becomes somewhat capricious, and from Italian to music, from music to dancing, the ingenuity of the professor is put to a severe test. He proves himself equal to the occasion, however. Madame finds herself routed in each new departure, when she finds he "signs like a Cherub" and dances with unequaled grace, in fact is an "Admirable Crichton" and does everything well. To avoid further advances, she excuses herself and invites him to lunch, which he accepts. When he returns he makes a confession of his love for her, and asks if she will join him in a favorite "duet," to which she readily consents, thus recalling the happy days of their first meeting, under other and less favorable circumstances, and bringing to a happy issue the long sought and much desired consummation.

THE BALDWIN.

Henry Miller closes his third and last week at the Baldwin tonight. During his stay the three performances which have been given were great successes, especially "Heartsease," which will be the special bill for this evening.

Next Monday Mme Modjeska will begin a two weeks' engagement. The bill for the first week will include "Mary Stuart," "Madga," "As You Like It," "Camille."

COMEDY THEATER.

Mrs. Pacheco's company has made a pronounced hit in "The Leading Man," which has been the attraction this week. The piece is one of the greatest successes that the popular writer has ever produced.

Next week "Woman's Wit" will have its first presentation upon any stage, and is expected to make a hit.

GRAND OPERA HOUSE.

"Shall We Forgive Her" at Morosco's has done a remarkable business this week. The patrons of the theater have greatly enjoyed the play and the company is all that could be desired. Manager Morosco is taking great pains in giving the public the best attractions now being played in the East.

THE ALHAMBRA.

The new Alhambra Theater has been presenting a great programme this week. Mr. and Mrs. Sidney Drew, in their sketch, "When Two Hearts Are Won," are very amusing. They nightly received great applause. Sig. Puente, the famous baritone, sings grand opera selections and Corinne plays her mandolin to the delight of all. Among the artists to appear shortly are Robt. Downing and his company, Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Boniface and "Fassi," the famous Russian electro-fantastic terpsichorienne.

THE COLUMBIA.

The Frawley company closes its long and successful season at the Columbia tomorrow evening, with "Number Nine," which has been the bill since Thursday. The company is to reappear at the Baldwin shortly, greatly strengthened. Hoyt's "A Milk White Flag" will be the attraction next Monday.

THE TIVOLI.

"Rigoletto" and "Lucretia Borgia" have been the alternating bills at the Tivoli this week and have attracted large audiences. The singing of Sig. Maurice de Vries in the former opera deserves much praise. "Carmen" and "La Traviata" will alternate next week.

THE ALCAZAR.

Francis Power's famous Chinese play, "The First Born," is the chief attraction at the Alcazar this week. The company, including a few of the original performers, has done fine work, especially George Osborne, Ernest Hastings, Walter Belasco and Gertrude Tidball. "Turned Up," an amusing farce, pleased the large audiences very much. "A Tragedy," a comedy, will be the attraction next week.

THE ORPHEUM.

The Orpheum has been crowded nightly to see Felix Morris and his company in "A Game of Cards." This little sketch is very good and has made a big hit. Others on the bill are Favor and Sinclair, Irine Franklin, Barney Fagan, Baron's dogs, and the biograph. Bessie Bonehill will be the chief attraction next week.

THEATRICAL NOTES.

Denman Thompson is appearing in "The Old Homestead" in New York.

Richard Mansfield will appear in "Cyrano de Bergerac" this season.

Sydney Drew, now at the Alhambra, is a brother of John Drew.

Lillian Russell is said to have made a great success in Berlin.

Dorothy Rossmore, who appeared in several stock companies here a few seasons ago, is now in New York playing in "Devil's Island."

Augustin Daly has secured the American rights to the next work of A. W. Pinroe.

Felix Morris, now playing at the Orpheum, returns to the New York Lyceum theater after a short season in vaudeville.

Helen Merrill will become, in time, one of the finest singers on this coast if she keeps up her good work in grand opera. Her beautiful contralto voice has never been heard to better advantage than lately. Miss Merrill is a talented and beautiful member of the Tivoli company.

MISMANAGEMENT OF THE ARMY.

The following from the current issue of "The Commercial and Financial Chronicle," is timely:

We trust sincerely that the request for an investigation, as made by some of the army officers whose departments have been accused of mismanagement or neglect, will meet with an early and adequate response. We do not express this wish through a feeling that somebody must be punished because the soldiers have suffered, and we regret that tone of personal vindictiveness has crept into the discussion of this question in the press. Least of all ought partisan political considerations to be allowed a moment's hearing. Once it should come to be generally believed that the attack on certain branches of the War Department is a covert demonstration by one political faction or party against another, intelligent popular interest in the matter would cool off immediately. At the moment we do not believe that the very general demand for an investigation has any such inspiration. It is a spontaneous movement of indignation to be sure, for what is believed to be a grave wrong, but it is first of all an appeal for an impartial tribunal which can establish the facts, and, if need be, fix the responsibility.

The impartial investigator is confronted at the start with several undeniable facts which qualify intelligent criticism. Sickness of soldiers at the front or in camp is an inevitable incident of war: the records of our Civil War, for instance, show that deaths in the army from disease were double the combined number of deaths in battle and from wounds, and by far the largest percentage of such deaths from disease were cases of typhoid fever. It is, moreover, perfectly obvious that conditions this year, at the front at all events were more unfavorable than in the Civil War. The army was more hastily recruited and mobilized; its operations were more rapid and exacting; the hostile country was a fever-stricken district, and was invaded at the most dangerous season of the year. Finally the difficulties in the way of landing troops and stores before Santiago, and of bringing them to the front, were vastly increased by the lack of a serviceable harbor and the absence of anything like available military roads. These facts must not be overlooked, and ought to be fully weighed in fair criticism of the misfortunes of the army.

But it seems to me that these exceptional circumstances fall very far short of explaining the present decimation of our army by disease. The Secretary of War, declaring this week that he will order no investigation of the Quartermaster-General's Department, of the Commissary-General's Department, of the Surveyor-General's Department, adds that "there is no fault to be found with them. If there has been any lack of supplies, food, medicine or clothing in any of the camps, it has been due to the officers in command or to unavoidable circumstances." But this in our judgment is an extremely ill-advised way of meeting the situation. Fault has been found with every one of these departments and with the War Department as a whole. The complaints are specific; they are emphasized a thousand times by the shocking spectacle presented by our returning regiments. They are the burden of popular discussion at this hour throughout the Union, and we greatly doubt if popular opinion will submit to an ipse dixit of this kind, whatever its source. Moreover, even Mr. Alger admits that if such neglect has been proved, the commanders are to blame, and it appears to us, since the bad conditions are no matter of doubt, that investigation is absolutely essential to fix the responsibility, even if it rests on other shoulders than those of the Department officers. If the medical and subsistence staffs at Washington are without blame in this matter, they themselves ought to be the first to demand investigation. Surgeon-General Sternberg has already asked for such investigation, and a refusal by the Secretary would, in our judgment, be as grave an injustice to him as to the public.

Granting the fact that sickness on a considerable scale was unavoidable, there are, it seems to us, five very serious matters which demand investigation. We refer to the lack of proper food and medical supplies during the attack on Santiago; the lack of proper and healthful transportation service for our soldiers on the way to Cuba and Porto Rico; the shocking neglect of the hospital ships returning with the sick; the bad judgment shown in selecting and managing the military camps in this country; and finally, the grave blunders in the camp arranged at Montauk for the returning soldiers.

The circumstances surrounding all these incidents are painfully well known already to the newspaper-reading public. We do not need to recite them. We wish to add a few words, however, by way of showing the need of an investigation—not only in justice to the officers now under popular censure but as an absolute necessity to the future remedy of existing defects. Mr. Alger has declared, regarding the lack of supplies at Santiago, that the troops sent to that point "took with them three months' supply of everything, especially medicine and food." This statement, so far is it goes, is confirmed by Surgeon-General Munson of the medical corps at Santiago. But Surgeon Munson who is best qualified to speak, goes on to show, in his report of July 29th, that the medical supplies thus forwarded were for the most part perfectly useless to the army in its hour of need, because the medical officers were not allowed to unload them. Until a day or two after the fight at La Guasima, when the wounded were already crowding the hospital tent, the only facility allowed to the medical department for bringing the tentage, appliances and medicines to the shore at Siboney was one row-boat the order for which was revoked after a single trip from the supply-ship. Most of these medical supplies remained inaccessible a week after the heaviest fighting in front of Santiago. These are matters of official record, not question by anybody; what was involved by such neglect of decent provision for the wounded our people have learned in the heartrending accounts of the hospital makeshifts at the rear of the Santiago army.

It is quite useless to argue that nobody was to blame for such a situation, the result of which was death by the score of soldiers whose lives would have been saved by proper care and provision. Mr. Alger lays much stress on the fact that lighters sent down for use in unloading were lost at sea, and hence the facilities for landing supplies were unavoidably cut off. This may be true; but Surgeon Munson's report clearly proves that boats were to be had, and that in the end, after a fatally long delay, they were obtained. Why there were no such boats specifically available for the supply ships, and under the orders of the proper officers, is not explained at all. We are perfectly well aware that General Shafter's plan of campaign involved quick attack, and that the first requisite was debarcation of the troops and of the ammunition. But to say that this part of the unloading was necessarily the first is a very different matter from excusing total neglect of provision for the wounded, even when serious fighting had begun. The essential fact remains that there was neither proper provision nor proper organization for the landing of the army. The navy sent boats to bring the soldiers on shore; why was no arrangement made for the navy to land the stores? We have seen that a simple row-boat served the purposes of the surgeons later on. As the "Army and Naval Journal" points out, the rules of the British Admiralty not only provide explicitly that "all troops, with their baggage, regimental stores and horses, are to be landed by the navy;" but that "boats, lighters and tugs," for landing stores "must in part, and should if possible entirely, be provided by the navy." A naval fleet lay close at hand during the chaos at the Siboney landing-place. Does anyone suppose that the medical staff would have remained off from its supplies if intelligent co-operation of this sort had been arranged by our War Department?

The suffering of our soldiers in the matter of water transportation has some excuse in the difficulty of securing sufficient transport vessels on short notice. But neither this argument, nor the stock argument that army transportation cannot insure personal comfort, wholly explains or excuses the overcrowding of some of these transports to such degree that disease broke out before the troops were even landed. It is, for instance, a matter now sufficiently well known that our Porto Rico troops were in large measure unfitted in advance for a serious campaign by such provision for their transportation. These bad results might have been avoided, even with the overcrowding, had food and water supplies been competently looked after. But the water supplies on several of these ships appear to have been so crudely arranged that contamination followed as a matter of course.

The defects of this regular transport service were however so far overshadowed by the scandals of the hospital ships that not much has been heard of them. It is not only the people at large who are bewildered at the show of incompetency in the equipment of such boats as the "Seneca" and the "Concho," but the official organs of the army frankly confess that individual responsibility ought to be and can be fixed. For the lack of adequate supplies the Secretary of War blames the captain of the "Seneca," and thus washes his hands of the matter. As to the over-crowding of the vessel, the Surgeon-General declared that an army officer transferred the sick soldiers to the "Seneca," and thus declares himself free of responsibility. Even the lack of proper medical attendance on the hospital boat's long trip is similarly waved aside. The regular medical corps, Dr. Sternberg goes on to say, "is not one-quarter big enough for the needs of the army," and thus he explains not only the shocking lack of medical care on the hospital ships but the utter lack of adequate medical attendance in the hospital tents at Siboney. We cannot help thinking that the average citizen will brush aside these technicalities, and ask who was responsible for committing sick soldiers to a ship of whose capacity every one was ignorant; why such disposal of soldiers seriously ill was not made subject (as Surgeon Munson testifies it was not) to proper medical authorities, and who was so blind as to leave the medical corps short-handed in a campaign whose chief danger, as all the world knew, was disease in the invading army? Readers of history will remember that precisely similar excuses were made by the British War Department for the hospital and commissary scandals of the Crimean War, and these excuses have been rejected as promptly by the judgment of the last half-century as they were by the English public of 1855.

What we have said regarding the other phases of this matter applies with equal force to the condition of the army camps in the United States and to the deplorable mismanagement at Montauk Point. It is maintained by some competent judges that such yellow fever as did exist in the Santiago army was brought from the infected camp at Tampa. Be this as it may, the fact remains that our soldiers returning from the Southern camps, where they have had to face neither Cuban malaria nor Spanish bullets, are in almost as wretched physical condition as the soldiers from Santiago. We have never been able to understand why it was necessary to station Northern soldiers in a Southern climate during mid-summer; but the climate does not explain the typhoid epidemic, which has put a good part of our volunteer army out of service. Nor, we think, is the matter satisfactorily disposed of by the easy retort that volunteer soldiers are always careless and that typhoid in crowded communities is very common. The very recognition of such facts ought to have led to scrupulous care in the selection of camps to shelter and officers to discipline the recruited troops.

We say again, therefore, that an official and impartial investigation of these incidents of the war is a positive necessity. If our methods of army management have been wrong, we certainly ought to learn both the evil and the remedy. If incompetent officers have mismanaged matters in any grade of the service, it is due to the country that it should be informed who were the culprits and how they obtained their offices. If appointments for political favor have done this mischief, it is of the highest importance that the evil should be exposed; for politics in an army, as France proved twenty-eight years ago, leads in the end to demoralization and ruin. If, on the other hand, all these incidents were inseparable from a war such as has just been concluded, then, we should say, President McKinley owes it to his subordinates in the War Department to allow the facts to be brought forth in such manner as will convince and satisfy the American public.

THE PIONEER PAPER.

How an American Editor Took Possession of Santiago.

An American newspaper has started in Santiago. Two weeks after the surrender of Santiago de Cuba and the occupancy of the town by American soldiers the Times of Cuba came out in its first issue. Its editor, one Thomas R. Dawley he signs himself at the left hand top corner of the first page, did not attempt anything elaborate. The Times is simply a four page newspaper, two feet in length and with four columns of reading matter to the page. It is printed on thin, grayish paper, and is without illustrations or even sensational headlines. Stories, editorials and news items are placed indiscriminately, one following another, in the short columns of the first two pages. Pages three and four are filled with advertisements, a part of which are in English, part in Spanish and some of them showing a strange mixture of the two languages. At the top of the first page of the paper the editor has used the heading:

"The Times of Cuba. Diario Independiente De Informacion. The First American Daily Printed in Santiago. Redactor En Jefe: Thomas R. Dawley. Office No. 2 Gallo Street. Ano I. Num. 4. Santiago De Cuba, Jueves 4 De Augusto De 1898."

"Diario Independiente De Informacion," meaning independent paper of information, facts, shows the true American spirit of the Times' editor. He has started an American newspaper, he tells the people, and he is going to run it as an organ of free speech. He will expose and rectify wrongs. And this he does, or endeavors to do, in the first article he writes, an editorial on the "Situation." "Continual complaints have reached us," the article begins, "regarding the commercial and industrial situation here. Merchants tell us that they cannot sell their goods, and planters say it is useless for them to attempt to 'work' their plantations, as their laborers have all been conscripted by the liberating army. The American merchants who arrived here lately on the Philadelphia with tons of provisions say they will be obliged to return to the States losers by thousands of dollars. Considering this lamentable state of affairs, we have attempted some investigations regarding the causes. Observing a large warehouse with only a side door open, we entered and inquired of the owner why he did not open up for business.

"'When I see American police firmly established in this city, and your Government announcing its purpose to govern this unfortunate island, then I will open up,' said he. Further questioning revealed the fact that the merchant had opened his store a few days previous, and his first customer was a big, burly negro with his hat turned up at the front conspicuously displaying the emblem of Free Cuba. The negro said he wanted to buy a machete, and being shown an assortment he strapped one to his side and informed the owner that if he desired his pay he must meet him in 'manigua,' the bushes."

The writer next tells of a negress entering the store of a hatter and threatening the man with death unless he should give her a hat for her brother, an insurgent officer. Numerous similar incidents, showing how the lower class of Cuban negroes extort money and articles of value from the merchants of the upper classes are cited; then the writer continues:

"Another cause of the stagnation of commerce here is the fear on the part of the Spaniards that sooner or later they will be forced to leave Cuba, for those with whom we have talked complain that the United States has given them no promise of permanent protection."

After the editorial on the situation comes a short squib, telling of the arrival at Santiago of the immunes. They reached the town Tuesday, August 2d, two days before the issue of the paper.

"The Second Regiment of the United States Volunteer Infantry, known as Hood's Immunes, arrived in this city Tuesday. They are all new recruits, and, having been recruited from the south of America, are supposed to be immune from yellow fever. It is the purpose of the United States Government to station them throughout Cuba to do permanent police duty. They have already entered upon their duties of patrolling the city."

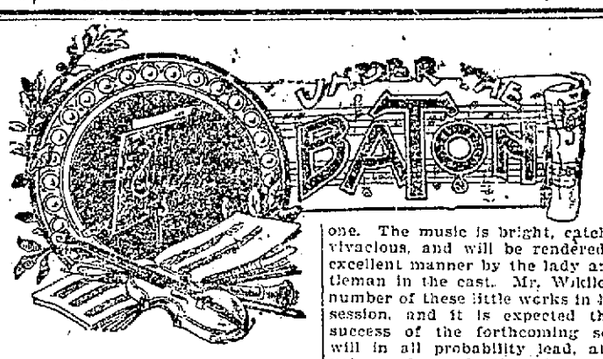
Following the article in which he speaks of the immunes, the editor has placed a "dun."

"Our terms are cash in advance," says he. "We desire to be excused by our advertisers and subscribers for adhering strictly to this rule. We have a native bookkeeper, and yesterday we asked him to collect a certain amount, but before he could make out the bill the debtor died.

"Credit is a bad thing in a land where there is a war raging."

From his witty "dun" the writer turns to serious writing again. He has a short plea for clean streets and alleys, and advises that trash barrels be placed about the town. Only three and a half columns of the Times is in English; the remainder is in Spanish. The advertisements are all in English.

When the sweat gets in your eyes, and your collar melts down around your neck, console yourself that it is not officially hot. The weather bureau is doing the best it can, and if the weather fails to conform, that is its fault.



The Coming Recital of Beatrice Priest Fine.

Little Paloma Schramm on Her Way to Europe Via the Orient.

PIECES BY HOME COMPOSERS.

Program For the Season of the Berkeley Orchestral Society.

The time for the departure of Beatrice Priest-Fine draws near and likewise the date set for her recital, which is Friday night next, in the Unitarian Church.

Mrs. Fine has carefully arranged her programme, and the arrangement contains many songs which she has studied for a long time but which she has never sung in public. The list of composers assures me that the recital has never been surpassed in the selection of songs. Each is a little classic in itself, but nevertheless easily understood by those who "do not know very much about music."

From the programme I have culled these composers: Mozart, Chopin, Brahms, Bemberg, Henschel, Thomas, and Oscar Weil. Mrs. Fine will sing Henschel's "Spring," by general request. Town Talk, in commenting on Mrs. Fine's singing of this song in San Francisco, said that it did not hesitate to say she gave it a much finer rendition that Mrs. Henschel, for whom it was written.

Mrs. Fine will be assisted by Arthur Weiss, the 'cellist, and Robert Clarence Newell, Oakland's great pianist. Mr. Llewellyn Hughes, who is the solo instrumentalist at Mrs. Fine's city recital Tuesday evening, will play the violin obligato to the two Oscar Weil numbers.

In anticipation of a large house, it would be advisable for those intending going to secure their seats as early as possible. They will be on sale Monday morning at Sherman, Clay & Co's.

* * *

A number of years ago, there lived in Sacramento a talented little girl pianiste, who, at the time, was as skillful as Paloma Schramm. As a child, this young one went to New York and was placed under the best of teachers and her God-given art developed. Now this artist—for a great artist she is—has risen and climbed the ladder of fame until, to-day, New York City can boast of few finer lady pianists than Katherine Ruth Heyman. The Coast would probably not have been able to hear her this soon had she not been called back to California on a sad mission—that of attending her mother in her last sickness. Being on the Coast and near her old home, she has been induced to give a series of piano recitals which she will do beginning on Tuesday evening, October 11th, in Sherman-Clay Hall, San Francisco, and playing on Thursday evening and Saturday afternoon of the same week.

* * *

Little Paloma Schramm, that most gifted of children, who has given so many recitals through the interior of the State this summer, left Thursday afternoon for Portland, Or., in company with her sister Karla and their father and mother. They were undecided whether or not to make a tour of the Eastern States or to go direct to Germany via the Orient.

* * *

An excellent likeness of Robert Clarence Newell, our pianist, who is to assist in Beatrice Priest-Fine's recitals, is one of the features of this week's issue of the San Francisco Town Talk.

* * *

Announcements for the season of 1898-99 of the Berkeley Choral and Orchestral Society are soon to be made. Concerts are to be given in November and in March. Clarence S. Merrill has been appointed president, and W. W. Kays, business manager. Experienced singers or players only will be admitted to the Society. The works to be produced at the first concert will be Mendelssohn's "Hear My Prayer," for soprano solo, chorus and orchestra; triumphal chorus from Costa's "Naaman," for combined Society; a ballade for chorus, accompanied by the piano; "King Eric," by Nicolai Von Wilm, two or three-part song, and a number of popular orchestral selections. Admission to the concerts will be by subscriptions.

Alexander T. Stewart of this city will conduct the orchestra, and Frederick H. Clark of Berkeley will lead the chorus. There will be 100 members in the chorus and 40 in the orchestra.

* * *

There will be an original feature at the Dewey Opera House next week in which music lovers of this city will take a great deal of interest. It will be the production of the operetta "Professor," in which there are only two characters. The title role will be sung by Mr. Wilkie and the role of "Mme. Vandella" will be essayed by Miss Emma B. Wells. This is the first time that an operetta has been produced at the Dewey. The selection is pretty one. The music is bright, catchy, and vivacious, and will be rendered in an excellent manner by the lady and gentleman in the cast. Mr. Wilkie has a number of these little works in his possession, and it is expected that the success of the forthcoming selection will in all probability lead, at intervals, to the production of the others.

* * *

The industry of local composers is something which may not always be worthy of commendation, more especially when the individual lacks the power to charm either his or her friends or the public. When, however, that industry is inspired by talent in musical composition it is worthy of appreciation, more especially when it is attended with success. The Tribune, from time to time, has spoken of the success which Mrs. Dr. D. D. Crowley has achieved in the writing of pretty pieces, both for the voice and instrument and feels called upon to recur to the subject because of the grateful news which it has received on the subject from the East.

Mrs. Crowley has added two more graceful pieces to her list of compositions. One of these is styled the "Blue Rose Waltzes," which has been published and which is now in process of orchestration by Howley, Haviland & Co. Eastern musical journals speak in the warmest terms of the seductive effect of tempo and theme and predict for the piece a great measure of popularity.

The other success is a song entitled "You." This is a sweet and tender expression of love, the words of which are beautiful. It will appear in the October number of the magazine "Every Month," one of the most widely-read monthlies in the country. The arrival of both pieces on the coast will be welcomed with a great deal of interest by lovers of music.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. Durward Lely announce two vocal recitals at Hamilton Hall, September 29th and 30th. Mr. Lely was at one time a tenor of Mme. Patti's concert company.

THE TENOR.

THE REGULAR ARMY O.

The smoke of the battle fills the air and the dust is flying high;
We give three cheers for the volunteers and the men about to die.
For the heroes brave whom we know we wave, as they charge in gallant style,
And we shout hurrah for the chance of war and the favor of fortune's smile.
And the glorious deeds that the reader reads are the things we all may know;
But not so plain is the might and main of the Regular Army O.

On the nation's tongue are the words unsung of this silent, moving mass,
Yet the victories won by heart and gun might never have come to pass
If their measured swing and their rifles' ring had not been there that day
To bear the brunt at the battle's front in the Regular Army way.
We give three cheers for the volunteers as they charge o'er a fallen foe—
It were better still if our throats might fill for the Regular Army O.

In Time's great mint, when the circling glint of the glory coins are seen,
Their luster will strike on the boys alike, as their glorious deeds have been.
And as sure as Fate metes out to the great their fullest measure of right,
There shall be no song, but a record long of the ones who trained to fight.
There shall be no dime in the mint of Time struck out in the afterglow,
But an eagle of gold shall be unrolled for the Regular Army O.

—Tom Masson in Life.

SHORT PARAGRAPHS FOR THE BUSY PEOPLE

As an experiment in war, how would it do to select secretaries of war who are inoculated with the non-presidential virus?

The doctors say the Prince's knee will be disabled for a month. Well, Albert has kept off his knees for a longer stretch than that.

And now, we suppose Lord Curzon will be known as the father of the daughter of Joe Leiter's sister.

The Universal Peace Union is gradually being crowded out of business.

The politician never becomes a third-termer until along about the closing days of his second term.

Our boys burned their bridges behind them when they went to Cuba, and their clothes when they came back.

New York seems inclined to enlist a few rough and ready riders for its Gubernatorial campaign.

Grover Cleveland is being quietly and unostentatiously, but quite warmly, boomed as the hen-raisers' Presidential possibility for 1900.

Senator Hanna appears to be quite willing to assume the arduous duty of being an issue for the Ohio Democrats.

The John W. Willis movement is backing proudly and leisurely up to the Democratic party with a tack in its tire.

The Spaniards and Cubans are piously banging away at each other between proclamations, and making it a dead easy thing for a decent government to make a hit on the island.

Scientists tell us that Niagara is 10,000 years old. And it took all that time to work the hotel rates up to where they are!

If Secretary Alger wants to get up a nice warm scrap book, the newspapers of the day will furnish the material.

Washington now regrets that the War Department didn't bring home some barbed wire fence from Santiago. It would come in handy to filter the stuff that Washington drinks as a substitute for water.

CALL FOR Republican Primary ELECTION.

At a meeting of the Republican County Central Committee of the County of Alameda, State of California, held the third day of September, A. D. 1898, it was:

Resolved, That a County Convention, to-wit: An organized assemblage of delegates representing the Republican political party, which Republican party at the last election polled over three per cent of the entire vote of said Alameda county, and consisting of 258 delegates, such delegates to be selected as hereinafter provided, be held at San Leandro on Monday, the 19th day of September, A. D. 1898, at ten o'clock A. M.

The said convention is called for the purpose of nominating candidates for the following offices, to-wit:

State Senator from the Twenty-sixth District.
State Senator from the Twenty-eighth District.
Assemblyman from the Forty-sixth District.
Assemblyman from the Forty-seventh District.
Assemblyman from the Forty-eighth District.
Assemblyman from the Forty-ninth District.
Assemblyman from the Fiftieth District.
Assemblyman from the Fifty-first District.
Supervisor from the Second District.
Supervisor from the Third District.
Sheriff.
Recorder.
Clerk.
Tax Collector.
Auditor.
District Attorney.
Public Administrator.
Assessor.
Treasurer.
School Superintendent.
Coroner.
Surveyor.
Two Justices of the Peace for the City of Oakland.
One Justice of the Peace for Oakland Township.
Two Justices of the Peace for Alameda Township.
One Justice of the Peace for Brooklyn Township.
Two Justices of the Peace for Eden Township.
Two Justices of the Peace for Washington Township.
One Justice of the Peace for Murray Township.
Two Constables for Oakland Township.
Two Constables for Alameda Township.
Two Constables for Eden Township.
Two Constables for Washington Township.
Two Constables for Murray Township.

Also to select a new County Central Committee, to take office on the Saturday following the said convention.

That such delegates be elected at and by a primary election to be held throughout the county on Saturday, the 17th day of September, A. D. 1898, between the hours of 12 and 8 o'clock P. M., at which the test as to the eligibility of voters shall be: "I will support the nominees of the Republican party at the election to be held on November 8th, 1898, and have not voted at any other primary election or at any other time or place this day." And no person will be entitled to vote at said primary election unless his name is upon the Great Register of the county of Alameda for the year 1898, as evidenced by his name appearing upon a printed copy of said Register, or upon a type-written copy of the same, duly certified to by the County Clerk of this county, or who presents a certificate of registration from the proper officer.

That in all cases the Board of Election in each precinct shall be the judges of the qualifications of voters, and its decision shall be final. The delegates receiving the highest number of votes in each ward, township or portion thereof, from which delegates are to be separately elected as hereinafter designated, to be declared elected as such delegates.

All ballots shall be of pure white paper, twelve inches in length and four inches in width, and shall be printed with "plea old style type."

The apportionment and selection of said delegates to said County Convention, and the officers of election, and polling places at said primary election, to be as follows, to-wit:

CITY OF OAKLAND.

First Ward to elect nineteen delegates.

Precincts 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6 and 7—Polling place, 1616 Seventh street; judge, W. E. Frost; inspector, W. J. Hays; clerks, E. M. Long, H. L. Nash.

Precinct 8—Polling place, S. W. corner of 11th and Peralta streets; judge, F. K. Mott; inspector, J. F. Swart; clerks, B. R. Frazer, A. C. Johnstone.

Second Ward to elect twenty-four delegates.

Precincts 1, 2, 3, 4 and 5—Polling place, at Milton Hall on the south side of 29th street 50 feet west of San Pablo avenue; judge, J. H. Hallahan; inspector, Ted Cook; clerks, Christopher Tracy, Frank E. Smith.

Precincts 6, 7 and 8—Polling place, S. E. corner of Telegraph avenue and Bay place; judge, Col. G. H. A. Dimpfel; inspector, C. E. Curtis; clerks, Jack Reed.

Precinct No. 9—Polling place, Piedmont power house; judge, Darby Knowles; inspector, R. M. Price; clerks, C. D. Bates, James Naismith.

Note—Precinct No. 1 being in the Forty-ninth Assembly District and the Twenty-sixth Senatorial District, is entitled to be represented by four delegates in said Assembly and Senatorial Conventions.

Precinct 9, being in the Fifty-first Assembly District, is entitled to be represented by two delegates in said Assembly Convention.

Precincts 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7 and 8, being in the Fiftieth Assembly District, are entitled to be represented by eighteen delegates in said Assembly Convention.

In nominating and electing the delegates from this ward there must be nominated and placed upon the tickets to be voted at the primary election the names of four persons who are residents of said precinct No. 1, and the names of eighteen persons residents of precincts 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7 and 8, and the names of two persons who are residents of precinct No. 9.

Third Ward to elect twenty-two delegates.

Precincts 1, 2, 3 and 4—Polling place, northeast corner of Market and Fifteenth streets; judge, Henry Maloon; inspector, J. H. Storey; clerks, Fred H. Davis, Everett Dowdle.

Precincts 5, 6 and 7—Polling place, 621 San Pablo avenue; judge, L. S. Bixby; inspector, Geo. S. Meredith; clerks, F. C. Johns, Marston Campbell.

Note—Precinct No. 1, being in the Forty-ninth Assembly District and the Twenty-sixth Senatorial District, is entitled to be represented by three delegates in said Assembly and Senatorial District Conventions.

Precincts 2, 3, 4, 5, 6 and 7, being in the Fiftieth Assembly District, are entitled to be represented by nineteen delegates in the Fiftieth Assembly District Convention.

In nominating and electing the delegates from this ward there must be nominated and placed upon the tickets to be voted at the primary election the names of three persons who are residents of precinct No. 1 and the names of nineteen persons who are residents of precincts Nos. 2, 3, 4, 5, 6 and 7.

Fourth Ward to elect twenty-one delegates.

Precincts 1 and 2 (elect seven delegates)—Polling place, 1158½ 7th street; judge, Charles Davis; inspector, T. T. Tanley; clerks, Max Koenig, F. Parker.

Precincts 3, 4, 5, 6, 7 (elect fourteen delegates)—Polling place, 862 Market street; judge, N. L. O'Neill; inspector, O. J. Miller; clerks, Wm. A. Mackay, M. Tebriner.

Note—Precincts Nos. 1 and 2, being in the Forty-ninth Assembly District and the Twenty-sixth Senatorial District, are entitled to be represented by seven delegates in said Senatorial and Assembly District Conventions.

Precincts Nos. 3, 4, 5, 6 and 7, being in the Forty-eighth Assembly and Twenty-sixth Senatorial Districts, are entitled to be represented by fourteen delegates in said Assembly and Senatorial District Conventions.

In nominating and electing the delegates from this ward there must be nominated and placed upon the ticket to be voted at the primary election seven persons who are residents of said precincts Nos. 1 and 2, and the names of fourteen persons who are residents of precincts Nos. 3, 4, 5, 6 and 7.

Fifth Ward to elect seventeen delegates.

Precincts 1, 2 and 7—Polling place, City Hall; judge, C. B. Mead; inspector, Frank Templeman; clerks, Wm. D. Goodwin, Frank Laughland.

Precincts 4 and 5—Polling place, Kane & Daly's stables, cor. 14th and Webster streets; judge, J. W. Ellis; inspector, J. B. Melvin; clerks, Thos. B. Phelby Jr., Montell Taylor.

Precincts 3 and 6—Polling place, Schellhaas' store, N. W. cor. 11th and Franklin streets; judge, A. W. Bishop; inspector, Hugh Schamp; clerks, Fred Magill, Isaac Timmins.

Note—Precincts 3 and 6, being in the Forty-eighth Assembly and Twenty-sixth Senatorial Districts, are entitled to be represented by three delegates in said Forty-eighth Assembly and Twenty-sixth Senatorial District Conventions.

Precincts 1, 2 and 7, being in the Fiftieth Assembly District, are entitled to be represented by eight delegates in the Fiftieth Assembly District Convention.

Precincts Nos. 4 and 5, being in the Fifty-first Assembly District, are entitled to be represented by six delegates in said Fifty-first Assembly District Convention.

In nominating and electing the delegates from this ward there must be nominated and placed upon the ticket to be voted at the primary election the names of three persons who are residents of precincts 3 and 6, and the names of eight persons who are residents of precincts 1, 2 and 7, and the names of six persons who are residents of precincts 4 and 5.

Sixth Ward to elect sixteen delegates.

Polling place—Galindo Hotel; judge, Ed Farrell; inspector, Fred Graham; clerks, Ed Gerhing, Frank Rier.

Seventh Ward to elect twenty-six delegates.

Polling places:

Polling place No. 1—Official precincts 1 and 2—No. 303 East 12th street; judge, M. T. Stewart; inspector, Robt. Risdon; clerks, E. R. Jackson.

Polling place No. 2—Official precincts 3, 4, 5 and 6—Cor. East 14th street and 13th avenue; judge, A. C. Champion; inspector, W. D. Thomas; clerks, Will Hall, Clyde Lampkin.

Polling place No. 3—Official precincts 6, 7, 8 and 9—No. 1105 23d avenue; judge, S. B. Adriance; inspector, Geo. H. Chapman; clerks, Chester Crandall, W. R. Prosser.

ALAMEDA TOWNSHIP.

To elect forty-two delegates.

Polling place, First District, precincts 12 and 13—No. 1503 Webster street; inspector, George Green; judge, Wm. Fetten; clerks, W. J. White, A. Peterson.

Polling place, Second District, precincts 10 and 11—Encinal Hall, Bay street; inspector, G. H. Turner; judge, R. S. Falconer; clerks, Bert Fitch, H. K. James.

Polling place, Third District, precincts 2, 5, 6 and 9 and part of 1 south of Central avenue—No. 2303½ Encinal avenue near Park street; inspector, E. E. Johnson; judge, John M. Robertson; clerks, A. S. Barber, George Foster.

Polling place, Fourth District, precincts 3, 4, 7, 8 and part of 1 north of Central avenue—No. 1603 Park street; inspector, F. W. Greely; judge, G. A. Boardwell; clerks, J. E. Hadley, H. O. Tenney.

BROOKLYN TOWNSHIP (OUTSIDE)

To elect thirteen delegates.

Polling places:

Fruitvale precincts 1, 2 and 3—S. E. cor. Washington street and Fruitvale avenue; inspector, G. E. Bason; judge, R. Turnbull; clerks, D. F. Shuite, E. E. Hunt.

Brooklyn precincts Nos. 1 and 2—Inspector, John Hamilton; judge, J. O. Clarrage; clerks, W. S. Tweed, L. W. Murdock.

EDEN TOWNSHIP.

To elect eighteen delegates.

San Leandro precincts 1 and 2—City Hall; judge, George Downie; inspector, John H. Chipman; clerks, Ed A. Watkins and Wm. Harrison Gray.

San Lorenzo precincts 1 and 2—Polling place, Village Hall; judge, Ed O. Webb; inspector, H. R. Martin; clerks, H. T. Smythe and E. H. Crane.

Mt. Eden precinct No. 1—Polling place, "The Wigwam"; judge, Henry Schafer; inspector, E. H. Clawiter; clerks, Fred W. Wrede, Frank Dennis.

Mt. Eden precinct No. 2—Polling place, near Club House; judge, Sidney Ransom; inspector, Carl C. Mohr; clerks, Henry Reiter, John J. Booth.

Haywards precincts Nos. 1 and 2—Polling place, Town Hall; judge, Henry E. Bruner; inspector, Lewis B. Chandler; clerks, A. V. Morgan, Charles Prowse.

Castro Valley and Palomares precincts—Polling place, Frank Mendall's building, opposite Vogt's saloon; judge, James L. Hollis; inspector, Isaac B. Parsons; clerks, J. W. Thomford and E. K. Strobridge.

Note—Haywards precincts 1 and 2, Castro Valley, Mt. Eden precinct No. 2 and Palomares precincts, being in the Forty-sixth Assembly District and Twenty-eighth Senatorial District, are entitled to be represented by eight delegates in the Forty-sixth Assembly and Twenty-eighth Senatorial District Conventions.

San Leandro precincts 1 and 2, San Lorenzo precincts 1 and 2 and Mt. Eden precinct No. 1, being in the Forty-seventh Assembly District and Twenty-eighth Senatorial District, are entitled to be represented by ten delegates in the Forty-seventh Assembly and Twenty-eighth Senatorial District Conventions.

In nominating and electing the delegates from this township there must be nominated and placed upon the tickets to be voted at the primary election the names of eight persons who are residents of Haywards precincts 1 and 2, Castro Valley precinct, Mt. Eden precinct No. 2 and Palomares precinct, and the names of ten persons who are residents of San Leandro precincts 1 and 2, San Lorenzo precincts 1 and 2 and Mt. Eden precinct No. 1.

WASHINGTON TOWNSHIP.

To elect seventeen delegates. To be voted for at large throughout the township.

Centerville (three delegates)—Polling place, Gregory House; judge, L. S. Alameda; inspector, J. D. Norris; clerks, B. C. Nichol, R. C. Moulders.

Washington (three delegates)—Polling place, Odd Fellows' building; judge, J. W. Blacow; inspector, E. B. Thompson; clerks, Chas. Healon, H. C. Brewer.

Niles (three delegates)—Polling place, Lynch's vacant building; judge, Hugh Mosher; inspector, M. B. Sexton; clerks, B. Sanborn, Chas. Overacker.

Newark (two delegates)—Polling place, Dugan's store; judge, John Bee; inspector, E. S. Burdick; clerks, W. R. S. Johns, William Dugan.

Alvarado (three delegates)—Polling place, Odd Fellows' building; judge, Charles Naigt; inspector, W. H. Vanderpeer; clerks, E. A. Richmond, D. Foster.

Decoto (one delegate)—Polling place, King's grocery store; judge, A. Searles; inspector, J. H. Peterson; clerks, G. N. Juhl, Charles Whipple.

Mission San Jose (two delegates)—Polling place, Club House; judge, C. H. Vanderworth; inspector, John Hussler; clerks, Douglass Cushman, L. C. Harris.

MURRAY TOWNSHIP.

To elect fourteen delegates. To be elected at large throughout the township.

Altamont (one delegate)—Polling place, old depot; inspector, W. R. Thomas; judge, J. R. Frick; clerks, A. McKerson, John Young.

Corral Hollow and Murray No. 2 (two delegates)—Polling place, store at Tesla; inspector, A. W. More; judge, Alfred Famaris; clerks, John Pair, W. C. Haswell.

Livermore Nos. 1 and 2 (three delegates) and Murray No. 1 (one delegate)—Polling place, Town Hall, Livermore; inspector, F. Sangmaster; judge, Joe Bangs; clerks, E. McDonald, Amos Clark.

Pleasanton Nos. 1 and 2 (four delegates)—Polling place, Town Hall; inspector, A. F. Schweer; judge, Aug. Bernal; clerks, A. G. Harms, Robt. Helms.

Dublin (one delegate)—Polling place, vacant store; inspector, Peter Rasmussen; judge, J. C. McDermitt; clerks, Morgan Christensen, H. P. Bondel.

Sunol (two delegates)—Polling place, Sunol Glen Hotel; inspector, Charles Hadsell; judge, H. H. Ellis; clerks, E. V. Bernal, Frank King.

OAKLAND TOWNSHIP.

To elect forty-nine delegates.

Berkeley and Ocean View (thirty-one delegates)—Polling place for precincts 3 and 4 and Ocean View, Delaware street near 3d; judge, James Payne; inspector, Benj. Hamilton; clerks, A. S. Anderson, Henry Peterson.

Polling place for precincts 5 and 6—H. D. Irwin's real estate office; judge, Thos. Stevenson; inspector, George Galloup; clerks, Frank Dixon, Wm. James.

Polling place for precincts 1, 2, 7, 8, 9, 10 and 11—Frick's building, Stanford place between Center and Addison streets; judge, J. G. Jessup, inspector, J. Chappee; clerks, C. A. Gregory, L. Roberts.

Polling place for precincts 12 and 13—A. R. Frame's real estate office, Ashby avenue near Shattuck avenue; judge, Henry S. Lambert; inspector, Boag; clerks, D. Adams, J. J. Rose.

OAKLAND TOWNSHIP.

Golden Gate (three delegates)—Polling place, Freeman's Hotel; judge, J. M. Page; inspector, J. J. Lyons; clerks, H. T. Armstrong, Frank Burne.

Bay precinct (three delegates)—Polling place, Judge Quinn's Court, Town Hall; judge, M. H. Lane; inspector, Wm. Shinn; clerks, Chas. Cooke, Thos. Haptin.

Temescal (six delegates)—Polling place, Pedrini's store; judge, W. B. Moody; inspector, A. McAdams; clerks, J. C. Williamson, N. McDonald.

Peralta (two delegates)—Polling place, Red store, Benton and Paradise streets; judge, M. P. Manning; inspector, R. Chaloner; clerks, W. P. Woolsey, Fred Bartels.

Claremont (one delegate)—Polling place, Four Mile House; judge, Geo. Colby; inspector, C. H. Allison; clerks, Wm. Davis, Geo. Logan.

Piedmont (three delegates)—Polling place, Squires' building, Piedmont avenue; judge, Wm. O'Connor; inspector, G. B. Daniels; clerks, B. McDermott, R. Johnson.

Note—Bay, Golden Gate and Ocean View precincts are in the Forty-ninth Assembly District and Twenty-sixth Senatorial District, and are entitled to be represented by six delegates in the Forty-ninth Assembly District and Twenty-sixth Senatorial District Conventions.

Berkeley precincts 2, 3, 4, 5, 7 and 12, being in the Forty-ninth Assembly District and Twenty-sixth Senatorial District, are entitled to be represented by ten delegates in the Forty-ninth Assembly District and Twenty-fifth Senatorial District Conventions.

Berkeley precincts Nos. 1, 8, 9, 10, 11, Piedmont and Claremont, being in the Fifty-first Assembly District, are entitled to be represented by seventeen delegates in the Fifty-first Assembly District Convention.

Precincts 6 and 13 of Berkeley and Peralta and Temescal precincts 1, 2 and 3 are in the Fifty-first Assembly District, and are entitled to be represented by twelve delegates in the Fifty-first Assembly Convention.

In nominating and electing the delegates from this township there must be nominated and placed upon the tickets to be voted for at said primary election the names of six persons who are residents within Bay, Golden Gate and Ocean View precincts; and the names of ten persons who are residents within precincts Nos. 2, 3, 4, 5, 7 and 12, and seventeen persons in Berkeley precincts 1, 8, 9, 10, 11 and Piedmont and Claremont; and twelve persons in precincts 6 and 13 of Berkeley, and Peralta and Temescal Nos. 1, 2 and 3.

The various Boards of Election are requested to forward to the Central Committeeman of their district sealed returns of said election, consisting of the ballots, tally sheet and poll list, duly certified, immediately after the closing of the polls.

It is further Resolved, That the following designated District, City and Township Conventions, each to be composed of and to be an organized assemblage of delegates from each district, city or township respectively, representing therein the Republican party, which Republican party, at the last election in each of said districts, city or township respectively, polled over three per cent of the entire vote of each of said district city or township respectively, each District, City or Township Convention to consist of the number of delegates as hereinafter named, such delegates to be delegates elected to said County Convention, and apportioned as hereinafter provided, to be held at San Leandro on the 19th day of September, A. D. 1898, at 2 o'clock P. M. Said City, District and Township Conventions are called for the purpose of nominating candidates for the offices as designated herein below each respectively, each District, City or Township Convention to be constituted and composed of such delegates, selected as delegates to said County Convention as above provided from the territory included in each district respectively, as hereinabove and hereafter specifically designated, apportioned as follows, to-wit:

FORTY-SIXTH ASSEMBLY DISTRICT CONVENTION, to nominate a candidate for the Assembly from the Forty-sixth Assembly District, to be composed of thirty-nine delegates, such delegates to be the same delegates elected to the above named County Convention from the precincts and localities as follows, to-wit:

All of Murray Township, 14 delegates.
All of Washington Township, 17 delegates.
Hayward precinct No. 1 of Eden Township, 2 delegates.
Hayward precinct No. 2 of Eden Township, 2 delegates.
Castro Valley precinct of Eden Township, 2 delegates.
Mt. Eden precinct No. 2 of Eden Township, 1 delegate.
Palomares precinct of Eden Township, 1 delegate.
Total, 39 delegates.

FORTY-SEVENTH ASSEMBLY DISTRICT CONVENTION, to nominate a candidate for the Assembly from the Forty-seventh Assembly District, to be composed of sixty-five delegates, such delegates to be the same delegates elected to the above named County Convention from the precincts and localities as follows, to-wit:

All of Alameda Township, 42 delegates.
All of Brooklyn Township (outside), 13 delegates.
San Leandro precincts Nos. 1 and 2, 5 delegates.
San Lorenzo precincts 1 and 2, 3 delegates.
Mt. Eden precinct No. 1, 2 delegates.
Total, 65 delegates.

FORTY-EIGHTH ASSEMBLY DISTRICT CONVENTION, to nominate a candidate for the Assembly from the Forty-eighth Assembly District, to be composed of thirty-four delegates, such delegates to be the same delegates elected to the above named County Convention from the precincts and localities as follows, to-wit:

All of the Sixth Ward of the City of Oakland, 16 delegates.
All of the Fourth Ward except precincts 1 and 2, 14 delegates.
Precincts 3 and 6 of the Fifth Ward, 4 delegates.
Total, 34 delegates.

FORTY-NINTH ASSEMBLY DISTRICT CONVENTION, to nominate a candidate for the Assembly from the said Forty-ninth Assembly District, to be composed of forty nine delegates, such delegates to be the same delegates elected to the above named County Convention from the precincts and localities as follows, to-wit:

Precincts 1 and 2 of the Fourth Ward, City of Oakland, 7 delegates
Precinct 1 of Third Ward, City of Oakland, 3 delegates.
Precinct 1 of Second Ward, City of Oakland, 4 delegates.
All of the First Ward, City of Oakland, 19 delegates.
Bay and Golden Gate precincts, 6 delegates.
Berkeley precincts 2, 3, 4, 5, 7 and 12 and Ocean View, 10 delegates.
Total, 49 delegates.

FIFTIETH ASSEMBLY DISTRICT CONVENTION, to nominate a candidate for the Assembly from the Fiftieth Assembly District, to be composed of forty-five delegates, such delegates to be the same delegates elected to the above named County Convention from the precincts and localities, to-wit:

All of Third Ward except precinct 1 of the City of Oakland, 19 delegates.
Precincts 1, 2 and 7 of Fifth Ward, City of Oakland, 7 delegates.
Precincts 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7 and 8 of Second Ward, City of Oakland, 18 delegates.
Total, 44 delegates.

FIFTY-FIRST ASSEMBLY DISTRICT CONVENTION, to nominate a candidate for the Assembly from the Fifty-first Assembly District, to be composed of sixty-three delegates, such delegates to be the same delegates elected to the above named County Convention from the precincts and localities as follows, to-wit:

All of Seventh Ward of City of Oakland, 26 delegates.
Precincts 4 and 5 of Fifth Ward, City of Oakland, 6 delegates.
Precinct 9 of Second Ward, City of Oakland, 2 delegates.
Berkeley precincts 6 and 13, Peralta precinct and Temescal precincts 1, 2 and 3, 12 delegates.
Precincts 1, 6, 8, 9, 10, 11, 14 of Berkeley and Piedmont 1 and 2 and Claremont, 23 delegates.
Total, 66 delegates.

TWENTY-SIXTH SENATORIAL DISTRICT CONVENTION, to nominate a candidate for Senator from said Twenty-sixth Senatorial District to be composed of 83 delegates, such delegates to be the same delegates elected to the above County Convention from the precincts and localities as follows, to-wit:

All of said Forty-eighth and Forty-ninth Assembly Districts, 83 delegates.

TWENTY-EIGHTH SENATORIAL DISTRICT CONVENTION, to nominate a candidate for Senator from the said Twenty-eighth Senatorial District, to be composed of 104 delegates, such delegates to be the same delegates elected to the above County Convention from the precincts and localities as follows, to-wit:

All of said Forty-sixth and Forty-seventh Assembly Districts, 104 delegates.

SUPERVISORIAL DISTRICT NO. 2, to nominate a candidate for Supervisor of District No. 2, to be composed of fifty-eight delegates, such delegates to be the same delegates elected to the above named County Convention from the precincts and localities as follows, to-wit:

All of Alameda Township east of Paru street.
All of Brooklyn Township outside of the City of Oakland, and all of Eden Township.
Total, 58 delegates.

SUPERVISORIAL DISTRICT NO. 3, to nominate a candidate for Supervisor of District No. 3, to be composed of forty-five delegates, such delegates to be the same delegates elected to the above named County Convention from the precincts and localities as follows, to-wit:

Precincts 3, 4, 5, 6 and 7 of the Fourth Ward, all of the Sixth Ward of the City of Oakland, and all of Alameda Township west of Paru street.
Total, 45 delegates.

CITY OF OAKLAND CONVENTION, to nominate two candidates for the office of Justice of the Peace in and for the City of Oakland, composed of all the delegates to said County Convention elected from said City of Oakland.

OAKLAND TOWNSHIP CONVENTION, to nominate one candidate for the office of Justice of the Peace for Oakland Township and two candidates for Constable for Oakland Township, composed of all the delegates to said County Convention elected from Oakland Township.

ALAMEDA TOWNSHIP CONVENTION, to nominate two candidates for the office of Justice of the Peace for Alameda Township and two candidates for Constable for Alameda Township, composed of all the delegates to said County Convention elected from Alameda Township.

BROOKLYN TOWNSHIP CONVENTION, to nominate one candidate for the office of Justice of the Peace for Brooklyn Township, and to nominate two candidates for the office of Constable for said township, composed of all the delegates to said County Convention elected from Brooklyn Township.

EDEN TOWNSHIP CONVENTION, to nominate two candidates for the office of Justice of the Peace, and two candidates for the office of Constable of Eden Township, composed of all the delegates to said convention elected from Eden Township.

WASHINGTON TOWNSHIP CONVENTION, to nominate two candidates for the office of Justice of the Peace, and two candidates for the office of Constable of Washington Township, composed of all the delegates to said County Convention elected from Washington Township.

MURRAY TOWNSHIP CONVENTION, to nominate one candidate for the office of Justice of the Peace, and two candidates for the office of Constable of Murray Township, composed of all the delegates to said County Convention elected from Murray Township.

Each of said conventions shall organize by the selections of a Chairman and Secretary, which officers shall certify the nominations made by such convention to this committee in the manner required by Section 1187 of the Political Code in duplicate. Each of said conventions is requested to adopt the following resolutions:

"Resolved, That the Republican County Central Committee be and it is hereby authorized to fill any vacancy which may exist or occur in the list of nominees, and in all matters where this convention has failed to act, or in which its action may hereafter become ineffectual for any reason, and to act in the name, place and stead of this convention, with all the powers thereof."

It is further Resolved, That two representatives for each ticket to be voted at each polling place shall be admitted into the respective polling places and permitted to remain there during the time the polls are open and until the vote is counted, and that the names of these persons so selected to be present shall be presented to this committee not less than forty-eight hours before the day of election, and shall be approved by this committee, and credentials issued by the Secretary thereof.

F. J. FLETTER,
Chairman of the Republican County Central Committee.
Attest: J. H. W. RILEY, Secretary.

NEW LOUVRE
BOUFE
14th and Broadway - Oakland
"Tete," the favorite chef, late of the *Athenia Club*, in charge.
J. J. CARROLL, Prop.

LEGAL

FOURTEENTH STREET WIDENING.

Street Superintendent's Notice Requiring Payment of Assessments.

Office of the Superintendent of Streets, Oakland, Cal., Sept. 2, 1898.

In compliance with the law, notice is hereby given that on the 31st day of August, A. D. 1898, I received from the City Clerk of the city of Oakland and the Clerk of the City Council of said city, a certified copy of the written report, assessment and plat, accompanying the same, made by the commissioners appointed by the City Council of the city of Oakland to assess benefits and damages and have general supervision of the proposed work and improvement of the widening of Fourteenth street between the western line of Market street and the center line of Myrtle street in said city of Oakland: which said report, assessment and plat were filed by said commissioners in the office of the Clerk of said Council on the 18th day of July, A. D. 1898, and passed upon, confirmed, approved and adopted (after notice given of the day fixed upon for hearing said report) by said City Council, at a meeting thereof held on the 29th day of August, A. D. 1898, and that said assessment therein contained is now due and payable, and is a lien upon all the property contained and described therein, as therein assessed for its proportion of the cost of said improvement as shown by said assessment.

Notice is also given that all sums levied and assessed in and by said assessment roll are due and payable immediately, and that the payment of each of the said sums respectively is to be made to me within thirty (30) days from the date of the first publication of this notice, to-wit: thirty days from September 3rd, 1898, and that all assessments not paid before the expiration of said thirty (30) days will become and will be declared to be delinquent, and therefore the sum of five (5%) per cent upon the amount of such delinquent assessment, together with the cost of advertising each delinquent assessment, will be added thereto.

Dated September 3rd, 1898.

M. K. MILLER.
Superintendent of Streets of the City of Oakland and Street Superintendent of the City of Oakland.

PROBATE NOTICE.

In the Superior Court of the county of Alameda, State of California.

Notice of time set for proving will, etc.

Notice is hereby given, that a petition for the probate of the will of John G. Young, deceased, and for the issuance to Jesse Young of letters testamentary thereon, has been filed in this Court, and that Monday, the 12th day of September, A. D. 1898, at 10 o'clock A. M. of said day, at the Court-room of Department No. 4 of said Court, at the Court House in the city of Oakland, in said county of Alameda, has been set for the hearing of said petition and proving said will, when and where any person interested may appear and contest the same.

Dated, September 1st, 1898.
FRANK C. JORDAN, Clerk.
By F. D. ADAMS, Deputy Clerk.
G. W. LANGAN, Esq., Attorney for Estate, Livermore, Cal.

NOTICE.

NOTICE — All persons are hereby cautioned not to trust any one on account of the Tribune Publishing Company without a written order signed by an officer of this corporation. Any indebtedness incurred without said order will not be recognized.

TRIBUNE PUBLISHING CO.,
By W. E. DARGIE, President.

LEGAL.

PROCLAMATION.

State of California,
Executive Department,
Sacramento, July 30, 1898.

Whereas, The Legislature of the State of California, at its thirty-second session, beginning on the fourth day of January, A. D. 1897, two-thirds of all the members elected to each of the two houses of said Legislature voting in favor thereof, proposed the following described amendments to the Constitution of the State of California, to-wit:

Amendment Number One.

(Being Senate Constitutional Amendment No. 41.)

A resolution to propose to the people of the State of California an amendment to section eighteen of article eleven of the Constitution, in relation to revenue and taxation, by which it is proposed to amend said section to read as follows:

Section 18. No county, city, town, township, board of education or school district shall incur any indebtedness or liability in any manner or for any purpose exceeding in any year the income and revenue provided for it for such year, without the assent of two-thirds of the qualified electors thereof, voting at an election to be held for that purpose, nor unless before, or at the time of incurring such indebtedness, provision shall be made for the collection of an annual tax sufficient to pay the interest on such indebtedness as it falls due, and also provision to constitute a sinking fund for the payment of the principal thereof on or before maturity, which shall not exceed forty years from the time of contracting the same; provided, however, that the city and county of San Francisco may at any time pay the unpaid claims with interest thereon for materials furnished to and work done for said city and county during the forty-third and forty-fourth fiscal years, out of the income and revenue of any succeeding year or years; provided, that any and all claims for making, repairing, altering, or for any work done upon or for any material furnished for any street, lane, alley, court, place or sidewalk, or for the construction of any sewer or sewers in said city and county are hereby excepted from the provisions of this section; and in determining any claim permitted to be paid by this section, no statute of limitations shall apply in any manner; and provided further, that the city of Vallejo, in Solano county, may pay its existing indebtedness incurred in the construction of its water-works, whenever two-thirds of the electors thereof voting at an election held for that purpose, shall so decide. Any indebtedness or liability incurred contrary to this provision, with the exception hereinbefore recited, shall be void.

Amendment Number Two.

(Being Senate Constitutional Amendment No. 10.)

A resolution proposing to the people of the State of California an amendment to the Constitution of the State, by adding a new section, to be known and designated as section seven and one-half, article eleven thereof, providing for the framing, by the inhabitants of counties, of local county government acts for their own government. The said proposed new section to read as follows:

Section 7½. The inhabitants of any county may frame a county government act for their own government, relating to the matters hereinafter specified, and consistent with, and subject to, the Constitution and laws of this State, by causing a board of fifteen freeholders, who have been, for at least five years, qualified electors of such county, to be elected by the qualified electors of such county, at any general or special election, whose duty it shall be, within ninety days after such election, to prepare and propose a county government act for such county, which shall be signed in duplicate by the members of such board, or a majority of them, and returned, one copy thereof to the Board of Supervisors or other legislative body of such county, and the other copy to be sent to the Recorder of deeds of the county. Such proposed county government act shall then be published in two papers of general circulation in such county, or if there be not two such papers, then in one only, for at least twenty days, and within not less than thirty days after such publication it shall be submitted to the qualified electors of such county, at a general or special election, and if a majority of such qualified electors voting thereon shall ratify the same, it shall thereafter be submitted to the Legislature for its rejection or approval, as a whole, without power of alteration or amendment, and if approved by a majority of the members elected to each house, it shall be the county government act of such county, and shall in such case become the organic law thereof and supersede any existing county government act, and all amendments thereof, and all special laws inconsistent with such county government act.

A copy of such county government act, certified by the President of the Board of Supervisors or other legislative body of such county, and authenticated by the seal of such county, setting forth the submission of such county government act to the electors, and its ratification by them, shall be made in duplicate and deposited, one in the office of the Secretary of State, the other, after being recorded in the office of the Recorder of deeds in the county, among the archives of the county.

All courts shall take judicial notice thereof. The county government act so ratified may be amended, at intervals of not less than two years, by proposals therefor, submitted by the legislative authority of the county, to the qualified electors thereof, at a general or special election held at least forty days after the publication of such proposals for twenty days in a newspaper of general circulation in such county, and ratified by at least three-fifths of the qualified electors voting thereon, and approved by the Legislature as herein provided for the approval of the county government act. In submitting any such county government act, any alternative article or proposition may be presented for the choice of the voters, and may be voted on separately without prejudice to others.

It shall be competent in all county government acts framed under the authority given by this section, to provide for the manner in which, the times at which, and the terms for which the several township and county officers, other than Judges of the Superior Court, shall be elected and appointed; for their compensation; for the number of such officers, for the consolidation or segregation of offices, for the number of deputies that each officer shall have, and for the compensation payable to each of such deputies, for the manner in which, the times in which and the terms for which the members of all boards of election shall be elected or appointed; and for the constitution, regulation, compensation and government of such boards, and of their clerks and attaches; also, to prescribe the manner and method by which all elections by the people shall be conducted; and may in addition determine the tests and conditions upon which electors, political parties and organizations may participate in any primary election.

Whenever any county has, in the manner and method herein pointed out, adopted any county government act, and the same shall have been approved by the Legislature as aforesaid, the directions of sections four and five of this article providing for the uniformity of a system of county governments throughout the State, and likewise providing for the election and appointment of officers, and the regulation of their compensation, shall not apply. Said county government act shall, as to any of the matters hereinabove provided for and declared by such county government act, not be subject to any law or amendment enacted by the Legislature, except by amendment first submitted to the electors and ratified in the manner hereinabove set forth.

Amendment Number Three.

(Being Senate Constitutional Amendment No. 44.)

A resolution proposing to the people of the State of California an amendment to the Constitution of the State, by adding a new section, to be known and designated as section five and one-half, article six, thereby providing for the organization of a court, to be known as the Court of Claims. The said proposed new section to read as follows:

Section 5½. The Court of Claims shall consist of any three Judges of the Superior Court, who may be requested by the Governor to hold court at the regular terms thereof. The Court of Claims shall have exclusive jurisdiction to hear and determine all claims of every kind and character against the State, under such laws as may be passed by the Legislature, and its judgment thereon shall be final. The terms of the Court of Claims shall be held as follows:

In the city of Los Angeles, commencing on the second Monday of March;

In the city and county of San Francisco, commencing on the second Monday in July, and

In the city of Sacramento, commencing on the second Monday of November of each year.

The Judges holding such term of court shall receive no extra compensation therefor, but shall receive their actual expenses, to be paid out of the general fund of the State Treasury. The Legislature shall enact all laws necessary to organize such court, to provide the procedure thereof and to carry out the provisions of this section.

Amendment Number Four.

(Being Assembly Constitutional Amendment No. 37.)

A resolution to propose to the people of the State of California an amendment to the Constitution of the State, amending article eleven, by adding a new section thereto, to be known as section number five and one-half, relating to consolidated city and county governments. The said proposed new section to read as follows:

Section 5½. The provisions of section four and five of this article shall not, nor shall any legislation passed pursuant thereto, apply to any consolidated city and county government, now existing or hereafter formed, which shall have become, or shall become, organized under section seven, or secure a charter under section eight of this article.

Amendment Number Five.

(Being Assembly Constitutional Amendment No. 36.)

A resolution to propose to the people of the State of California an amendment of section fifteen and section sixteen of article five of the Constitution of the State of California, by which it is proposed to amend said sections to read as follows:

Section 15. A Lieutenant Governor shall be elected at the same time and place and in the same manner as the Governor, and his term of office and his qualifications shall be the same. He shall be President of the Senate, but shall only have a casting-vote therein.

Section 16. In case of the impeachment of the Governor, or his removal from office, death, inability to discharge the powers and duties of his office, resignation or absence from the State, the powers and duties of the office shall devolve upon the Lieutenant Governor for the residue of the term, or until the disability shall cease. And should the Lieutenant Governor be impeached, displaced, resign, die or become incapable of performing the duties of his office, or be absent from the State, the President pro tempore of the Senate shall act as Governor until the vacancy in the office of Governor shall be filled at the next general election when members of the Legislature shall be chosen, or until such disability of the Lieutenant Governor shall cease. In case of a vacancy in the office of Governor for any of the reasons above named, and neither the Lieutenant Governor nor the President pro tempore of the Senate shall succeed to the powers and duties of Governor, then the powers and duties of such office shall devolve upon the Speaker of the Assembly, until the office of Governor shall be filled at such general election.

Amendment Number Six.

(Being Assembly Constitutional Amendment No. 38.)

A resolution to propose to the people of the State of California an amendment to section six, article nine of the Constitution of the State of California, relating to grammar schools, by which it is proposed to amend said section to read as follows:

Section 6. The public school system shall include primary and grammar schools, and such High schools, evening schools, Normal schools and technical schools as may be established by the Legislature or by municipal or district authority, but the entire revenue derived from the State school fund, and the State school tax, shall be applied exclusively to the support of primary and grammar schools. Grammar schools shall include schools organized in a school district, or union of school districts, having more than one thousand inhabitants, in which a course of study shall be taught which will prepare pupils to enter the agricultural, mining or scientific department of the University of California.

Amendment Number Seven.

(Being Assembly Constitutional Amendment No. 34.)

A resolution to propose to the people of the State of California an amendment to section two of article four of the Constitution, in relation to sessions of the Legislature, by which it is proposed to amend said section to read as follows:

Section 2. The sessions of the Legislature shall commence at twelve o'clock meridian on the first Monday after the first day of January next succeeding the election of its members, and shall be biennial unless the Governor shall in the interim convene the Legislature by proclamation. The Legislature shall then remain in session for twenty-five days, after which it must adjourn to some date not less than thirty nor more than sixty days from the time of adjournment. If the two houses fail to agree upon a time at which they will resume their session, the Governor shall, by proclamation, fix a date for such reconvening, which shall be within the limits above prescribed. Upon re-assembling, the Legislature shall complete its session. No pay shall be allowed to members for a longer period than seventy-five days, and no bill shall be introduced in either house, except at the first twenty-five days of the session, without the consent of three-fourths of the members thereof.

Now, therefore, pursuant to the provisions of the Constitution, and an act of the Legislature of the State of California, entitled "An act to provide for the submission of proposed amendments to the Constitution of the State of California, to the qualified electors for their approval," approved March 7, A. D. 1883, the above described proposed amendments are hereby published and advertised to be voted upon, by ballot, by the qualified electors of the State, at the election to be held throughout this State on

TUESDAY, NOVEMBER 8, A. D. 1898.

The said proposed amendments are to be separately voted upon in manner and form as follows:

Each ballot used at such election must contain written or printed thereon the following words, whereupon the voter may express his choice as provided by law:

Amendment Number One, being Senate Constitutional Amendment No. 41, (exempting certain claims against the city and county of San Francisco, and the existing indebtedness of the city of Vallejo for the construction of its water works from the provisions of the Constitution requiring such claims to be paid from the income and revenues of the year in which they were incurred.) For the Amendment?	Yes / No
Amendment Number Two, being Senate Constitutional Amendment No. 10, (providing for framing local county government acts, by inhabitants of counties for their government.) For the Amendment?	Yes / No
Amendment Number Three, being Senate Constitutional Amendment No. 44, (providing for the creation of a Court of Claims to determine claims against the State, and to consist of three Superior Judges designated by the Governor to serve without extra compensation.) For the Amendment?	Yes / No
Amendment Number Four, being Assembly Constitutional Amendment No. 37, (exempting consolidated cities and counties, organized or to be organized, or holding a charter under the Constitution, from certain legislation in relation to counties.) For the Amendment?	Yes / No
Amendment Number Five, being Assembly Constitutional Amendment No. 36, (relating to office of Governor, providing for succession thereto in certain cases and removing disability of Lieutenant Governor from holding other office during term.) For the Amendment?	Yes / No
Amendment Number Six, being Assembly Constitutional Amendment No. 28, (relating to and defining grammar schools.) For the Amendment?	Yes / No
Amendment Number Seven, being Assembly Constitutional Amendment No. 34, (providing for adjournment of Legislature for not less than thirty nor more than sixty days during each session.) For the Amendment?	Yes / No

Witness my hand and the Great Seal of the State of California, the day and year herein first above written.

JAMES H. BUDD,
Governor.

Attest:
(Seal) L. H. BROWN,
Secretary of State.

ORDINANCE NO. ....

An Ordinance Fixing the Regular Meetings of the Board of Supervisors of the County of Alameda.

The Board of Supervisors of the county of Alameda do ordain as follows:

Section 1. Regular meetings of the Board of Supervisors of the county of Alameda shall be held at Oakland, in said county, on the first Monday of each and every month of each and every year.

Section 2. All ordinances or parts of ordinances inconsistent or in conflict with this ordinance are hereby repealed.

Section 3. This ordinance shall take effect and be in force fifteen (15) days after its passage.

Passed and adopted by the Board of Supervisors of the county of Alameda, at a special meeting thereof called for that purpose and held at Oakland, Alameda county, California, on the 29th day of August, 1898.

This Ordinance was passed and adopted as aforesaid by the following called vote:
Ayes — Supervisors Church, Mitchell, Roeth, Wells and Chairman Talcott.
Noes—None.

J. R. TALCOTT,
Chairman of the Board of Supervisors of the County of Alameda, State of California.

Attest:
(Seal) FRANK C. JORDAN, Clerk.

(Endorsed): Filed August 29th, 1898.
Frank C. Jordan Clerk.

ANNUAL MEETING.

Notice is hereby given that the twenty-third annual meeting of the stockholders of the West Oakland Mutual Loan Association will be held at the office of the corporation, corner of Seventh and Willow streets, West Oakland, Cal., on Monday, September 12th, 1898, at 7:30 o'clock P. M., for the purpose of electing directors for the ensuing year, presentation of the twenty-third annual report and the transaction of such other business as may come before the meeting. Books are now open for subscription to 1,000 shares of stock of the twenty-second series. Loans made in San Francisco and Alameda counties only. Interest 6 per cent per annum free from mortgage taxes; premium 20 per cent gross, or 50 cents per share per month installments, at pleasure of borrower, which amounts to $12.50 per month for each $1,000 net cash received by the borrower, this sum paying both principal and interest. Loans may be repaid at any time desired.

By order of the Board of Directors.
A. SBARBORO, Secretary.

PROBATE NOTICE.

In the Superior Court of the county of Alameda, State of California.

In the matter of the estate of J. L. Browne, deceased.

Notice of time set for proving will, etc.

Notice is hereby given, that a petition for the probate of the will of J. L. Browne, deceased, and for the issuance to Charles S. Browne and Henry Wadsworth of letters testamentary thereon, has been filed in this Court, and that Monday, the 19th day of September, A. D. 1898, at 10 o'clock A. M. of said day, at the Court-room of Department No. 4 of said Court, at the Court House in the city of Oakland, in said county of Alameda, has been set for the hearing of said petition and proving said will, when and where any person interested may appear and contest the same.

Dated, September 8th, 1898.
(Seal) FRANK C. JORDAN, Clerk.
By F. D. ADAMS, Deputy Clerk.
E. S. PILLSBURY and AUG. MUENTER, Attorneys for Petitioners.

NOTICE TO PENSIONERS.

By reason of instructions recently received from the Commissioner of Pensions, it will be necessary hereafter, when appearing at this office to swear to pension vouchers, for all pensioners to exhibit their certificates, and produce witnesses who are cognizant of the facts to which they testify.

In the future no deputy will be permitted to act as a witness.

FRANK C. JORDAN,
County Clerk Alameda County.

Tribune Classified

Tribune Classified is a Short Cut to the Buying Public.

Tribune Classified is an easy priced advertising medium in every department.

RATES.

One cent per word for 1 insertion.
Two cents per word for 3 insertions.
Two and one-half cents per word for 6 insertions.

Line rate per month.........................50c

SITUATIONS WANTED.

½c per word for 1 insertion.
1c per word for 3 insertions.
2c per word for 6 insertions.

For discounts on term contracts, address
ADVERTISING MANAGER TRIBUNE.

BUSINESS PERSONALS

CURLS are all the rage now; hair dressing, 25c; hair restored to its natural color, $1.50 up; good switches, $1; finest, $3.50; extra, $5. Open Sunday 9 to 12. G. Lederer, 111 Stockton st., San Francisco.

DR. NELLIE BEIGHLE—Offices 401-402-403-404-405-407 Emma Spreckels bldg, 927 Market st., San Francisco. Tel. south 141. Hours 9 to 5.

THE BUSINESS of the Oakland Crisp Co. having passed into my hands all liabilities of said company are assumed by me after September 1st, 1898. Wm. Nylander's Candy Store, 1016 Washington st.

P. J. ROBINSON, professional piano tuner. 506 Thirteenth st., Oakland, Cal.

BLACKSMITHING and wagon work done at lowest rates. Billy Lebrecht. 511 Sixteenth st., bet. Telegraph and San Pablo aves.

QUICK MONEY can be made in wheat, pork and stocks. The war is over. Don't be afraid to invest. Our customers made 200 per cent profit in ten days. It sounds big, but it's true. Small capital will earn an income. Don't hesitate, but write to us. Our advice, always good, can be had free of charge. We are known from the Atlantic to the Pacific and need no introduction. Our customers are our references. The G. W. Wylie Co., 11 Wall st., New York.

GAMBLING—Do you want some of the profits from the big Wall street gamble now going on in stocks and wheat? You can make money as easy as others. Write for particulars and advice free. The G. W. Wylie Co., 11 Wall st., New York.

A FREE and correct diagnosis; without asking a question or making any physical examination your disease will be described and located, and the proper treatment pointed out free of charge, by addressing in person or by letter DR. J. D. MacLENNAN, 100 Haight st. San Francisco; let those who have lost faith in drugs take courage and try DR. MacLENNAN, whose marvelous cures bear witness to the truth "that to some are given the gift of healing"; no charge unless cured.

TRUNKS MOVED, 25c each. 424 Tenth st.

FURNITURE WANTED—We will give you more cash for your furniture and household goods than you can get anywhere. J. A. Munro & Co., 1517-19 Park st., Alameda, general auctioneers. Tel. red 423.

FURNISHED ROOMS TO RENT.

NICELY furnished rooms for light housekeeping at 535 Twenty-fourth st.

TO RENT—Furnished or unfurnished, sunny front suit with kitchen if desired; private family. 966 West st.

ROOMS in private family, with or without board. 530 Twenty-seventh st.

FOR RENT—Two furnished suites for housekeeping. 619 Nineteenth st., bet. San Pablo and Grove.

THREE FURNISHED sunny rooms for sensible. Apply as per card in window, 463 Ninth st.

UNFURNISHED ROOMS TO LET.

THREE unfurnished sunny rooms near narrow gauge station. 1217 Harrison st.

ROOMS AND BOARDING.

PLEASANT, sunny room, with good board, reasonable. 961 Jackson st.

FIRST CLASS room and board for two; terms very moderate; large bay window suit facing on Washington st. Mrs. Lamb, Brunswick Hotel.

ROOMS AND BOARD WANTED.

WANTED—By young lady, room and board in private family; reasonable; central. Address A. P., 1425 Franklin.

WANTED—Nicely furnished suite of rooms, with bath; board preferred; small private family; location near Sacred Heart Convent slightly preferred; references given and required; rooming or boarding houses please do not reply; all communications answered. E. M. Mancourt, 203 Front st., San Francisco.

HOUSES TO RENT

RENTERS will save time by calling on us. We have a big list to select from.

$45 per month—Large modern house of nine rooms, on Harrison st.; right down town; in the best residence location.

$27.50—Modern house of eight rooms on Tenth st.; very central.

$22.50—Modern corner cottage of six rooms three blocks from Broadway; this is a sunny and very desirable place.

$15 per month—Comfortable plain house of seven rooms and bath, on Eighth st.; nice central location.

$10—Cottage of six rooms and bath near the narrow gauge station.

$12 50—Modern cottage of five rooms and bath; No. 515 Twenty-seventh st. near San Pablo ave.

Cozy homes in all parts of Oakland for rent. Furnished houses, suburban places, stores, lodging houses, etc.

Renters will save time and money by calling on

HUGH M. CAMERON,

The Oakland Renting Agent, 473 Ninth St.

FOR RENT—Sunny cottage, five rooms; high basement; near local train. Apply 223 Fifth st.

HOUSE FOR RENT—Eight rooms; very sunny; all modern improvements; hot and cold water; rent very reasonable. Apply 1219 Webster st.

HOUSES FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—Cottage of five rooms and bath; at a bargain; Webster below Seventh. Inquire at 902 Franklin.

FOR SALE—At a bargain; a four room modern cottage with lot 27½x115 ft.; on Twenty-third ave.; near two electric car lines; good location; street work all done; price $1,200; mortgage of $780 may be assumed. Albert Schmidt, 1122 Thirteenth ave., East Oakland.

OFFICE TO RENT.

SUNNY OFFICES and rooms to let, with or without board; reasonable rates. 1118 Broadway

HALLS TO LET.

GRAND ARMY HALL to let. Apply to C. Jurgens, 1116 Broadway.

SITUTIONS WANTED—FEMALE.

MRS. WOOD furnishes competent help; good references; male and female. 535 Eleventh st.; telephone red 3293.

A RESPECTABLE WOMAN wishes a situation; is a good cook and baker and has good references. Call 653 Seventh st., cor. Grove.

GOOD, reliable girl wants situation as cook or to do general housework in small family. Apply 860 Clay st.

SWEDISH GIRLS, cook and waitress, want situations; references. 535 Eleventh st.

JAPANESE HELP a specialty. 535 Eleventh st.; telephone red 3293.

HOLLAND'S Employment Office—Registration free. Mrs. T. J. Holland, 512 Fifteenth st., Oakland. Help of every kind and nationality. Tel. 676 black—6 bells.

MRS. CATTELL'S Reliable Employment Bureau; established many years; 525 Eighth st.; only referenced help sent out; German, Scandinavian and all nationalities on hand; male and female; telephone 3281 black.

PRIVATE Employment Office—Mrs. L. C. Marvin, removed to 1159 Washington st.

FEMALE HELP WANTED.

WANTED—A girl to assist in general housework. Apply to Mrs. Wm. Burd, 1854 West st.

GOOD PAYING HOME WORK—We need a few ladies in every district to embroider novelties for us at home; full or spare time; no canvassing and no instruction needed; $6 to $10 a week; full particulars and work mailed on receipt of addressed envelope. Empire Embroidery Works, 23 Duane st., New York.

LADIES to make sample patches at home; $10 per week; no canvassing; send reply envelope for sample and particulars. Foster Machine Co., 525 West Twenty-ninth st., New York.

A GERMAN OR SWEDISH GIRL for general housework and cooking; wages $15; references. Lottridge, Forty-seventh st., third house east of San Pablo ave

WANTED—Dressmaker's apprentice. 217 Tenth st., Oakland.

WANTED—A first class cook, wages $30; a girl for general housework, wages $25; a competent nurse for infants, woman preferred, wages $25. Call at Marvin's Hair Store, 1159 Washington st.

SITUATIONS WANTED—MALE

MIDDLE AGED German man wants situation as coachman and gardener. Address D. A., box 3, this office.

MALE HELP WANTED.

OFFICE MANAGER in each city and town; $15 week salary and expenses; position permanent; stamped envelope for particulars. R. W. Hutton & Co., Philadelphia, Pa.

WE CAN GIVE employment to a number of young men; $5 to $12 a week; no art work or canvassing; work sent to your home; send addressed envelope for sample and material. Empire Works, 23 Duane st., New York.

SALESMEN WANTED—Our line of advertising thermometer novelties for 1898-1899 is now ready. We pay liberal commission to competent salesmen; send 10 cents in stamps for catalogue, sample and terms. Taylor Bros. Co., Rochester, N. Y.

ATTORNEYS.

BENJAMIN F. BERGEN—Attorney and Counsellor at Law, 1003½ Broadway, Oakland, Cal.

STREET, J. P., Attorney, 808 Broadway, rooms 10 and 11; telephone blue 824.

C. H. TEBBS, Attorney-at-Law, 1003½ Broadway, rooms 26-27.

MARTIN & ROBINSON—Attorneys-at-Law, rooms 15 and 16, 921 Broadway.

BREARTY & WHITE, Attorneys-at-Law, 1004 Broadway, Oakland, Cal.

BROOKS & HARGIS, Attorneys-at-Law, Parrott bldg., San Francisco. Telephone Jessie 601.

A. L. & P. C. BLACK—Attorneys-at-Law, Room No. 6, 957 Broadway, Oakland, Cal.; with John Yule.

PHIL M. WALSH, Attorney-at-Law, City Justices' Court building, S. E. corner Broadway and Eighth sts.

GEORGE W. LANGAN, Attorney and Counselor-at-Law, Livermore, Cal.; practices in all courts.

BEN F. WOOLNER, Attorney and Counselor-at-Law and Notary Public. 1003½ Broadway, rooms 7 and 8.

CLINTON G. DODGE, rooms 15 and 16, 906 Broadway.

FOX & GRAY, Attorneys-at-Law, Pacific Mutual building, entrance 6, fourth floor, San Francisco.

FRICK & GOODCELL, Attorneys-at-Law, Blake & Moffitt building, rooms 48-53.

GEORGE E. DE GOLIA, 961 Broadway, northeast corner of Ninth st., Oakland, room 2, telephone No. 88.

JOHNSON & SHAW, Law Office, 921 Broadway, rooms 2, 3 and 5.

MELVIN C. CHAPMAN, Attorney-at-Law, has removed to 905 Broadway, Oakland, Cal.

SNOOK & CHURCH, Attorneys-at-Law, rooms 3, District Attorney's office, Court House.

NYE & KINSELL, Attorneys-at-Law, 861 Broadway.

R. M. FITZGERALD, Attorney-at-Law, 1541½ Broadway, rooms 1 and 2, Oakland.

SAMUEL BELL McKEE JR., Attorney-at-Law, 957 Broadway, Oakland, Cal.

PROPERTY FOR SALE.

IMPORTANT NOTICE to Investors and Contractors—Closing an estate at private sale. Richard J. Montgomery, executor of the estate of Margaret P. McCourtney, deceased, will receive bids on city acreage property belonging to said estate. It is admirably located for subdividing into choice building lots. Sewers and city water run to property line. Executor has no authority to subdivide into lots. See property and submit offer. Particulars at office "North Oakland Real Estate Headquarters," 470 Thirteenth st., tel. main 255, Oakland.

FOR SALE, or will trade—Two lots on Mountain View ave., Elmhurst; 50x141 each; situated three blocks from power house. Address D. G., box 1, Tribune office.

OCULISTS.

HAYWARD G. THOMAS, M. D.; office Central Bank building, Fourteenth and Broadway; hours 10 to 4.

REAL ESTATE.

LAYMANCE
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REAL ESTATE COMPANY
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REAL ESTATE COMPANY

460-462 EIGHTH ST.
460-462 EIGHTH ST.

$1,050—Only $250 cash, balance can remain on a new bank mortgage of $1,400 at 8 per cent. A bay window, six room cottage, bath, brick foundation, sunny side of street, street work complete, convenient to station and walking distance of Broadway. This also has a prospective value; it is a sacrifice and must be sold at once. Call and see it today.

$150—A cheap, large lot, 48 feet front, 147 feet deep, 68 feet wide in rear; location in the city limits, half block of electric cars. Six houses on same side of street and this lot improved on each side; also a new Stocker & Holland Abstract Company's certificate of title given free.

We are authorized to sell.
If you want a bargain
Make an offer, that will tell.

LAYMANCE
LAYMANCE

REAL ESTATE COMPANY
REAL ESTATE COMPANY
REAL ESTATE COMPANY

460-462 EIGHTH ST.
460-462 EIGHTH ST.

MEDICAL.

DR. WISE (late of Bellevue Hospital, N. Y.), 123 Eddy st., San Francisco; obstetric specialist; chronic and complicated diseases of women positively cured; consult free.

A CAUTION TO WOMEN—Before purchasing elsewhere try a box of Dr. Foulet's Guaranteed Capsules, $1.50 a box; do your business with a responsible house; we see you through your trouble, no matter what the cause; no bad after effect; consultation free. Waller Bros., 33 Grant ave., cor. Geary st., San Francisco. In writing please mention this paper.

A TREATMENT that restores all cases of monthly irregularities, from whatever cause, in a few hours; safe and sure at all times when others have failed; kind aid and sympathy; travelers helped instantly; no instruments used; home in confinement; consult free the reliable specialist; pills, $1; self cure, $5. Mrs. Dr. Wyeth, 208 Turk st., nr. Jones, San Francisco.

WOMEN'S AILMENTS—Ladies in trouble, see Drs. Goodwin free; reliable, safe and sure cure in twenty-four hours guaranteed; any disease or irregularity; no instruments used, maternity home; best medical attendance; cure $5. 401-D Van Ness, near McAllister.

DR. HALL, 1228, Market st., San Francisco; diseases of women and children.

A BLESSING to ladies suffering from irregularities and diseases peculiar to their sex; improved method of treatment; never fails; perfectly harmless; free from any bad effects; never makes them sick to make them well; travelers helped immediately; prices to suit the times; home in confinement. Mrs. Davies, 1228 Market st., S. F.; consult free. French regulating pink pills, $2.

DR. C. C. O'DONNELL—Office and residence, 1206 Market st., San Francisco; office hours 10 A. M. to 4 P. M. and 7 to 8 P. M.; particular attention paid to diseases of women and children.

LOST AND FOUND.

LOST—A gold watch with photo on inside of case, also initials "E. M." engraved on case. Suitable reward on return to 2020 Clinton ave., Alameda.

DENTISTS.

NO PAIN—Teeth filled, crowned, bridged and extracted painlessly by electricity; plates $5 up; crowns and bridges $4 up. Croome Dental Parlors, 759 Market st., San Francisco.

A FULL SET OF TEETH, $5; painless extracting; see our combination plate; thin as paper; warranted 10 years; teeth without plates; crown and bridge work our specialty; teeth implanted or transplanted; fillings, 50c; crowns, $2.50; all work painless and warranted. Chicago Dental Parlors, 21 Sixth st., S. F.

PAINLESS EXTRACTION; bridge work; New York methods at New York prices by New York Dentists, 969 Mission st., corner Sixth, San Francisco.

J. M. DUNN, D. D. S.—Dental parlors, 1103½ Broadway, rooms 14-16, Union National Bank building, Oakland, Cal.

HAIR DRESSERS.

THEATRICAL WIGS—Artistic wig making to order. Mrs. L. C. Marvin, 1159 Washington st.

MUSICAL.

TEACHER of piano, organ, mandolin, guitar, banjo and violin. 120 Fifth st., bet. Madison and Oak sts., Oakland.

PHYSICIANS' DIRECTORY.

DR. E. J. BLAIR, physician and surgeon; residence and office 561 Fourteenth st.; hours 8 to 10 A. M. and 7:30 to 9 P. M.; telephone main 156.

D. D. CROWLEY, M. D., surgeon; office Central block, 1062 Broadway, Oakland.

SPIRITUALISTS.

LEANDER succeeds when others fail; no matter what your troubles may be he can help you; test and developing circles every Sunday night; five questions by mail $1. 313 Eddy st., S. F.

MRS. WEST, trance medium, consults on all business affairs; spiritual healer; card reading 25c. 1017 Franklin st.

MRS. J. J. WHITNEY, trance test medium and life reader, also medical clairvoyant; treats with revealed remedies; removes cancers without pain; treats all diseases; private sittings, $1; by letter, $2. Office, 222 Stockton st., S. F.

FOR SALE MISCELLANEOUS.

FOR SALE—Fresh milch cow. Apply 1328 Adeline st.

FOR SALE—TEN R.I.P.A.N.S. for 5 cents at druggists; one gives relief.

CONTRACTORS AND BUILDERS

COTTON BROS. & CO., bridge builders and general contractors, engineers and builders of all kinds of bridge work; pile driving and wharf building. 478½ Tenth st., Oakland; telephone 618.

REAL ESTATE.

THE E. P. VANDERCOOK CO.,
THE E. P. VANDERCOOK CO.,
THE E. P. VANDERCOOK CO.,

453 NINTH STREET.
453 NINTH STREET.
453 NINTH STREET.

$2,750—Comfortable cottage of six rooms; lot 27½x100; on San Pablo ave, near Twenty-fifth st.; future business property.

One of the most elegant homes in the city will be offered by us for a short time at one-half its cost; account of owner's departure; full particulars at our office.

$12,500—Fifteen acres fine fruit or vegetable land; very desirable for subdivision into residence lots or for suburban residence; situate close to elegant homes in Seminary Park; comfortable house, barn, fruit trees, etc.

$250—Lot 34x134, in Teachers' tract, Berkeley; cheap.

$750—Choice corner lot in East Oakland Heights; fine elevation; good view.
$2,200—Lot 00x100 on Telegraph ave.

Property of all kinds, business, residence, inside and outside, at the lowest prices.

THE E. P. VANDERCOOK CO.,
THE E. P. VANDERCOOK CO.,

453 NINTH STREET.
453 NINTH STREET.

THE FAMOUS
ADAMS' POINT PROPERTY
—In the—
HEART OF OAKLAND.

ANNOUNCEMENT.

We announce the offering of the first subdivision of the famous "Adams' Point Property."

Thousands all over the State have picnicked under and admired the magnificent old oaks during the past forty years on this property. All the streets are graded, curbed, sewered and macadamized; cement walks are now being laid; ornamental shade trees will be planted; in fact, every lot free of cost to purchasers; gas and water pipes are laid on both sides of every street; this property is surrounded by the residences of Senator George C. Perkins, Chas. M. Cooke, Frank C. Havens, W. W. Whitman, R. George Zahn, Chas. Olney, A. F. Coffin, E. P. Flint, John L. Howard and many other fine homes; a combination of lake, bay, hill and city views such as no other property commands; lots are from 120 to 160 feet deep; no improvements of a less value than $3,000 allowed; prices from $20 to $40 per front foot; special prices and special terms will be made with the first twenty purchasers.

Call at once while you can have the best selection.

Carriages to show the property always ready. Send for illustrated souvenir containing views on and about the property.

LAKE SHORE LAND CO.

A. H. BREED, Manager, 1070 Broadway, Oakland.

BELDEN & COOK'S BARGAINS.
BELDEN & COOK'S BARGAINS.
BELDEN & COOK'S BARGAINS.

An elegant home on Harrison st.; nine rooms and bath; lot 40x150; bank mortgage of $3,000; owner will take smaller place in part payment; a special opportunity for any one seeking a desirable home.

$2,500 will buy a modern seven room cottage, near corner of Twentieth st. and San Pablo ave.; small cash payment and easy monthly installments.

Pretty cottage on Grove st. near Thirty-second st.; five rooms and bath; all modern; owner wants place near local station and will pay difference.

$275 to $300—Cheapest lots ever offered in this city; 26x100 each; street work all done; on electric line and within five minutes' walk of two local stations; these are cash figures, but we will advance purchasers 75 per cent of purchase price, repayable in easy installments at low rate of interest; don't miss this chance, as there are only a few lots at this price.

BELDEN & COOK,
BELDEN & COOK,
BELDEN & COOK,

The Leading Real Estate Dealers and Installment Home Builders.

1112 BROADWAY, Near Thirteenth St.

NURSE.

A CAREFUL and responsible woman will care for invalids or nursing. Address 653 Seventh st.

ART.

BATTENBERG and point lace taught in five lessons; also German art embroidery, at 1402 Franklin.

HORSESHOER.

EDMUND GATES—Horse-shoer and blacksmith, San Leandro road, corner High st.; horses properly shod, $1.25; plain shoeing, $1; special attention paid to horses that wear out hind shoes too rapidly; light tire setting, 50c each; new steel buggy tires, per set, $5; all kinds of jobbing and repairing at reasonable rates.

MONEY TO LOAN.

MONEY TO LOAN on furniture, pianos, jewelry, live stock, merchandise, machinery, etc. Raleigh, 457 Ninth st.

WANTED—MISCELLANEOUS.

WANTED—To trade for a light delivery wagon. Inquire Vincent's Market, Seventh and Washington.

A Cool Thing

Can always be had at Lehnhardt's cosy ice cream parlors. Ice cream, ice cream soda and French candies made from the purest materials. Order your ice cream for the Sunday dinner or parties; delivered in bricks or freezers to any part of the city. Tel. main 497. 1159 Broadway, near Fourteenth street.

The Anheuser-Busch Saloon

Is a resort for gentlemen. There are sandwiches, frankfurters and any sort of lunch to order, with a surety of nice association. Bandle & Sonderleiter, props. Ninth st. near Washington.

St George Tonic Port Enriches the Blood. For Sale at Osgoods.

Piano For Sale.

At H. Schellhaas.

Strictly First Class.

There is one strictly first class express service in Oakland—that of the People's Express Company. The company checks baggage at your house to any point on the Southern Pacific system free of charge.

Telephone main 826. Office, northeast corner Broadway and Ninth street.

The Pacific Coast Holiness Association is now holding its annual camp meeting at Beulah Park, East Oakland. The meeting is one of great interest and will be continued over next Sunday.

Look For Our Number.

Name H. Schellhaas, 408 Eleventh st. Furniture and household goods.

Literary Notes.

Universal Brotherhood (Theosophical Publishing Co., 144 Madison avenue, New York, for September opens with a comparative study of the movement commenced by H. P. Blavatsky entitled "Then and Now," by Dr. H. Coryn, newly from London, England. The style is elegant, diction clear, and ideas instructive.

"Zoroaster," by Alexander Wilder, M. D., collates in a lucid article a world of information upon this ancient philosopher and his teaching. Perhaps the gem of this issue is "This Gospel of the Kingdom," by Mary F. Lang, a daintily written article tracing the heirloom of man, the Christ or divine life, as taught by the brightest minds of every age.

"Man's Relation to Posterity," by Lucian B. Copeland, will recommend itself to all who desire to train the young towards the attainment of their best possibilities. The ideas are full of common sense, and very helpful to parents and those interested in children.

The opening article in the September number of the New England Magazine is devoted to the career of Robert Gordon Hardie, the well known portrait painter. Mr. William Howe Downes, the author of the paper, gives a critical survey of the work of this skillful portraitist, whose fame is so steadily growing, and with the article are produced many of Hardie's best known paintings, including likenesses of President Eliot of Harvard University, Hon. David Dudley Field, Chief Justice Marcus Morton, and other prominent men.

"Monhegan, Historical and Picturesque," is treated by A. G. Pettengill. This little island off the Maine coast is a favorite resort for artists and literary men, and all its lovers will appreciate Mr. Pettengill's delightful mingling of history and tradition, as well as the fine illustrations which accompany his description.

A history of "Fire Insurance in New England" is contributed by Mr. Charles W. Burpee, who brings forth many interesting facts in regard to the establishment of this interest. Having found record of the first definite form of insurance against loss by fire as far back as the eleventh century, he follows its development into the sound and secure insurance companies of the present day. His article is fully illustrated.

"Remington's Frontier Sketches" contain faithful representations of men and moments famous in history, poetry and romance, glimpses of by-gone days, of scenes that can never be enacted again. It is published by the Werner Company of Akron, Ohio. The pictures composing the Frontier Sketches are among Remington's very best. He has caught not alone the likeness of men and scenes he represents but their spirit no less. They breathe of the boundless plains, their freedom, and want of conventionality. His Indians are "real" Indians, implacable in their hatred, stoical, subtle, fierce in battle. The soldiers are typical Westerners, tall and straight, fearless riders, gallant. His horses in action are superb.

The magnificent reception of Sampson's returning fleet when it reached New York harbor is the leading feature of this week's issue of Leslie's Weekly. It is called "A naval number," and includes photographs of the great battle-ships as they appeared in New York harbor and as they moved in procession up the magnificent Hudson to the tomb of General Grant. The double-page is a superb illustration of the Oregon, "the building of the navy," from a photograph taken immediately after the destruction of Cervera's Spanish fleet, in which the Oregon played, by all odds, the most prominent part. This picture alone is worth the price of Leslie's Weekly. The double-page by Christy, one of the best of our war artists, shows the daring Rough Riders forming to charge a Spanish block house. There are life, force, and action in this picture, and it is one of the best that has yet appeared in any of our illustrated publications. All the other pictures in Leslie's Weekly have reference to the war, and therefore posses special interest.

The September Atlantic is remarkably rich in that most entertaining of all departments of literature,—biography and anecdote, offering material of unsurpassed freshness and value. Especially prompt and timely is William R. Thayer's brilliant sketch of Bismarck's character and political work; while the newly discovered Carlyle family correspondence annotated by Charles F. Copeland; Prince Kropotkin's unique autobiography with Robert E. Ely's prefatory sketch; Professor Newcomb's social and astronomical reminiscences; together with the sketches and reviews, part personal, part critical, of Sir Henry Maine, Burne-Jones, and Whitcomb Riley, form a combination of rare variety and unusual attractiveness. The letters of Carlyle to his "little sister Jenny," which open the number, are a veritable treasure-trove in themselves.

The State Department has given over to The Ladies' Home Journal of Philadelphia for publication its "Royal letters" addressed to the President of the United States by Napoleon I, Queen Victoria, the Prince of Wales, Napoleon III, and Emperor William I of Germany. Napoleon announces such events as his marriage to Marie Louise; the birth of his son, the King of Rome; his return to the throne of France from Elba. Victoria announces her accession to the throne of England in 1836; her marriage to Prince Albert; the birth of the Prince of Wales; the death of the Prince Consort; and the famous letter thanking President McKinley for his congratulations on her diamond jubilee will also be given. The whole collection, in fac-simile, will be presented in the October number of the magazine.

The September number of Table Talk of Philadelphia gives in the usual departments, menus, decorations, fashions, entertainments, and so forth to aid the hostess; and among its leading articles are "Amateur Illustration," by Mrs. Burton Kingsland; "Treasure Trove," by Martha Bockee Flint; "The Dollar Luncheon," by Grace Y. Kerr; "Below Stairs," by Minna C. Hale; "Catalina Sea Food," by Isabel B. Winslow; and an article on Books, by Miss Mary Lloyd.

The Werner Company (Akron, Ohio), announces for immediate publication "The Story of America," by Hezekiah Butterworth. It is a compact history of the United States from the earliest time to the signing of the Peace Protocol concluding our war with Spain. The importance of the work is derived from two elements; the timeliness of the book, and its distinguished author. The conclusion of the Spanish-American War with all that is involved thereby, marks an epoch in our Nation's history; furnishes, so to speak, a new and loftier platform from which a clearer view is caught of our country's glorious record; from which, too, we can turn to the future and look with less obstructed vision on the inspiring promises of better days yet to come, when our victories shall be only those of peace and prosperity. It is peculiarly fitting then, at this time, that a history of our country presenting a view from the new coigne of vantage, be placed within reach of all.

News and Notes of Single Tax.

EDITED BY EDGAR POMEROY.

Under the single tax farmers would pay no taxes on their buildings and other improvements; they would pay none on their produce and other personal property; they would pay none on the price of their store goods, whereby they are now taxed amazingly; and they would pay none on their land, unless it had a value as bare land. Even then they would pay upon it not by the acre but according to its value. For illustration: Let a California farmer imagine that all his improvements were swept away by some great catastrophe; what would his land be worth then? Whatever it would be, that would be the basis of his tax. Now, let him imagine that the improvements of a great ranch were swept away; what would be the value of that land? Whatever it would be, that would be the basis of the rancher's tax, and he would have to pay it just the same, whether he used all the land or merely kept other people from using most of it. Again, let the farmer imagine that the buildings on a city lot were swept away; what would the lot be worth? Whatever it would be, that would be the basis of the owner's tax. Once more let him remember that all the vast landed holdings of railroad magnates in California, holdings of great value, which are kept out of use in order to strengthen railroad monopoly, would be taxed the same as if they were in use. When the California farmer considers these things, he will not be long in deciding that the single tax would relieve instead of burdening the farmers. Of course, we mean the farmers who own and work their farms, not the ranchers who monopolize thousands of acres; the farmers who farm farms, not the farmers who farm farmers.—Louis F. Post in "The Public," Chicago.

If it is true, as some very eminent authorities seem to think, that the concentration of population in cities is increasing so rapidly as to make it only a matter of time when the majority of voters will be urban, then a county local government act is needed so that agricultural counties may protect themselves.

The American city is becoming a menace to State and Nation, because, as it grows more powerful, it is becoming less capable of self government. The maladministration of municipal affairs in our large cities has long since become a national scandal, and the opening up of its rottenness has made municipal democracy a stench in the nostrils of the civilized world. Our friendly but discriminating English critic, Professor Bryce, says that the one conspicuous failure of American institutions is the government of our great cities; and every intelligent man knows this to be true. Professor Franklin H. Giddings of Columbia University said a few months ago, in an address before the Century Club: "We are witnessing today, beyond question, the decay—perhaps not permanent, but at any rate the decay—of republican institutions. No man in his right mind can deny it."

Not every one is aware to what extent fundamental principles have been abandoned. Our Revolutionary sires thought it worth while to go to war rather than submit to taxation without representation; and as to local self government, they deemed it the very essence of liberty. What would they have said if they could have foreseen that their grandchildren would, I will not say pusillanimously surrender these precious principles without a struggle, but actually thrust them out of their hands?

Our theory is that of government by the people. The municipal council represented the people, and in it was municipal government formerly centered, including, of course, the levying of taxes for municipal expenditure. But as business men became absorbed in private concerns, to the neglect of public interests, and the voters who voted failed in civic intelligence and conscientiousness, incompetent and venal aldermen were elected, and intolerable abuses naturally followed.—The Twentieth Century City.

We are now prepared to weigh the gravity of the fact that more than one-half of our population will soon be urban, and that in time we shall be a nation of cities. If the rate of the movement of population from country to city, between 1880 and 1890, continues until 1920, there will then be in the United States 10,000,000 more people in our cities than outside of them. If the rate of growth above referred to is not sustained, it will make a difference of a few years only, as the preponderance of our city population in the near future must be regarded as certain. The cities will no longer accept limitations from the State, but, when they have become fully conscious of their power, will take into their hands not only their own affairs, but also those of the State and Nation.—Rev. Josiah Strong, D. D., Secretary Evangelical Alliance for the United States.

The operation of the single tax would inevitably check the tendency of the people to forsake the farms for the artificial life of the smoky cities.—Ed.

The "National Single Taxer" is now to be found in the East Oakland free reading room. What with the Tribune's department and the national organ, there ought to be a good harvest in Brooklyn township.

The names of Henry T. Gage and George C. Pardee are now naturally linked together by good Republicans. By linking the first name of each together we have Henry George!

THE PRODUCE MARKET.

FLOUR AND MILLSTUFFS.

FLOUR—Family extras, $4.15@4.25; bakers' extras, $4@4.15 per bbl.

MILLSTUFFS—Prices in sacks are as follows, usual discount to the trade: Graham flour, $3.25 per 100 lbs; rye flour, $2.75 per 100; rice flour, $7; cornmeal, $2.50; extra cream cornmeal, $3.25; oatmeal, $4.25; oat groats, $4.25; hominy, $3.25@3.50; buckwheat flour, $4@4.25; cracked wheat, $3.75; farina, $4.50; whole wheat flour, $3.25; rolled oats (barrels), $5.50@6.20; in sacks, $5.50@6; pearl barley, $4.75; split peas, $4.25; green peas, $4.50 per 100 lbs.

HAY AND FEEDSTUFFS.

MIDDLINGS—$18@20 per ton.

FEEDSTUFFS—Rolled barley, $25; oilcake at the mill, $31@31.50; jobbing, $31@32.40; cocoanut cake, $24@25; cottonseed meal, $25@30 per ton; cornmeal, $23@23.50; cracked corn, $24@24.50.

BRAN—$15.50@16.50 per ton.

HAY—Wheat and oat, $15.50@16.50; oat, $12@15; barley, $12@14; alfalfa, $11@12.75; clover, nominal; wheat, $17@17.50 for good and $14@16 for lower grades; island barley, $12@13.

STRAW—30@50c per bale.

BEANS AND SEEDS.

BEANS—Bayos, $2.25@2.40; small whites, $1.90@2.10; large whites, $1.75@1.85; pinks, $2.25@2.35; reds, $2.60@2.75; blackeye, $3@3.25; butters, nominal; limas, $3@3.15; pea, $2@2.15; red kidneys, $2.50@2.75 per ctl.

SEEDS—Brown mustard, $4.25@4.75 per ctl; yellow mustard, $4.25; flax, nominal; canary seed, 2¼@2½c per lb; alfalfa, 5½c; rape, 2¼@2½c; hemp, 2¾@3c; timothy, 5@5½c.

DRIED PEAS—Niles, $1.75@1.90; green, $2.25 per ctl.

POTATOES, ONIONS, VEGETABLES.

POTATOES—Salinas burbanks, 75c@$1.15; new potatoes, 40@50c for early rose and 60c@$1 for burbanks in sacks.

ONIONS—Pickle onions, 75c@$1 per ctl.

VEGETABLES—Green peas, 5@6c lb; string beans, nominal; bay squash, 25@30c box; green peppers, 25@40c lb; green okra, 40@65c; cabbage, 50c per ctl; carrots, 30@50c per sack; garlic, 2@2½c lb; cucumbers, 20@30c per box; Vacaville tomatoes, 30@50c per box; egg plant, 30@60c per box.

EVAPORATED VEGETABLES—Potatoes, sliced, raw, 12c per lb in lots of 25 lbs; sliced dessicated, 16@18c; granulated raw, 13c; onions, 60c; carrots, old, 13c; new, 18c; cabbage, 30c; sweet potatoes, 30c; turnips, 25c; string beans, 30c; tomatoes, 50c.

POULTRY AND GAME.

POULTRY—Live turkeys, 15@17c for gobblers and 13@14c for hens; geese, per pair, $1.25@1.50; goslings, $1.50@1.75; ducks, $3@3.50 for old, $2.50@4 for young; hens, $3.50@4.50; roosters, young, $5@6; roosters, old, $4.25@4.50; fryers, $5@5.50; broilers, $3.50@4 for large and $2@3 for small; pigeons, $1.25@1.75 per dozen for young and $1.25@1.50 for old.

GAME—Nominal.

BUTTER, CHEESE AND EGGS.

BUTTER—Creamery—Fancy creameries, 24@26c; seconds, 24c.

Dairy—Choice to fancy, 21@22c; second grades, 17½@20c.

Pickled Goods—Firkin, 18@20c; pickled roll, 21@22½c; creamery tub, 20@22c.

Eastern Butter—Ladle packed, 16@16½c per lb.

CHEESE—Choice mild new, 10@11c; Cream Cheddar, 10@11c; Young America, 10@11½c; Eastern, 12@13c.

EGGS—Ranch eggs, 21@25c per dozen; store eggs, 14@17½c; Eastern, 14@16c.

DECIDUOUS AND CITRUS FRUITS.

DECIDUOUS FRUITS—Strawberries, $3@3.50 per chest for large and $7@8 for apples, 35@60c for common and 75c@$1 per box; peaches, 60@85c per box; crabapples, 25@40c per box; raspberries, $3@6 per crate; blackberries, $2@4.50 per crate; plums, 40@60c per crate, 25@50c per chest; Bartlett pears, $1@1.25 per box and $40@45 per ton for No. 1 and 50@75c per box and $25@35 per ton for small and inferior stock; white grapes, 25@50c per box; black, 30@60c; muscats, 35@60c.

CITRUS FRUITS—Navel oranges, $1@1.50; seedlings, 50@75c; lemons, $1.25@2 for common and $1.25@2 for good to choice; Mexican limes, $3.50@4; California limes, in small boxes, 40@50c; bananas, $1.25@2 per bunch; pineapples, $3@4 per dozen.

PROVISIONS.

COTTOLENE—Tierces 6⅞@6⅝c packages, less than 300 lbs—1 lb pails, 60 in a case, 9¼c; 3 lb pails, 20 in a case, 8⅝c; 5 lb pails, 12 in a case, 8½c; 10 lb pails, 6 in a case, 8⅝c; 50 lb tins, 1 or 2 in a case, 7⅝c; wooden buckets, 20 lbs net, 8¼c; fancy tubs, 80 lbs net, 7⅝c; half barrels, about 110 lbs, 7¾c per lb.

LARD—Eastern tierces quoted at 6c per lb for compound and 7¼c for pure; pail, 8c; California tierces, 5c per lb for compound and 7c for pure; half barrels, 7¼c; 10 lb tins, 8c; 5 lb tins, 8¼c.

CURED MEATS—Bacon, 8½c per lb for heavy, 9c for light medium, 10½c for light, 11c for extra light and 12½@13c for sugar cured; Eastern sugar cured hams, 10½@11c; California hams, 9½@10c; mess beef, $10.50 per bbl; extra mess beef, $11; family beef, $12; salt pork, $9; extra prime pork, $10; extra clear, $17@17.50; mess, $15; smoked beef, 12@12½c per lb.

SAN FRANCISCO MEAT MARKET.

BEEF—First quality, 6½c; second quality, 5½@6c; third quality, 4½@5c per lb.

VEAL—Large, 5@6c; small, 6½@8c per lb.

MUTTON—Wethers, 6@7c; ewes, 6@6½c per lb.

LAMB—Spring, 7½@8c per lb.

PORK—Live hogs, 3⅝c for large and 4c for medium; stock hogs, 2@3c; dressed hogs, 5½@6½c.

GENERAL MERCHANDISE.

BAGS—Calcutta grain bags, 4⅝c; wool bags, 26@28c; San Quentin, $4.85.

COAL—Wellington, $8 per ton; new Wellington, $8; Southfield Wellington, $7.50; Seattle, $6; Bryant, $6; Coos Bay, $5; Wallsend, $7.50; Scotch, $10; Cumberland, $10.25 in bulk and $11.50 in sacks; Pennsylvania anthracite egg, $14; Cannel, $10 per ton; Rock Springs, Castle Gate and Pleasant Valley, $7.60; coke, $12 per ton in bulk and $14 in sacks.

SUGAR—The Western Sugar Refinery fine crushed, 7c; powdered, 6⅛c; dry granulated, 5⅞c; confectioners' A, 5⅞c; magnolia A, 5½c; extra C, 5⅜c; golden C, 5¼c per lb; half bbls ¼c more than bbls, candy granulated, 6c; California A, 5⅜c; and boxes ½c more.

DRIED FRUITS, NUTS, RAISINS, ETC.

RAISINS—2@2½c for 2-crown, 2¼@2½c for 3-crown, 2½c for 4-crown, 3c for seedless sultanas, 2½@3c for seedless muscatels and $1@1.15 for London layers; dried grapes, 2c.

DRIED FRUITS—New prunes, 6½@5½c for 40-50's, 4½@5c for 50-60's, 3⅞@4c for 60-70's, 3¼@3½c for 70-80's, 2¾@3c for 80-90's, 2@2½c for 90-100's; new peaches, 7@8c; old, 4½@6c; peeled, 10@12½c; apricots, 5@10c for royals and 15@17½c for good to fancy moorparks; evaporated apples, 6½@7c; sun-dried, 3@4c; black figs, in sacks, 2@2½c; plums, 5@6c for pitted and 1½c for unpitted; bleached plums, 5@5½c; nectarines, 3@4½c for prime to fancy; pears, 6@7c for quarters and 7@9c for halves, according to color, etc.

NUTS—Walnuts, new, 6c for hardshell and 7c for softshell; almonds, 3@4c for hardshell and 6@7c for softshell and 8½@9c for paper-shell; peanuts, 4@5½c for Eastern, 4½c for California; pecans, 6½@8c; filberts, 9½@10c; Brazil nuts, 8@9c per lb; cocoanuts, $4.50@5 per 100.

HONEY—Comb, 9@10c for bright and 6@7c for lower grades; water white extracted, 5½@6c; light amber extracted, 4⅞@5½c per lb.

BEESWAX—24@26c per lb.

HIDES, TALLOW, WOOL AND HOPS.

HIDES AND SKINS—Heavy salted steers, 10c; medium, 9c; light, 9½c; dry calf, 17c; culls and brands, 12c; deerskins, good summer, 25@30c per lb; goatskins, 27½@30c each; kids, 5@10c; medium, 30c; winter, 10c; sheepskins, shearings, 20@30c each; short wool, 30@40c each; medium, 60@80c; long wools, 90c@$1.10 each.

TALLOW—No. 1 rendered, 3¼@3½c per lb; No. 2, 2½@2¾c; refined, 4½@4⅝c; grease, 2c.

HOPS—1897 crop, nominal; 1898 crop, 10@13c.

COMEDY OF ERRORS.

A hearty hand-clasp, a sigh, and I parted from my second self!

Ned Delmaine and I were cousins. Of the same age, educated at the same school, left orphans within the same year, and in appearance so alike as to be hardly distinguishable, it is no great wonder that we were bosom friends. Financially we were very differently circumstanced. While I had only a small annuity—barely enough to enable me to follow the studies of a professional musician—he was left wealthy, and able to give the reins to a gay, roving disposition.

Until now we had never known separation, but an opportunity offering, I had accepted the post of organist at a fashionable church in B——, a rising town, some fifty miles from London. Vain had been my endeavors to persuade Ned to accompany me. Country life would never suit his constitution, he declared.

Sunday came. Upon taking my seat at the organ, my gaze fell upon a face which caused a hitherto unknown fluttering to take place beneath my robes. Its owner was a lovely girl, apparently about nineteen years of age. By her side sat a young man of bulldog proportion, dressed in the most approved masher fashion.

With a smothered exclamation of "Beauty and the Beast!" I commenced to extemporize. What I played I know not, but this I do know: I played to that face in a way that I had played to no other, and rapidly came to the conclusion that I loved that beautiful girl and hated "Bulldog."

During the week my services were solicited as accompanist at a concert. Imagine my delight when, upon introduction to the artist by the vicar, I found myself bowing to Miss Violet Duncan—"the face." What a thrill went through my frame when I handed her on to the platform, and what a glorious feeling of satisfaction made itself felt when I observed "Bulldog" in the stalls, frowning most ferociously from behind a three-inch collar.

Six months later she was my betrothed, and he, a relative named Selsby Crooke, was my secretly-avowed enemy. Ned and I corresponded regularly at first, but my last letter had remained unanswered and a month had passed.

It happened that Violet was paying a lengthy visit in town and was not expected back until the morrow. I was devoting the evening to preparation for an organ recital. When in the middle of a Bach fugue a telegram summoned me to the deathbed of an aunt, an eccentric old lady residing in London. It was only 5 o'clock. The London train left at 7. Wishing to finish my program, I returned to the organ, leaving the church door ajar.

Just as I had again warmed to my work, I was considerably startled by feeling a hand placed suddenly upon my shoulder. Ned stood at my side, looking the picture of health. His face was, however, most comically miserable.

"Claude," said he, in tone as hollow as a naturally rich voice would permit, "I'm in a scrape!"

"Who is she?" was my conclusive but not strictly original reply.

"The daughter of a rich tradesman."

"Ah!"

He then related that from the first introduction he had loved Maude Heath, had proposed, and had been accepted. For a month life had been a paradise; then, while she was away, attending to a sick friend, he had attended a concert and had been completely (if temporarily) captivated by the beautiful face of a singer. How to meet Maude again he knew not, and in his difficulty he had sped to the old source of advice. Hearing the sound of the organ as he passed, and guessing that I was the performer, he had come straight in, with no previous call at my house.

The pleasure and surprise that Ned's appearance and narration caused me banished all thoughts of my dying relative, and when these did occur to my memory it wanted but a few minutes to 7. No time must be lost. What could be done? If I went home to introduce him I should lose the train. Suddenly the fact of our mutual resemblance flashed upon me. I should be away but a few hours. Why should he not take my place? All could be explained afterward. Hastily stating my position and giving my cousin a few necessary directions and a promise to talk matters over upon my speedy return, I vanished, and managed to spring into a carriage as the train moved off.

Ned, with a keen relish for a joke, had no objection to acting my part for a few hours, so, following my instructions, he locked the church door, left the keys at a neighboring house, and started down a long, dark lane, which I had described as a short cut to my diggings.

He had not proceeded far when suddenly three men sprang upon him from the hedge, one aiming a blow with a heavy stick which only just missed its mark. Now, Ned had always prided himself upon his hard hitting, and at this cowardly treatment he rose to the occasion. Planting his back against a tree, he displayed such vigor and science that one of the attacking party decamped. The other two fought desperately, but after a very lively five minutes Ned was left master of the situation, having as trophies of the battle a highly colored eye and several scratches.

He reached the house, but found, to his dismay, that the excitement of the struggle had effaced the landlady's name from his memory. He did not immediately require it, however, for so exact was his likeness to me that he passed to my rooms without exciting Mrs. Spaniel's suspicions.

Entering the sitting room, his first action was to examine the illuminated organ, and the dimensions of the damage alarmed him. Ten minutes' application of a cold knife blade proving no specific, he determined to procure a piece of beef. But how? That name would not return to him! He had a vague notion that it was in some way "doggie," so running mentally through a list of canine appellations, he at length fixed upon "Terrier." Yes, he felt sure that it was "Terrier."

Going to the top of the stairs, he hazarded:

"Mrs. Terrier?" No answer.

Couldn't it be that he had fixed upon the wrong name? Again he repeated his catalogue—puppy—greyhound—spaniel—terrier. He was prepared to swear that it was one of these two.

"Mrs. Spaniel!"

"Yes, sir." Ned breathed again.

"Could you oblige me with a beefsteak?"

"Well, sir, the fire has gone down. Howsomever, I'll soon make it up, sir."

"No; don't trouble. Mrs.—er—Ter—Mrs. Spaniel. I think I'll take it raw!"

"Raw, sir?" and the homely old soul began to ascend for further particulars, causing Ned to beat a retreat within the friendly shade of a reading lamp.

"The fact is, Mrs. Pup—Mrs. Spaniel, I've got a black eye, and a piece of raw beef is the best thing out, you know."

Upon further solicitation he lucidly explained that "When the lights were out the church was dark, and—er—"

"Oh, yes, sir, I understand; you hurt your eye on one of those nasty corners. Deary me, how dangerous, sir."

In five minutes he was ensconced in an armchair before the fire, his head a monument to the praise of home surgery.

Half an hour passed. Deep in his own reflections he heard not light feet ascending the stairs, and saw not a laughing face intent upon giving his a surprise. The first intimation that he received of a second presence was the twining of a pair of shapely arms about his neck and the imprinting of a soft kiss upon his forehead.

"Now, dear, I will not allow you to move! Mrs. Spaniel has told me all about your fearful accident," said a sweet, musical voice.

Disobeying the letter of the mandate, Ned brought his uninjured optic into play. Jupiter! Whom did he behold? None other than the girl who had made the sudden conquest at the London concert. Was he dreaming? No, no! he understood it all. The attraction must have been mutual

"Fairest angel, I little expected this pleasant visit."

"No, dear, I came back tonight instead of tomorrow. Mamma is district visiting down below, so I ran up to see you for a minute."

How she must love him!

Ned began to feel at home, and drawing her closer to him he whispered:

"My darling, you have never been absent from my thoughts since that concert."

"That was one of the happiest nights that I have ever spent. Oh! how cross Selsby Crooke was!"

"Was he, though?" said Ned, wondering who on earth Selsby Crooke happened to be.

She lingered but a moment and then departed, promising a longer visit next day with mamma, and steadily refusing to allow him to escort her even a step for fear that he should take cold in his poor, dear eye.

Left to himself, without the excitement of the fair visitor, Neds feelings were of a decidedly mixed character. Many things in the late interview puzzled him: her bold self-introduction, her familiarity, the mention of her parent. Added to this, Maude Heath's face would insist upon floating before him, and he fervently wished that his allegiance to her had never swerved.

* * * * * *

I arrived in London, and feeling hungry, was about to enter a West End confectioner's shop, when out tripped a handsome brunette. As soon as her eyes rested upon me her face lighted up with a joyous smile; and, after squeezing my hand in a most confiding manner, she linked her arm in mine and marched me, astonished and helpless, into the street.

"You are a dear darling to come and see me tonight; however did you know? But there, of course, you must have heard that my friend had recovered sufficiently to be moved to the seaside." And so she rattled on, detailing all her doings during the past week. For the first time in my life I rejoiced to find a woman an incessant talker. It gave me time to recover myself. I could get no word in, even edgeways, without being positively rude, and a certain dignity of mien forbade any treatment other than that of a gentleman to a lady.

At length came a lull, and my continued silence was noticed.

"Ned, darling, how quiet you are! Are you not pleased to meet me?"

Ned! Ned! Phew! My cousin's words immediately occurred to my mind: "A rich tradesman's daughter." I was mistaken for him. My companion was none other than the badly-treated Maude Heath. My heart warmed toward my future cousin. What should I do? To acknowledge the error would surely lead to an exposure of Ned's fickleness, and that I determined to prevent, feeling convinced that his new whim was but a passing fancy, and that a little judicious handling would cause him to return to his true love. No! I would not make myself known, but would watch my opportunity, leave her as soon as I decently could, and do my best for both of them.

For some minutes I contrived to generalize, but soon began to fear the worst. Fortunately, just as I was inwardly bidding adieu to my very last topic, her father appeared, and suddenly remembering—may I be forgiven!—that I had an important engagement with a friend leaving England (poor aunt!) I managed to tear myself away.

The midnight train took me back to B——, my sorrow at the loss of an almost unknown relation being considerably tempered by the fact that she had made me her heir. I had planned that, by rousing Ned's jealousy, his love should be restored to Maude.

Giving him a tremendous slap on the back as he rose to greet me, I roared, excitedly: "What do you think, old man? Have been to town—was introduced to a splendid girl, tall, dark, lovely eyes, hair of a queen—have fallen in love with her, she with me, spooned awfully, am engaged to be married—give me your hand!"

Ned, who had been writhing under the weight of my fist, stared in blank amazement.

"Who is she?"

"The daughter of a rich confectioner."

"Eh? What? Where?"

"Oxford street." Here I visibly cooled down and took a seat.

"You don't say so!" Ned began to show signs of anxiety and uneasily asked her name.

"Maude Heath!"

"What!" My cousin made a leap that any acrobat would envy, and standing over me with clenched hands and flashing eyes, he gasped: "Do you dare to say—why, man, she is the girl who, only a month ago, promised to be my wife!"

"That's a pity," I drawled. "It complicates matters, for, not being aware of that interesting fact, I've cut you out." Ned sank dejectedly into his chair and I continued: "By the way, I thought that you were in love with another lady. Here is a solution of the difficulty. You marry your new choice, I will marry Maude, and we will have a double wedding."

"No, hang me if I do! I love Maude, and no one else."

"Poor number two! But, really, I do not see how you can marry Maude when she is madly in love with me. Why, man, if you had seen her last night, with her arms around my neck, sobbing as though her heart would break at the thought of my departure, you would not——"

Ned could control himself no longer. Springing up he hissed:

"Do you mean to say that Maude Heath kissed you? I warn you Claude, that, though we have been as brothers, this woman will make us foes! I have seen the other girl, whom I was fool enough to fancy I loved. In fact, she came to see me, and I—"

"Came here to you?" I interrupted. "Who is she?"

By way of answer, he picked up and threw toward me a sketch at which he was engaged when I entered the room. "Who she is I neither know nor care, but that is her face."

"Great heavens, Ned! Do you say that she has been here?"

At the remembrance of his fairy visitor he had calmed down, and answered, quietly, "Oh, yes! We had an awfully interesting scene. She hugged and petted and fondled—"

He got no further. It was now my turn to confront my cousin with desperate rage, for the sketch before me was a rough but unmistakable likeness of Violet Duncan.

"Stop! Stop! I command you! Do not dare to utter another word of her! That girl is my betrothed!"

"Eh? What? Impossible! You should have heard her speak of the concert at which she first saw me. Most wonderful case of love at first sight!"

I made an angry dash at Ned, which brought us within the range of a large mirror, the reflection from which stopped my onward career, and Ned's eye following the direction of mine we exclaimed in one breath, "Alike as two peas!"

Strife was turned to laughter as we related the entanglements that our wonderful resemblance one to the other had caused. Only one matter needed explanation—Who were Ned's attackers?

In the corner of the church on the following Sunday sat two bosom friends of Selsby Crooke, each with a face more or less adorned with sticking plaster. Their astonished scowl when I appeared undamaged told me their secret. They had waylaid my return from church, but instead of meeting a comparatively weak opponent, they had caught a tartar in the person of my powerful cousin. We kept the knowledge to ourselves for Violet's sake.

There was a double wedding.—London Tit-Bits.

Debt of Honor.

It was at Charing Cross Station, where I called to make some inquiries and I knew her instantly, though she was veiled. She recognized me also, and returned my greeting with a warmth which I hope was not altogether due to the fact that I was able to extricate her from a human eddy in which she was entangled. I forgot all about the time table and turned back, delighted that the rush of the preoccupied crowd around us gave an excuse to keep her little silk-gloved hand upon my arm. She had been seeing Cousin Phil and his wife off, she said, and was now, I guessed, returning to the desolate house in Bloomsbury Square. The picture called up by the thought was so poignant that I proposed a visit to Westminster Abbey. She appeared a shade surprised—I certainly was myself—and then agreed with a little sigh, which plainly said, "As well there as anywhere else." But once she accepted my companionship by stepping into the handsom I called, she made, I could see, a distinct effort to take interest in the multi-colored life swirling by.

The abbey is the first place one thinks of visiting when one is away," she observed, "and yet, when one is at home, it so near that one keeps deferring the visit from day to day, and I am leaving town tomorrow. Papa meant—" She did not finish the sentence, but added, "It is so kind of you to give your time."

"I am a man of leisure," said I dryly.

"Papa was always in a hurry," she went on, and then stopped again. All roads of conversation led to her father, and death had written "No thoroughfare" across every one.

"Better wear out than rust out," said I considerately, "though the best of us but write their names on water after all. A very consoling reflection for the idlers."

"Yes, if everything ended here," she replied as the cab pulled up and the great gray temple loomed before us.

If time is duration set out by measure, my watch was of opinion that we spent two hours here. My consciousness, however, has nothing definite to say on the matter. "The endurance of all enduring things" not being painfully prominent. "Neither do I remember having shone among the tombs. On one thing at least I am quite clear. It was when we came out I was decidedly hungry; so, artfully piloting my charge past a restaurant, I suggested lunch.

Here again a lacuna occurs, for I have no distinct recollection of the earlier stages of the banquet save the other fact that her mode of eating and drinking forced me to make comparisons which would have brought me slowly to my senses had not the unforseen which has such a trick of happening done so with paralyzing promptitude.

Her little hunting watch had run down but the officious cuckoo belonging to the restaurant clock spoke so plainly that the young girl almost jumped from her chair.

"Oh Mr. Patterson" she cried "what shall I do? I was to call upon Mr. Turnbull—he is my guardian you know—about papa's will at half-past 2 and now it's a quarter past."

"Where does he live?" I asked.

"In the city" she replied despairingly, "and, oh, he is so precise, and there may be delays—you don't know him."

I did, having met him in his professional capacity some years before. when I was a witness for the defense.

"We'll drive there at once!" I cried royally, putting my hand in my pocket while she fumbled for her glove. Then an awful fact struck me; my purse was gone. I suppose my consternation got into my face, for I caught the eye of the polyglot waiter fixed upon me. He was tall, and I doubt not swift of foot, and as he smiled thinly I could see that he had lost one front tooth and all his illusions. I put my hat on and took it off again. At another time, in another place, the incident would have been merely laughable, but now, with her! I had been so blase, so mildly cynical! Oh, it was unthinkable! I moved toward the counter, which was near the door, shadowed by the waiter, who was mentally calling the police, and approaching the lady in charge, explained the situation. She was a German frau of spotless morals, and she listened calmly to my tale, the cold contempt of a narrow, literal nature glinting in her small eyes. The comedy of the situation did not strike her. She only saw that I had no money. "Dey pay, dose who eat here; dose are de rules," she reiterated, declining even to examine the ring I offered, "as a guarantee of good faith."

The waiter, who had been fielding in the immediate vicinity, advanced and asked me if I had lost anything. I inquired for the proprietor, but by some hideous ill luck he was not accessible. I saw Miss Langton, who had gone to the door, looking back, evidently surprised at the delay. Then the storm burst. The German was impenetrable; the waiter passed rapidly from legitimate doubt to open skepticism as I tendered my card, which was not a trump one, and seeing that we all talked together, the effect was very striking.

"Excuse me," remarked a thin, crisp voice, "it is a little trouble about the bill, is it not? Miss Langton, I shall be with you in a moment. Don't be alarmed."

Of course it was old Turnbull, who ought to have been miles away and had been lunching here, all the time instead. I bowed, he looked me in the face, and I understood that he remembered the last occasion on which we had met. I recalled his terrible "Now, upon your oath, sir," as I stood clutching the edge of the witness stand, a bit of court plaster over one eye.

"You are doubtless aware that Miss Langton is my ward?" he observed when he appeased the Teuton sphynx.

"I learned it," I replied. "Permit me to congratulate you."

"And you will also learn now," he retorted, shutting his pocketbook with a snap, "that I wish the acquaintance to end here."

"On what grounds?" said I.

"If on no other than that of the present—er—disgraceful scene, I should be justified," he answered, "but I forbid it on—ahem—higher grounds."

Then he began to talk "as one man of the world to another," about Arbuscula and her sisters. He was illogical, but convincing.

"What is the amount of the bill?" I asked shortly.

He handed me the receipted slip of paper. I put it in my pocket. He smiled sardonically, and gathering up his black bag went out to Miss Langton, while the waiter hailed a cab by whistling through his fingers in a most talented way.

Beyond the glass door I could see Turnbull talking to Miss Langton as she rearranged her veil. Some girls at an adjacent table put their heads together, whispering and tittering. The chariot pulled up at the sidewalk with a flourish, and Turnbull touched Miss Langton's arm. She made a step forward, but looked around and paused irresolutely. I instantly went to her, and taking the little warm hand she gave me pressed it to my lips.

"I am sorry you were inconvenienced," she said. "If I had only known"—and she actually laughed.

"I shall easily get over the recollection of the inconvenience in the recollection of the pleasure I have had," I replied.

She blushed.

"But why did you not tell me?" she murmured.

"It would have been commonplace," I replied. "I preferred to be a paladin, though a comic one."

"I don't think it comic at all," she replied, trying hard not to smile. "What stupid people!"

"Miss Langton, as this gent'eman is rather richer in time than I, perhaps he will excuse us if we economize," remarked Mr. Turnbull. "Here is the cab. Get in, please."

She threw me a bright look and went with him. Recollecting that I was without my hat, I returned for it and found on the ground hard by a little black silk glove. I picked it up, intending to return it, but when I reached the street the cab was already several yards away. Then the lawyer's talk came back to me with diabolical distinctness, and I said to myself that, after all, he was right. I went straight to my bankers, sent him the amount of the bill, answered a perfumed, badly spelled note I had received that morning, locked the glove with the photo away in a drawer and took the next train for Paris.—William Buckley in Black and White.

CAPT. BLAKE'S HOME COMING.

"It's you that's cruel, Teddy Blake!"

"Cruel, Nellie, dear—Nellie, you little Demon! Why, I wouldn't touch a hair of your head, barring the bit I want to cut off to carry with me to India, and you're teasing the life out of me with your contrariness, and making it much harder for me to go than even you dream of!"

"And what do you want to go for? Leaving your home and your regiment that you were so proud of, and the people that know you, and the girl"—here Miss Nellie breaks down with a little sob, and it is all Teddie can do to remember his promise to her father, and keep his two arms from going around her.

"And the girl—what?" he says huskily; for the life of him he can't resist that much.

"That was brought up with you and has been a sister to you all your life," chokes Nellie O'Malley.

"I'll tell you what it is, Nellie," the poor young soldier says, pulling himself together, and speaking much more severely than he feels, "you must try to understand my position, and then we'll say no more about it, if you please, once and for all. My uncle's dead (heaven rest his soul), and he's left the old place to me, but it's up to the chimney pots in debt and unless I let to this English fellow I'll never be able to clear it all my life. Then, if I don't exchange for India, I can't keep my place in the service at all; and besides, Nellie, with the old regiment quartered at Thomastown, it would be mighty hard for me to see another man fishing my salmon and shooting my birds and sitting in my chimney corner every day of the week, with his great ugly face looking over the pew at you on Sundays! I couldn't do it, Nellie, not even to remain near—near the friends I've known ever since I was a baby. So that's all about it, and you mustn't make it harder for me than I can bear—do you see?"

It was a good thing that Aunt Ellen called them into supper at this moment. Nellie had one of her teasing fits on her, trying by this means to hide her heartbreak at Teddy's departure, and her perversity tried poor young Blake sorely. He had promised her father, the rector, that he would not by word or act reveal his feelings toward her. They had been children together, almost brother and sister, for nearly twenty years, since Teddy first came to Moyliscallan, and this state of things must be maintained. Mr. O'Malley decided till Teddy's fortunes should bear closer and more satisfactory inspection. Perhaps a few years of Indian soldiering, while the old castle was let to a rich English tenant, might put the said fortunes on their feet; meanwhile, lingering in the old rectory garden was a dangerous occupation, and Aunt Ellen did wisely to ring the supper bell out of the window.

Presently the parting came. It was Sunday evening and the rectory kept early hours. Supper was over, and the O'Malleys were making their farewells to Teddy, the almost son of the house, for he had to get back to Thomastown that night and start for England next morning.

"There's something I want to take with me," he announced stoutly before them all, "a lock of your hair, Aunt Ellen, and another of Nellie's. You know you two are the only womenkind I have or ever have had. Give me each a bit of a curl and I'll have them put in a locket together and wear it on my chain, and you won't be sorry to think I've got it when I'm away from you."

He looked at the rector as he spoke. It was all open and above board, and the old gentleman nodded and reached down a pair of scissors from the mantelshelf, which he handed to his sister. Aunt Ellen cut her little lock carefully, as befits a lady of five-and-forty; whose hair is still abundant and ornamental, if not so bright as it has been. Nellie whisked her bunch of curls over her shoulder and snipped off a brown ringlet. Teddy twisted them together in his pocketbook and said, with a feeble attempt at a joke: "They'll go with me everywhere and bring me back to Moyliscallan. Don't let me find you've been, either of you, flirting with Strangways while I'm away or putting him in my place."

Then he kissed the two ladies as he had always done on great occasions, at New Year's or on birthdays, ever since he was three years old, shook hands with the rector twice over, and hurried away off to Thomastown and thence to India. And, oh, dear! it was dull at Moyliscallan without him!

Five years later Captain Edward Blake was coming home on sick leave. It had been a "near squeak," as he said himself. That wound on the head at the Burro Pass affair had set all Europe talking about him, but had nearly done for him all the same. Then came weeks of fever and the weary journey to Bombay; the relapse on the road, which, but for Mrs. Diamond's nursing, must have finished him; the almost miraculously-accomplished move on to shipboard, which the doctor allowed was an experiment of kill or cure.

And now he was steaming home as fast as the P. & O. Line could do it, and every day some fresh sense of power in mind or body was reborn to him: one day he could arrange his own pillows, the next he could read a few lines of The Times. A little later he asked Mrs. Diamond if she could find him paper and pencil, as he wanted to write a note "home." Life was worth living again with Moyliscallan drawing nearer day by day. Mrs. Diamond was a little widow lady who, since her husband's death, had been keeping house for a brother in the civil service. "The judge," as she called him, had fallen a victim to the charms of an eighteen-year-old school girl, fresh from England, and Mrs. Diamond's services were required no longer. Coming down country she had stumbled upon Teddy Blake, fever-stricken and virtualy alone, and it was undoubtedly to her care that he owed his recovery from the relapse, which had been worse than the original attack. She had deferred her own plans to the convenience of the patient, had superintended his transfer to the steamship from the Bombay hotel, which she had hardly dared to hope he would leave alive, and was a witness of his convalescence on board ship, as day by day his strength and spirits returned. So it was not wonderful that Teddie turned to her for paper and pencil on the very first occasion that he felt he could scrawl a line, and imperiously demanded that he be allowed to write "to his people."

"Are you sure you can do it?" Mrs. Diamond asked, producing the writing board, but not giving it over to him unconditionally.

"Quite sure—that is, not a bit of it—but I'll try."

"I thought you said you had nobody belonging to you?"

"No more I have—no real relations—but an adopted family that is the dearest in the world—not a mere accident of birth like the other people's families. I must write them just a few words to say I'm alive and coming home, and I'll be ready when an opportunity comes for posting it, though it can't reach Moyliscallan more than an hour or two before I do myself."

"Moyliscallan," repeated Mrs. Diamond, "what do you know of Moyliscallan? I've only heard of the place for the first time a month ago, and now it turns up again!"

"It's my home," Blake said, painfully scrawling the date at the top of his sheet of paper. "The castle belongs to me, only I've never been able to live in it yet. My people live at the rectory—it is to Mr. O'Malley, the rector, that I'm writing. And what did you hear about Moyliscallan, the sweetest place on all the earth?"

"Why," cried Mrs. Diamond, excitedly, "this is the oddest thing! My cousin, George Strangways, rented the castle from some one years ago—from you it appears—and now he is engaged, married probably by this time, to one of the rector's girls, Ellen O'Malley, a daughter, I suppose, of the very old gentleman you're writing to! I had the letter just before I met you at Rahmednugar, and had scarcely given it a thought since."

One of the rector's girls!

Teddy Blake had seen death glaring at him from a wall of black Afghan faces; he had looked fever in the eyes more than once, but he had never known what despair meant till Marcia Diamond told him her little story of odd coincidences sitting on the steamship deck, half way through their homeward voyage. For a moment he repeated the words, "Ellen O'Malley; there is only one daughter at the rectory!" and Mrs. Diamond, whose eyes were on the silk sock she was knitting, went on cheerfully: "then that's the girl. I do not hear from George Strangways direct; the news come through my brother, but of course it is the same—the young lady at the rectory. Fancy old George succumbing to the Irish girl's fascinations after going all over the habitable globe unscathed till now!"

"Is he a good fellow?" Teddy asked.

Something in his voice made Mrs. Diamond give a swift glance at her companion, and in that glance she understood everything.

"He is a very good fellow," she answered, a little more seriously than she had hitherto spoken: "any girl will be happy and tenderly treated by him, though he is an elderly man—fifty-five, I should think—and a little eccentric and old-fashioned in his ways. You will find letters telling you all about it when you reach England, you may be sure. Don't you think you had better let me take that writing board downstairs again? It will be time enough to write when there is a chance of posting your letter."

He let her lift the writing things away, only putting out a feeble hand to crumple up the sheet on which he had begun his letter. Then he lay back with his eyes shut, and her inet took her a little apart, for the struggle which he had to go through now must be fought out alone. By and by his servant came and helped him downstairs, and Mrs. Diamond saw him again no more that day.

"Poor, poor lad—if I could only have saved him from such a blow!" she kept saying over and over again to herself, "but those wretched coincidences are too strong for us."

* * *

Moyliscallan woods in September: How often Teddy Blake had pictured his home coming through the green glades that stretched between the castle and the rectory. Those sylvan aisles were the rallying place of his favorite dreams, for did not Nellie cross them day by day, and would it not be here that he would bring her to tell her the secret which he thought she must have guessed long ago, Rector O'Malley would let him speak at last, for the long waiting had borne its fruit in recouping the Blake coffers, while Teddie knew that the Burro Pass affair, of which he himself thought and spoke so modestly, was not likely to be forgotten when his name came up at the Horse Guards. A thousand times he had gone over all this in imagination, fingering, meanwhile, the little flat locket that hung at his watch chain—and now—and now, he was creeping back to Moyliscallan like a thief having given no word of warning either to the rector or to his agent at the castle—creeping home lest to see Nellie's face again once more and to go away anywhere and die. He was still weak and wan from the fever. Mrs. Diamond had tried hard to persuade him to remain a little time in London for a consultation with a first rate doctor, but the determination to see Nellie at Moyliscallan once more was the only desire that remained to him in life, and till it was accomplished his shrewd little friend saw that there was no good talking or anything else. So he had hurried over to Ireland, and had reached Thomastown the evening before. Today he had taken a car over to the village (in the old days it was the shortest and pleasantest four miles ever known), and leaving the driver asleep in the sun at the cross roads had turned into the wood that is a short cut to the principal houses in the parish. He had no very definite idea of the plan to pursue. Now that he had reached his journey's end, it seemed as if all power had left him. Perhaps somewhere among the trees, crossing the castle grounds to the rectory side, he should see Nellie passing by, and he would slip down upon his knees among the fern and look at her—George Strangways's wife—and—oh, this faintness! Merciful God! is that Nellie?

"Teddie, is it really you?"

Teddie was on the moss stretched flat, save that Nellie's arm was under his head, Nellie's little bare, sunburned hand unfastened his collar—he could only look and smile. The green Moyliscallan leaves overhead, dancing against the blue, Nellie's face was very close, and he thought he must be in heaven.

"How could you come like this and take us by surprise, and you so ill, Teddie?" the girl went on reproachfully. "If I hadn't been going across to the castle this morning early, and come on you lying here in a heap—"

"Going across to the castle?" Teddie found tongue to utter, his eyes on Nellie's left hand. "Don't you live at the castle now altogether?"

"And what should I go and live at the castle for, when I have a good home of my own intruding on newly married people, as if I didn't know better? Besides Aunt Ellen isn't back from her honeymoon yet, and Uncle George—what, are you able to sit up? Take care or you'll—"

She could not finish the sentence, for Captain Blake was sitting up with a vengeance, and to steady himself he had got his arm around her waist.

"So you never thought of Aunt Ellen?" said Nellie by and by; "well, you wouldn't have been an Irishman if you hadn't made a mistake somewhere! Only if you'd ever seen Uncle George I don't think you'd have doubted me. Teddie dear, Oh, they have been so funny courting one another these five years! and if I hadn't been so well amused I think I must have died, for you kept me a long time waiting without a word!"—Boston, England, Guardian.

WOMAN AT THE BANK.

It Is Hard to Give Them Pointers on Doing Business.

There is nothing which shows modern woman's ability to take care of herself more than the way she handles a bank account and the number of the sex who are acquiring the proprietorship of one. A person has only to stand for a few minutes in one of the down-town banks to have ocular demonstration of the change that is taking place in the complexion of its depositors.

It is now the commonest thing to see a young woman gowned in the height of fashion, and looking as if the thought of nothing more serious than a pink tea or a season of grand opera had ever occurred to her, step up to one of the desks provided for the accommodation of customers, draw a check book from her reticule, coolly and collectedly gather up one of those ancient pens which have borne the weight of the fists of world known financiers and write in the most nonchalant and accustomed manner a check for the amount which she feels she will need.

One can easily see that it is a complete departure from the old idea. She does not take out a crumpled check after an infinite deal of fumbling in half a dozen places. She is not bound hand and foot by any unchangeable sum that some almoner of the opposite sex has grudgingly decided upon. It is an entirely impromptu affair. One may easily be quite certain of this, for she frequently gently bites the end of her pencil or nats her forehead with it, while she puts the neatest imaginable columns of figures on the reverse side of a blotter.

But being wholly at liberty and upon her own resources does not worry her in the least. She is perfectly self possessed and peculiarly at ease in her surroundings. The comic paper writer's notion of a woman's action when she gets in a bank are shown to be thoroughly inaccurate and a complete travesty on truth. She does not go up to the receiving teller, bookkeeper or president to get her checks cashed. She does not endorse negotiable paper across the face or on the back an eighth of an inch from the top. On the contrary, she complies with whatever business forms there are in a manner that would endear her to the heart of the most methodical and finicky business man. And the best of it is that with all this facility she does not lose her femininity a bit.

WHEN THE BOYS COME HOME FROM WAR.

There's a happy time coming,
When the boys come home.
There's a glorious day coming,
When the boys come home.
We will end the dreadful story
Of this treason dark and gory
In a sunburst of glory,
When the boys come home.

The day will seem brighter,
When the boys come home,
For our hearts will be lighter,
When the boys come home.
Wives and sweethearts will press them
In their arms and caress them,
And pray God to bless them,
When the boys come home.

The thinned ranks will be proudest,
When the boys come home,
And their cheer will ring the loudest,
When the boys come home.
The full ranks will be shattered,
And the bright arms will be battered,
And the battle standards tattered,
When the boys come home.

Their bayonets may be rusty,
When the boys come home,
And their uniforms dusty,
When the boys come home.
But all shall see the traces
Of battle's royal graces
In the brown and bearded faces,
When the boys come home.

Our love shall go to meet them,
When the boys come home,
To bless them and to greet them,
When the boys come home:
And the fame of their endeavor,
Time and change shall not dissever
From the nation's heart forever,
When the boys come home.

—John Hay.

There are two or three political wrecks in Nebraska, whom the Populists desire to raise, and, in the absence of other air bags, they are crying aloud for the return of Bryan.

PEOPLE AND THINGS.

It now appears that William Jennings Bryan will be unable to take part in this year's political campaign, unless he resigns from the army, for his regiment, the Third Nebraska, is a portion of the Seventh Army Corps, which, under General Lee, is to be assigned to garrison duty in Cuba.

Miss Marie Parcello, the concert singer, reported as one of the drowned passengers of the steamship Bourgogne, has turned up at her New York studio, very much alive. She says she has been on a yachting trip ever since before the Bourgogne went down, though she will not tell where or with whom.

Charles E. Doone's leg was badly torn by what appears to have been a shark, while he was in bathing at Prince's Bay, Staten Island, last Sunday. The marks of teeth are plainly visible. This recalls the fact that a prominent New Yorker made an offer of $500 some years ago for any evidences of man-eating sharks north of Cape Hatteras.

Prince George of Prussia is trying to have produced in Paris "Mlle. Esther," a comedy written by him in the French language. The Prince is an old man and has not been in Paris for thirty years, but the play is pronounced so good that it would undoubtedly be accepted were it not for the rank and nationality of its author.

Senator Mason was one of a delegation that visited Colonel Roosevelt at Oyster Bay day before yesterday, and asked the returned warrior to "open the campaign" by making the first speech in Illinois. There is, in the reports of his visit, a certain indefiniteness as to what campaign is intended which is significant. It does not appear either that the colonel refused to accept the invitation. Possibly the Rough Riders will not have to reside in New York to vote for their commander.

John Caton, a civil war veteran of Rutland, Vermont, enlisted under the call for troops for the present war, and soon after his pension of $6 a month was stopped. Some of his friends are now raising a row about this, but so far as the brief report of the affair goes, it appears that the officers who mustered Caton in were guilty of negligence, or that Caton, previous to the stopping of his pension, was obtaining money under false pretences.

When some prominent people of Massachusetts took supplies and delicacies to Camp Wikoff for the sick volunteers, a few days ago, General Young said, when the party went to thank him for courtesies: "In all this splendid generosity the regular has been neglected. He has seen the volunteers loaded with delicacies and he has been ignored. Now, ladies and gentlemen, remember the regular soldier. Give some of your bounty to him. He deserves it." The Massachusetts people took the supplies to the regulars the next day, and the affair had the effect of causing General Wheeler to be authorized by the War Department, without the usual red tape, to purchase needed supplies at once.

Some Ohio politicians believe the rumor that John R. McLean, owner of the Cincinnati Enquirer, is to supersede Alger as Secretary of War, as published by the Cincinnati Times-Star. The Enquirer was an out-and-out supporter of Bryan and free silver in the last Presidential campaign and its owner was a prominent candidate for the nomination of Vice President on the Democratic ticket, but there are those who point out that such an appointment would be the very thing to help dispose of the silver issue in the next campaign. Other politicians denounce the story as absurd, and Mr. McLean denies it.

Too Much.

"Do you see that tall girl with the fluffy brown hair, over there?"

"The one with the pink roses in her bodice?"

"Yes. She knows French, German, Latin, and Greek, besides English, and she took the honors of her class when she was graduated a few weeks ago."

"Pshaw, that can't be right. There must be some mistake. Why, that girl is actually beautiful!"—Cleveland Leader.

Massachusetts people have been paying $2.50 apiece for sparrows painted in imitation of canary birds. Nutmegged again!